THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

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FIRST EDITION

For later telegraphic and local news see Second Edition.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

At the Opera house Saturday the musical burlesque Prince Pro Tem was given two fine performances by the original company, and special scenery used at the Boston Museum. Orchestrally and vocally the piece was sung way up to expectations and of the cast each character received a most flattering reception. Fred Lennox as Tommy Tompkins and Josie Sadler as Wild Rosy were really the stars of the piece and their eccentricities were very clever. Miss Fanny Johnstone was as sweet as ever while Annie Lewis was greeted as warmly as when Kitty Starlight in the Dazzler.

"Coon Hollow." Tonight.

This is a new drama and the story is laid in a romantic glen in Tennessee. The story is based on fact and the author has worked in some true incidents to make a strong portrayal. In addition there are some sensational effects in scenery, including a historic steamboat race on the Mississippi and a cotton compress at work. Coon Hallow will be given tonight and tomorrow night.

The Guv'nor.

George Wilson is one of the best known New England comedians, and this fact is attested to by his engagement to succeed Denman Thompson in the Old Homestead. Wilson is a genius and has created among other roles that of Mr. Stoddart of Palmer, James Lewis of Daley's and William Herbert of Crane's company. His present comedy success, the Guv'nor, booked for Wednesday night is worth seeing.

Other Coming Events.

Stoddard will tell us about Switzerland, the beautiful Alps and the home of the referendum, on Thursday evening, and Sowing the Wind will follow on Friday and Saturday.

At Music Hall.

The Rice comedy company presenting Pauline Parker as the Wild Rose, is a border drama, will be this week's bill. The charming comedienne will be supported by an excellent company and the performances will be sure to please.

PERSONAL.

Miss Margaret E. Lockhart is ill of typhoid fever.

Mrs. Colby, wife of Rev. J. S. Colby, is seriously ill at her home in Marlboro, N. H.

Mr. John Wood Blodgett of Grand Rapids, Mich., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Cumnock of Belmont avenue.

Mr. Minot Osgood Simons, who has accepted the call to the Billerica Unitarian church, will marry Rev. M. J. Savage's second daughter, the 18th inst.

Mrs. Edward J. Noyes and Mrs. Watson A. Dickinson chaperoned a party of young girls attending Prince Pro Tem at the Opera house Saturday afternoon.

The Younger Set Entertained.

Mrs. Darracott's ball in Runel's building was the scene of a pretty party Saturday evening. The second of a series of four subscription parties given by a number of young people was held. Mrs. Dr. Irish and Mrs. E. J. Noyes were the matrons and about forty young people were present. A. W. Thompson and E. B. Noyes managed the affair. During the evening light refreshments were served by the D. L. Page Co.

LOCAL NOTES.

Now is the time to buy stoves cheap at J. J. Gaynor & Co.'s, 35 Prescott street. Call and examine.

The proceeds of the coming bazaar in No. Billerica is to be devoted to paying the debt upon the building of the Mathew Temperance institute.

The acorn from which grew the tree at the corner of Seventh and Reed streets, was brought from Windsor castle by Mrs. Tucke, mother of Hon. E. M. Tucke.

Green is not selling out, but is selling watches, jewelry, silverware, clocks, pianos, organs and sewing machines less than selling out prices. Repairing watches and jewelry as well and cheaper than any house in Lowell. Green's, 88 Merrimack street.

Vote the straight democratic ticket from top to bottom.

Women to Study Sociology.

Rev. George Batchelor spoke to Middlesex Woman's club Saturday afternoon, an introduction to Sociology.

Democrats vote early.

Crushed His Fingers.

Daniel McCaffrey, residing on Concord street and employed by the Locks & Canals company had his fingers crushed while at work in the Prescott canal yesterday. Dr. Leary dressed the wound.

Warrant Will Be Issued.

It is stated on good authority that a warrant will be issued for the arrest of the woman who attempted to set fire to St. Andrew's church in North Billerica yesterday. The alleged incendiary is a widow named O'Brien. The fire kindled in one corner of the church was extinguished by Rev. Fr. Guillard with snow.

CHRISTMAS

Presents of money to England, Ireland and Scotland for Christmas at the Money Order Office, 324 Market Street corner of Worthen, payable at any bank in England, Ireland, and Scotland.

James F. O'Donnell,

Agent, Lowell, Mass.

Cor. of Worthen and Market Sts.

DR. WALKER DENTIST Wymans Exchange

MILLER BEATEN

His Supporters Resort to Desperate Methods.

Speak-easy Keepers Will Support Miller in Lieu of Protection.

The Liberal Republicans Are Opposed by the A. P. A. Ring as Unfit to be Trusted.

The Mail Tries to Prove Democratic Pledge Against Redistriction Worthless—Unauthorized Signatures to Millerite Circular—Efforts to Set French Against Irish—Other Matters.

The Mail this morning endeavors to spread alarm among republicans on the ground that the pledge given by the democratic candidates for mayor and aldermen means nothing and that if elected they will redistrict the city nevertheless, so that their defeat would afterwards be practically an impossibility. This is an insult to every man who signed that pledge from Mr. Courtney down.

It is against redistriction and means that if elected, the men whose names are signed to that pledge will vote against redistricting the city.

But there is no pledge given by the other side. They are chafing to get into office to effect a scheme of redistriction which would keep the Millerites, not the republicans, in office for years.

What is the difference between the Millerites and the republicans?

The difference is this: The republicans have lived here and conducted their party organization since the war; but a lot of immigrants who have been organized under various names such as the British Americans, Orangemen and other significant titles have all banded together in a secret oath bound society known as the A. P. A. the purpose of which is two fold. The first object is to secure public office by any means foul or fair, the second to persecute Catholics.

This was never a part of the republican policy and therefore it is that even democrats regret the capture and subordination of decent fair minded republicans by a lot of usurpers, office grabbers and fanatical disturbers. When the old time republicans who have fought and won dozens of campaigns went to the recent caucuses, they found the officers in charge a lot of unknowns. Such men as Hon. C. D. Palmer, L. T. Trull, Louis Kileski and dozens of others equally prominent could not recognize the checkers or counters. Kileski could not get elected as a delegate to the state convention, and at the subsequent caucus such men as McPhail who has yet to cast his first vote in a municipal contest, were chosen for the city committee.

A Ward Four republican says he has attended every caucus for ten years past and could easily recognize the identity of the officers in charge until the last state and municipal caucuses when the "unknowns" were on deck. So it was in Wards Three, Two and One.

The liberal republicans are driven out and the A. P. A. have captured their organization together with the results of their years of labor and expenditure. These usurpers are an impecunious crowd because they have been around begging for money from the very men they ousted from control of the party.

Will anybody doubt that if the Miller ticket were elected none but Millerites would be appointed to office or employed in the departments? Would a liberal republican be nominated by Miller? We can only judge from the grab-all policy of the A. P. A. They would not have an official who would treat Catholics fairly.

Why have they opposed Greenhalge, Palmer, Kileski Trull, Hutchinson and men of that stamp?

Because these men have right views of politics of citizenship and are disposed to be fair towards all good citizens. The Millerites have no use for such men.

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Do not cut your ticket; vote straight.

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The eve of battle. Democrats get ready for the fray.

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The liberal republicans are honorable men and brave compared to the Millerites.

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We want peace, concord and harmony in every portion of the community not social war. Vote the democratic ticket. It stands for economy, liberality and progress.

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The Milo club took its name from Miller, the old tables, beer kegs and jail birds were brought into requisition in the interest of the Miller ticket and under the immediate direction of William F. Hills candidate for alderman. That is the ticket which is proclaimed as respectable by the prohibitionists.

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Tomorrow Mr. Courtney will receive a vote that will astonish him. He will be elected with a solid majority.

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The aldermanic ticket is popular. Some men may be cut; but democrats should vote the whole ticket this year. Democrats will show their real strength for once in electing not only Courtney for mayor but also in rolling up pluralities for the aldermanic candidates.

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The cheap political clubs are endeavoring to bleed candidates these days. Frank B. Dow kicked an alleged committee representing such a club out of his store.

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A bet of $200 to $100 against Tinker's election is the chief money put up on the A. P. A. ticket. It is impossible to get any Miller money in the city. It must have been all paid out to beer clubs and jail birds to be used as repeaters. Democrats should be on the alert for such evidences of A. P. A. loyalty.

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Will the French citizens swallow the A. P. A. bluff tomorrow. The Millerites have made promises to the French that will never be fulfilled and the latter are credulous enough to believe that the opposition of the darklanternites is directed only at Irish Catholics. They want to down the latter first. That done they could easily bamboozle the French.

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A ward three liquor dealer is authority or the statement that a man in his business in that ward cannot say his soul is his own on account of the pressure brought to bear by the chief of police in the interest of Sparks. "We are obliged to say we'll vote for him rather than incur the enmity of a man who, if he sets about it, can find a case of some kind against almost every liquor dealer in the city. But Chief Davis will not follow the voters into the polling booth." That is the state of affairs in Ward Three and the situation in Ward Six is said to be similar.

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The aldermanic nominees on the democratic ticket deserve the loyal support of every democrat and every republican. They are men of experience and business capacity. Dow, Johnson, Roach Gordon, Bagley, Peirce, Conway are all eminently respectable men and should be elected.

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The councilmanic contest in Ward Five is important. George E. Leavitt, Fred Labarge, Edward J. Carroll and William J. Dunn are the nominees. They are four of the very brightest young men in the ward; they are good democrats, men of character and ability. By voting for them you will vote for the best interests of Ward Five and the city at large.

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'Tis Courtney for mayor
I hear them declare,
And Joe Miller they say
Will remain selling hay
At the very same stand
Till the weal of our land
Or the little red school
Calls for A. P. A. rule;
When two suns give us light,
Or two moons rule the night
When young Liberty's dead
Or to Tyranny wed;
When we're weary of peace
And our woes we'd increase,
When we long to be riven in twain
Then we'll nominate Miller again.

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Since the republican papers began the desperate job of getting up a race fight between the French and Irish voters, their contemptible ingenuity has been severely taxed for material. They have fallen foul of the street department and claim that democrats and Irish Catholics have driven off all the French Catholics from the pay rolls, and they cannot express their horror of such conduct. It is almost too bad to spoil this pretty story; but the fact remains that the street committee this past two years has been made up almost exclusively of American Protestants. These gentlemen ought to have done something, but they didn't. Indignation six days before election is somewhat late and comes with a bad grace, especially from the Mail that has been blackguarding the Catholics this many a day. The Citizen and Courier tell the yarn very clumsily.

Suppose the French voters ask questions of these papers that love them on election day and abuse them the rest of the year.

Editor Bayles of the Citizen is chairman of the republican board of health and his superintendent, Mr. Bates, is a republican. Will Mr. Bayles please tell us how many French voters he has working in his department? Will he take an affidavit that he has one? When he gets through doing that he can attend to the street department.

The republican press must have a very low estimate of the intelligence of our French citizens when it endeavors to convince them that the A. P. A. as represented by the Miller ticket is solicitous for the welfare and prosperity of every French voter and willing to exchange jobs for votes. They want the votes and will promise the jobs, but if elected they would oppose all Catholics alike.

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The republicans yesterday issued a circular calling for support of the Miller ticket. It was signed by some prominent republicans and to flatter the French citizens a number of their names were among the signers but without their authority. P. A. Brousseau emphatically asserts that he did not gave his name to such a circular. Sam Renaud says he knew nothing of it and is indignant to see his name signed to a circular recommending the Miller ticket. He sent word to W. F. Courtney that his signature was forged. Dr. Schiller it is understood knew nothing of the circular until he got a copy of it bearing his name.

Michael Jodoin denied that he had given anybody authority to sign his name to a republican circular. The circular represents the signers as large taxpayers headed by Fred Ayer but two thirds of the French republicans named pay only a poll tax.

Laporte who is recognized as the only French member of the A. P. A. in Lowell is out with Constantineau for Miller but they cannot control the French vote. They have represented to the Millerites that they could control the French vote and received promises of reward after election in case the Millerites should win. Both are in the contest for selfish motives.

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It is stated on good authority than an East Merrimack street business man generally supposed to be a democrat is out for Miller. Protection for a speak easy is the expected reward.

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There should be a thousand volunteer team to convey voters to the polls tomorrow. All who have teams to furnish should notify Chairman Pearson of the city committee or Henry F. Courtney at the Mansur block tonight at farthest.

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A. G. Thompson has set out to defeat one of the democratic nominees for the council in Ward Six. He has a big contract on his hands but he is using every kind of bluff to win votes. It is stated that John E. Sullivan is the man marked out to be cut, but that is a reason why the voters should rally to his support. Vote solidly for Curtin, Riley, O'Day and Sullivan, and Thompson will not be "in it" when the votes are counted.

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The democrats of Ward Three, the Gibraltar of democracy, have a duty to perform not only in giving loyal support to the democratic candidates for mayor and aldermen; but also in voting to a man for the councilmanic candidates, Joseph H. Gormley, James F. Miskella, Patrick F. Delehanty and Timothy J. Reynolds. They are all good men and democrats who can be trusted to stand by their party and for the interests of the city in the city council.

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We nominate Rev. Hugh Montgomery to officiate at the funeral of the Millerites tomorrow night. He deserves the distinction.

If you wish to be sent for to vote, leave notice at Democratic headquarters.

AN INSANE WOMAN.

Attempts to Set Fire to St. Andrew's Church at North Billerica.

A woman residing near St. Andrew's church, North Billerica, attempted to set fire to that edifice, yesterday afternoon, and Fr. Guillard O. M. I. telephoned to Lowell and the police were notified. Her name is withheld, as it is believed she was laboring under mental aberration. The Lowell police communicated with Constable Livingston in regard to the case. The discovery was made by the sexton and his wife as they were closing the church.

An Item of Interest.

It is not generally known that the Lakeview line was one of the first long electric lines to be installed, if not the longest in the country up to the date of its opening.

Democrats vote early.

2 O'CLOCK

RABID AND VULGAR.

Was the Prevailing Opinion of Mr. Montgomery's Addresses at No-license Rallies.

Two "no-license" rallies were held within the past 48 hours, both called by Rev. Hugh Montgomery, and managed by him. Neither in Huntington hall Saturday night nor yesterday afternoon was there a big attendance.

The rallies were characterized by indecent, vulgar language by Mr. Montgomery in his attempt to picture the degradation into which a drunkard falls.

The arguments advanced by W. H. Ward, A. L. Russell and Rev. Dr. Court were of the same tenor as used previously and repeatedly at no-license rallies. Rev. Mr. Blaisdell of Lewiston, Me., also spoke.

There were fully 50 ladies in the hall yesterday, and the word pictures drawn by Mr. Montgomery must have disgusted them for it did a SUN reporter who is more accustomed to disagreeable sights and sounds.

It was a surprise also yesterday to have religion and an attack on the Catholic church interjected into a no-license rally and as a result Mr. Montgomery's address wound up in a big hiss on the part of the audience.

Of the many no-license rallies held in Lowell no previous one was marked by such deplorable incidents.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Coons defeated the Reuben Glues on the Highland club alleys, Saturday night, and defended their claim to the famous punch bowl presented by Abe Wheeler. The Coons were attired in minstrel show costumes, while their downcast cousins donned the overalls and jumper. The first string put the Glues 23 to the good, but they weakened on the next two and the Coons had a walk-over, 2325 to 2152.

After the game Abe Wheeler entertained the teams at his home, and the prizes were awarded as follows: To John W. Anderson for the highest three string total, a bottle of Mumm's extra dry; to the same Anderson as captain of the winners, a tin trumpet with which to rejoice over the victory; to A. H. Morton for the lowest three strings, a bottle of milk to grow strong on; to J. A. Pevey, who had the highest single string, a tin medal; to Herb. Webster, manager of the beaten team, five beets on a string; and to the handsomest bowler, Galer, a decorated pumpkin.

The Dorchester Centrals visited the Vesper club alleys Saturday evening and were beaten by a picked team of Vesper boys. Hood bowled 570 the highest score of the evening, and which is within 9 pins of the alley record. The score was 2457 to 2368.

POLICE COURT.

Hadley, J.

Thirty-two drunks.

Twenty were released and the others fined.

William Rule, a dirty appearing person, was found guilty of being a vagrant. The court sent him to Bridgewater for six months.

"I have the rheumatism badly, your honor."

"Well, there are good physicians at the state farm. There are also excellent bathing facilities, and a good bath is good for some cases of rheumatism," replied the court.

George Geoffray, a stubborn child, was sent to the reformatory.

If you wish to be sent for to vote, leave notice at Democratic headquarters.

QUESTIONS ABOUT MOODY.

He Has an Uncle in This City and Visited Lowell 25 Years Ago.

The question has been freely asked if Mr. Moody ever visited Lowell before. He was here 25 years ago just about the time the Y. M. C. A. was being organized. To his first meeting he sent an invitation to Gen. Butler and Dr. J. C. Ayer and they responded. Mr. Frederick Holton of Pawtucket street, is an uncle to Mr. Moody.

Another query to be answered is that Mr. Bliss, a revivalist, was killed in a railroad horror and not Mr. Sankey who is still preaching, and who is on the staff of the Christian Herald.

DEATHS.

MILNES—Emma J., aged 27 years, wife of Frederick J. Milnes, died yesterday at her home, 78 Newhall street. Deceased was the daughter of Patrick and Catherine F. Fox, who together with her husband and three brothers, one of whom is Officer Frank Fox, and three sisters, survive her. The funeral services will be held at the Sacred Heart church.

CONANT—Charles F. Conant, who for many years was employed by the U. S. & C. Express company, and later the American Express company, was found dead in the St. Cloud hotel, Saturday afternoon. Heart disease was probably the cause of death. He was a son of A. E. Conant.

McManmon, florist, Prescott & Merr'k sts

Sunday Evening Addresses.

The Reform club held its regular Sunday evening meeting last evening. There were addresses by President Bowers and Past Presidents Joy and Ring.

Concert at the Highland Club.

The Symphony orchestra gave a delightful concert at the Highland club last evening, assisted by Mr. Frederick R. Burton, baritone, of Boston.

A Young Jew Missing.

The police were informed Saturday night that Maurice Efours, 24 years old, of Jewish descent, had been missing from his home on Grand street for about a week.

Fr. Emery Comes to Lowell.

Rev. Fr. Emery, O.M.I., formerly of the Sacred Heart church and who was transferred to mission work at San Antonio, Texas, has been re-transferred to St. Joseph's church in this city.

Postal Work Rushing.

Owing to the pressure of mail matter superinduced by flooding the city with campaign literature nearly the entire postal force was at work yesterday.

Look Out for Thieves.

It is reported that during the past week a snatch thief has made four attempts to steal pocketbooks from ladies on Bridge street near the bridge.

HOW TO KEEP A BATH ROOM.

Keep Disease Away From This Much Used Room.

In the first place, a sponge is by no means a fit article to use in taking a bath. It is the plumber's best friend, and those who value perfection in their plumbing have none of it.

The sponge, especially after it has been used a short time, is continually shedding little particles of itself. These lodge in the pipes, and in many cases attach themselves to little rough places on the inside.

A good huck towel, with a comfortably wide hem, securely stitched on the sewing machine so that no linty edges are exposed, is quite as agreeable to many people as a sponge. In all bathrooms there should be kept standing a suitable vessel with a quantity of disinfectant. This should be poured through all the pipes and allowed to remain long enough to do its work. Many persons object to potash, and these will find copperas or a strong solution of sal soda the next best means of keeping up to an improved sanitary standard. Hot water, judiciously used, is a good thing, but to have this perfectly safe the plumbing must be good, else the joints, by long continued heat, may become slightly softened. Much of the solder that is used melts at a very low temperature and cannot be trusted to hold a long continued stream of water that is at boiling point.

The bathroom should have an outside window and fresh air wherever it is possible to admit it. In summer a slatted or Venetian blind should be provided so that the window may remain open, except in case of storm. Few things are more disagreeable than a stuffy bathroom, one where the odors of sewer gas and soggy, decaying wood are evident. To avoid this there must be no leaks in the pipes or faucets, and the joints must be carefully looked after.

How to Stop the Creaking of Shoes.

Creaking shoes are an intolerable nuisance, yet with some shoes it is almost impossible to prevent it. For such pour a small quantity of linseed or sweet oil upon a flat surface, like a platter, and allow the soles of the shoes to stand in the oil overnight. In that way they will not only lose the squeak, but will become saturated with the oil, making them proof against dampness. Another cure may be effected by taking them to a cobbler and having one or two pegs driven into the center of the soles.

How to Move a House.

An American engineer tells how to move great brick edifices any distance without injury or danger, having once moved a hotel in Chicago after raising it 15 feet on new bricks. This moving did not even arrest business in the office of the hotel, as it only moved a foot an hour:

"In preparing a house for removal the earth is first all dug away from the foundation, and colossal balks of oak about a couple of feet thick are slipped underneath after some of the bricks have been removed, and then rollers are put underneath the timber. If the house is at all rocky, it is bound up with hoop iron, and sometimes I have to take out the brick interior walls and rig up lighter ones. Lath and plaster are all right. The bricks naturally strain a bit, and in consequence of this the doors and windows are left open, and all the heavy furniture is removed.

"The whole concern is hitched up to half a dozen sound wire cables and drawn along by a capstan over wooden planks well greased with soft soap to reduce the friction, and, as a rule, it moves about a foot an hour. The rollers, beams—everything is left under the domicile when it reaches its destination and is bricked in out of sight. I once shifted a house of mine more than 20 miles without taking it to pieces. It was a summer house, and I put it on a cart. But, seriously, 50 or 100 feet is the average."

How to Make Claret Punch.

Mix thoroughly claret and old whisky in the proportion of half a gallon of the former to a pint of the latter. Sweeten to taste by mixing the sugar with a little water before it comes in contact with the alcohol. Chop a fresh pineapple into small pieces and put juice and all into the punch. Set the mixture on the ice for at least three hours before using. Serve a portion of the pineapple with each glass.

How to Make Breaded Fish.

Take a half pint of dried bread crumbs, 1½ teaspoonfuls of salt, a sixth of a teaspoonful of pepper, an egg, 2 pounds of any kind of fish, fat for frying. Have the fish free from skin and bones and cut it into pieces. Season it with the salt and pepper. Beat the egg in a soup plate and dip the fish in it, one piece at a time, getting every part covered with the egg; then roll in the crumbs and lay on a plate. Have enough fat in the frying kettle to float the fish. When it becomes so hot that blue smoke rises from the center, put in the fish and cook for five minutes. Drain on brown paper and serve very hot. Tartar sauce is particularly good to serve with breaded fish.

How to Cure a Sty.

Take some stale bread, and after soaking in milk squeeze it out not too dry, then add a little olive oil. Apply to the eye with no cloth between. Renew when it becomes dry.

Growth of Catholicity.

A concert and lecture were given at Hibernian hall last evening under the auspices of Division 1, A. O. H. The lecture was delivered by Representative Farley on the growth of Catholicity in New England. The program included solos by Miss Margaret McCaffery, Marie Smaller and others.

For Thanksgiving.

112 piece dinner sets $5.97, $6.97 and $7.97 a set. Our stock pattern sets at $9.00 are beauties. The U. S. Tea Co., corner of Central and Prescott streets.

Broke Her Arm.

Miss Margaret McKinnon fell on the sidewalk on Middlesex street, yesterday and broke her right arm. She was taken to her sister's home, Mrs. John McKinley, 9 May street.

FATALLY STABBED.

Italian and His Wife Said to Have Assaulted a Boarder, Who Then Proceeded to Carve His Assailants.

BOSTON, Dec. 10.—A stabbing affray among some Italians at the South End shortly before 7 o'clock last night will probably result fatally in the cases of Guiseppo Olivier and his wife Therese of 18 Genesee street, two of the participants. Their injuries were received from a knife in the hands of Antonio Constantino, a lodger at their house.

The quarrel started over a game of cards, in which a number of Italians were engaged at Olivier's house. Constantino accused Olivier of cheating, and Olivier finally ordered Constantino to leave the house. The latter picked up his belongings and started to go, but was met at the door by Olivier and his wife, who, Constantino says, assaulted him. The man was armed with a club, and the woman carried a heavy wagon spoke for a weapon.

Several boys who were on the street and saw the fight say that it was a general row until Constantino drew a knife and stabbed Olivier in the abdomen. Olivier fell, and his wife immediately rushed upon his assailant with her club. Constantino completed his work by stabbing her in the breast. Constantino was captured after a lively chase. Hospital physicians say Olivier and his wife will die from their wounds.

Chicago Flat Murder Mystery Cleared Up.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—The mystery surrounding the murder of Alfred Barnes, the janitor of the Hiawatha flats, has finally cleared up, and Edward Jordan, the assistant janitor of the flat building, is the confessed murderer. The police succeeded in getting from Annie Mahoney, the woman with whom Barnes had been at one time intimate, an admission that the crime had been committed by Jordan. She repeated her confession in the presence of Jordan, and he acknowledged that it was correct.

Holmes Secreted Bottle.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Dec. 10.—Chief of Police Dumas received a letter from detectives in Philadelphia, asking him to search the house occupied by Mrs. Pitzel, while she was here with H. H. Holmes, for a bottle of nitro-glycerine which Holmes had secreted. A bottle containing a half-pint of dark liquid was found beneath the false floor of a potato bin. It was buried in the outskirts of the city and the Philadelphia authorities notified.

Will Not Come to Trial.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Dec. 10.—It is announced that the now famous Gladys Hodgdon case has been settled, and that it will not come up for trial next Saturday. The settlement was arranged by the lawyers for the parties concerned after the session of the police court Saturday.

Ives Won the Match.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—The six nights' billiard tournament between Schaefer and Ives was won by Ives without difficulty, and for his trophy carried off the stakes of $200 a side, and the net receipts, about $1800 more. At no stage of the contest was Schaefer ahead.

No Change In Politics.

LEWISTON, Me., Dec. 10.—The controlling interest in the Lewiston Daily Sun has been purchased by George S. H. McDowell of Portland, who is treasurer and general manager of the new company. The policy of the paper will remain Democratic.

Vented Their Spite.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—The arrangements for the bicycle races yesterday at the Velodrome d'Hiver displeased the spectators, and they demolished the track and the grand stand.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Redbank Cotton mills, Lexington county, S. C., were burned.

The business portion of Mt. Stewart, P. E. I., was destroyed by fire.

There is a gratifying improvement in the receipts of the treasury.

Representative Patterson failed to get a vote on the anti-pooling bill.

Clever diamond swindlers and safe crackers were arrested in Montreal.

Senator Manderson is suggested as a Republican vice presidential candidate.

Swindling operations of bogus lumber companies were exposed in New York city.

Ambassador Pauncefote and his wife and daughter have returned to Washington.

Governor Flower of New York commuted the sentence of Murderer Henry Miles.

Secretary Carlisle is confident that a financial bill will pass the house before the recess.

The Democrats of Keene, N. H., have renominated H. B. Viall for mayor. He has served two terms.

John Supple fell into the hold of a steamer at Boston and fractured his skull, dying in a short time.

An alleged pool room was raided at Fall River, Mass. Three men were arrested and $1464 seized.

The Baptist society of Livermore Falls, Me., has extended a call to Rev. Francis H. Davis of Foxboro, Mass.

Ferdinand de Lesseps' body will be taken to Paris on the 13th., and his funeral will be on the 15th.

The Central Labor union of Brockton, Mass., decided to invite John Burns, M. P., to visit that city and speak.

Charles McLaughlin of Boston went home intoxicated, and died shortly afterward from the excessive use of alcohol.

The fishing schooner A. E. Gifford, Captain Arthur Diggins, of Gloucester, Mass., has put in at Portland, Me., leaking.

The expected outbreak at Franklin Falls, N. H., at the advent of Evangelist Rush, with an A. P. A. escort, failed to materialize.

At New Castle, Pa., the Shenango glass works sustained a loss of about $100,000 by fire. Three hundred men are idle as a result of the fire.

A service in honor of the 300th anniversary of the birth of Gustavus Adolphus was held in the Lutheran church in Springfield, Mass.

Charles Willoughby, one of the best known commercial travelers in the New England states, dropped dead at his home at West Haven, Conn.

A petition for the placing of a fog bell on Bug light, in Portland (Me.) harbor, already has the signatures of about 400 shipowners and exporters of the Forest City.

M. Ernst Carnot, son of the late president of France, who is an engineer, has been appointed private secretary of M. Picard, who is commissioner general of the Paris exposition of 1900.

Long Time Getting the News.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—Emperor William yesterday received Count von Schovaloff, Russian ambassador to Germany, who formally announced the accession of Czar Nicholas to the throne of R...

GREED FOR MONEY

Was Reason For the Ging Murder at Minneapolis.

BLIXT, YOUNG HAYWOOD'S TOOL MADE CONFESSION.

Bloody Crime Coolly Planned and Executed.

MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 10.—Claus A. Blixt, the janitor of the Ozark flat, has made a voluntary confession of the killing of Katherine Ging.

When Blixt decided that he wanted to unburden his mind of his share in the crime, he told the whole horrible story. Blixt fixed the time of his first conversation with Hayward in regard to the money making schemes which the young man had in mind as about two weeks ago. The first conference was in regard to either the holding up or the killing of a Chicago man, who had loaned Hayward $400, the object being to regain possession of some papers which the man might have as evidence of Hayward's indebtedness.

Blixt's ignorance prevented him from having an intelligent idea of what the transaction was to be, further than that there was to be a hold-up or a murder. Hayward went to Chicago himself, and upon returning broached to Blixt another crime, that of setting fire to a barn. He induced Blixt to commit this act, thus securing a penitentiary hold on the man.

Planning the Crime.

It was shortly after this that the scheme to murder Miss Ging was broached. Hayward told him that by killing Miss Ging he would regain possession of $7000 which he had given her, and in addition would make $10,000, as she had "willed" her life insurance to him. He offered Blixt one-fifth of the amount which he would make to commit the deed. Blixt still refused to have anything to do with the crime, and threatened to quit then and there, whereupon Hayward stated that he would do it himself.

Hayward's first plan, after he concluded to commit the crime himself, was outlined to Blixt. There was in the basement a "T" rail about 2½ feet in length, and Hayward directed the janitor to cut it in two, stating that he would take Miss Ging riding and no one would see him with her. After he had struck her over the head with the iron, which he would carry concealed under his coat, he intended to throw the body out of the buggy against a curbstone, start the horse on a gallop and tell the story of a runaway accident, calculating that the body would appear to have been thrown from the buggy when it collided with the curb.

On Saturday night, after a second ride, Hayward returned to the flats and told Blixt that the right opportunity had not occurred.

Blixt Yields to Temptation.

On Monday night Hayward again met Blixt. By threats and persuasions and promises of money Hayward induced him to be a party to the crime to the extent of aiding in the disposal of the body and making it easy for Hayward to commit the murder and return unobserved to the city, so that it would appear that by no possibility could he have been the guilty person.

Hayward directed Blixt to take a street car opposite the flats at 6:50 and proceed to Lake street, across the foot of the lake, a point where the Excelsior road bends around the lake, and there to await his coming.

Blixt followed out his instructions to the letter. He had been waiting about five minutes when he heard a shot and saw a carriage approach. As it drew up, he recognized Hayward as the driver. Hayward said to him: "It is all done." Jump in and drive slowly, and give me plenty of time to get back to town, and do not leave here until you are sure she is dead."

The Truth of It.

Blixt, at this point, told how he had implicitly obeyed instructions, carrying out all the plans just as Hayward had desired.

Blixt called the mayor and chief of police to his cell several hours after the previous confession had been made, and said that he fired the fatal shot himself. He said that Hayward had persuaded Miss Ging that "green goods" could be easily circulated through the medium of her business as a dressmaker. She, having always had an insane idea to get rich easily, fell in with the idea.

The night of the murder Hayward had told her that he had arranged for her to meet a green goods dealer on the outskirts of the city. They started off on the ride together. About 12 blocks from Ozark flats they met Blixt. Hayward induced her to let Blixt drive her to the place of meeting, with the assurance to her that he would himself follow immediately in another buggy and be present at the meeting.

Blixt then drove the woman out to the old Excelsior road and called her attention to a passing object. As she turned her head to look out of her side of the buggy he shot her. Hayward, instead of following Blixt, returned to the Ozark flats and afterward went to the theater. There seems to be no doubt as to the truth of the latest confession.

Sheehan Will Surrender.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—Police Commissioner Sheehan has returned to the city, and will, it is said, surrender himself to the district attorney. He will give bail and be allowed to go about his business until the case shall be called for trial.

New Church Dedicated.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—The new German Protestant church in Rue Blanche, was inaugurated yesterday in the presence of the German ambassador, the staff of the embassy and 800 German residents of Paris. Emperor William sent a gift.

Missing From Home.

BOSTON, Dec. 10.—Albert R. Turner, 53 years old, a dock clerk employed by the Allan Steamship company, is missing, and it is believed that he committed suicide by jumping overboard. Turner came from Montreal a few years ago.

Nobody Hurt.

FITCHBURG, Mass., Dec. 10.—Two cars on a passenger train left the rails near the depot in this city. One car was overturned, but no one was hurt, and slight damage was done.

Indians Going to Washington.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., Dec. 10.—A delegation of prominent Chippewa Indians from the White Earth reservation is on its way to Washington to lay before the government a claim amounting to $7,000,000, arising from a breach of the terms of a treaty made in 1854.

We make buying clothes about the safest and easiest investment that's possible.

Our way—bring back what you don't like and get your money, puts in your hands all the advantages you can wish for.

The same with boys' clothes as with men's:—and this is the one store in town where you will find boys' clothes made on honor.

Suits, reefers, overcoats, ulsters, we take the boy in hand at three years of age, and clothe him properly till he's grown up:—it's hard then to get him to trade elsewhere.

PUTNAM & SON,

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS.

Central Street, Cor. Warren.

Boston and Maine Railroad.

Winter Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION

Commencing Sept. 30, 1894.

TRAINS LEAVE CENTRAL STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.50, 8.15, 9.30, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 3.25, 4.10, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.20 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.35, 7.25 p. m.

For Lawrence, 8.30, 9.30, 10.50, a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.25, 4.10, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 (11.25 Wednesdays and Saturdays only) p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.20 a. m., 12.05, 5.35, 7.25 p. m.

For Haverhill, 8.30, 9.30 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.25, 4.10, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, (11.25 Wednesdays and Saturdays only) p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.20 a. m., 12.05, 5.35, 7.25 p. m.

For Salem and Lynn, 12.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Newburyport and Amesbury, 12.05, 2.30, 4.10, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter, and Dover, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.25, 4.10, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.35 p.m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.10 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls Saco and Portland 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.10, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.35 p.m.

For Augusta, Bath, Lewiston, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.35 p. m.

For Bangor; Belfast, Waterville, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m., 12.05, 5.10 p.m. SUNDAYS, 5.35 p. m.

For St. John N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal, and Quebec, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays); SUNDAY, 5.35 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John's (per steamer), on Mondays and Fridays at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick and Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones at Rockland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p. m.

Southern Division.

On and After Sept. 30, 1894, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:—

For Boston—5 45, 6.30, ¶6 50, *7 45, *8 50, ¶9 00, *9 40, 11 00 a. m.; 1 40, ¶3.00, 4.30, ¶5 40, p. m. SUNDAYS, 8 45 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston.—5 48, 6 34, ¶6 53, §7 01, §7 18, §7 27, *7 48, *8 57, 9 03 *9 50, 11 03, 12 00 a. m., 1 43, ¶3 03, 4 02, 4 33, *5 21, ¶5 43, *6 28, ¶7.52 p. m. SUNDAYS, *7 18, 7.27, 8 05, *9 10 a. m.; §4 25, §6 03 p. m.

For Woburn, §7 01, 7 45, 11 00 a.m.; 1 40, 4 30, 8 46 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8 45 a. m., §4 25, 6 03 p. m.

*Express. §Northern Depot only. ¶Via Bedford.

For Lawrence — 6.30, 10.00, 2.10, 4.15, 5.50 p. m.

For Salem and Way Stations—§7.38 a. m.; 1.25, 5.50 p. m.

☞Time below is from Middlesex street station.

For Ayer Junction and Way Stations—7.15 a. m.; 12.05, 5.00 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.14 a. m.; 1.50, 3.43, 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene—9.14 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, Antrim, Bennington and Hillsboro', 2.00 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord 7.67 9.14 (Nashua only), 9.45, a.m.; 12.11, 1.50., 3.43., 5.42, 6.21, 8.13, 8.43 p.m. SUNDAYS 10.09. a.m. (to Nashua only), 3 a.m., 2.00, 6.00 8.13, 8.43 p. m.

For Penacook, Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.45 a. m.; 12.11, 5.42, §8 13 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—1.50 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.45 a.m.; ¶8.43, p.m.

For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.45 a. m.; 12.11, ¶8.13 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.45 a. m.; ¶8.43 p. m.

Quebec Express via White River Junction—8.13, p. m., daily except Sunday.

☞§Daily for Montreal.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT Gen. Ag't. Lowell.

Do you need any?
Shall you buy any?

SLEIGHS.

We have 100 of them in stock. They are all right, so are the prices.

FAY BROS. & HOSFORD.

Central Street.

MILLINERY.

Where shall I get my new hat? Why, at the

TEMPLE OF DESIGN,

Of course, where you are sure to get the newest and choicest Millinery at the lowest possible prices.

The Temple of Design.

14 and 16 Merr'ck Square, Runels' Block

$1 Buys the biggest load of mill kindling in the city; all cut and ready for the stove. Orders by postal promptly attended to. Edward Cogger & Co., 155 Church st.

P. H. BEELON, 557 and 559 Gorham St. Boarding, Hack and Livery Stable.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Issued Daily: Sundays excepted.

Per Year $3.00 - - - Per Month. 25c.

City delivery and postage free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
5.35	7.20	6.00	7.46
6.50	7.45	6.30	7.52
6.50	8.08	7.00	8.24
7.01	7.56	8.00	9.22
7.18	8.02	8.30	9.11
7.27	8.12	9.00	9.42
7.45	8.35	9.17	10.25
8.50	9.40	10.00	11.13
9.00	10.20	10.45	11.55
9.40	10.40	11.20	12.08
11.00	12.05	1.00	1.47
12.00	12.45	2.00	3.01
1.00	1.50	3.00	3.46
3.00	4.25	5.20	6.08
4.02	4.45	4.15	5.20
4.30	5.30	5.00	5.44
6.21	7.15	7.25	8.22
5.30	6.50	7.20	7.05
6.25	7.35	8.15	9.04
7.52	8.55	7.30	8.16
		8.00	8.48
		10.15	11.24
		11.22	12.23

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6.50	8.03	7.30	8.32
8.15	9.12	9.25	10.37
9.30	10.51	10.25	11.42
10.30	12.02	11.50	1.07
12.00	1.05	2.15	3.25
12.45	2.00	3.30	4.28
2.20	3.43	3.40	4.55
3.25	4.37	4.20	5.16
4.10	5.22	5.01	6.16
5.10	6.41	6.01	7.13
6.15	7.30	6.35	7.45
7.00	8.03	9.40	10.49
9.30	10.45	11.15	12.12

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
8.18	8.52	2.00	2.55
5.25	6.12	9.00	10.02
8.15	8.50	1.00	1.57
9.30	10.10	5.00	5.58
4.25	5.22	7.30	8.10
6.02	7.05	8.00	8.40
		9.00	10.02

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Central street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway Street.

‡ Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

‡From Middlesex St. station only.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR MAYOR.

WILLIAM F. COURTNEY.

ALDERMEN.

At Large—FRANK B. DOW.
COOLIDGE R. JOHNSON,

Ward 1.—HENRY A. ROACH,
" 2 JOHN G. GORDON,
" 3 CHARLES N. BAGLEY,
" 4 EDWARD B. PEIRCE,
" 5 JAMES A. READY,
" 6 ANTHONY A. CONWAY.

NOTA BENE.

No religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States. U. S. Constitution. Art. VI. clause 3.

Government is instituted for the common good, for the protection, safety, prosperity and happiness of the people and not for the profit, honor or private interest of any one man, family or class of men. Const. Mass., Art. VII.

All religious sects and denominations demeaning themselves peaceably and as good citizens of the commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law. Constitution of Massachusetts. Art III.

TOMORROW IS election day.

A VOTE for license will be a vote for the city's best interests.

BOSTON WILL have Peabody for mayor, Lowell will have Courtney.

NO WONDER that the dry goods dealers would oppose the ascendancy of a class of men that wear only imported (A. P. A.) collars.

BE SURE and vote the whole ticket. To cut a democrat you don't want elected may defeat a democrat you do want elected. Do not vote for too many candidates or your ballot will be declared void. Vote the straight democratic ticket.

THE MAIL'S ERRATIC COURSE.

The Mail of Saturday breaks all records in the line of advancing irrelevant arguments in behalf of the Miller ticket. The Mail for a time had the distinction of being the A. P. A. organ, but it was superseded by an official publication by which the affections of the A. P. A. for the Mail have been surreptitiously alienated. Yet the Mail is as firm as ever in its devotion to the A. P. A. In accordance with the principles of the A. P. A. order that paper would set up a religious test of eligibility to office and it would make the A. P. A. the judges. Under such a rule about one-half the citizens of Lowell would be deprived of their rights; but a few very important provisions of the constitution will have first to be stricken out.

On Friday the Mail had some outrageous rot about the schools, and this was followed up on Saturday by an article showing the amount of taxes alleged to have been paid by the candidates on both sides.

In this list it overstates the amount paid by republicans by saying they own the business in which they are engaged, as in the case of William L. Hills, who is credited with the tax of the Standard Bottling company. It also understates the amount paid by democratic candidates, as for example, in the case of Mr. Keefe, the candidate for overseer of the poor in Ward Five. He is credited with $2, whereas he pays over $120 in taxes on real and personal property.

The Mail's object in bringing up such a question seems to be to revert to the old feudal system of a property qualification for office. The democratic candidates are pronounced unqualified for office because they do not pay as much taxes as do the republicans. Judged by this test Mr. Miller would fall behind Mr. Courtney; but democrats do not regard a man's money as a qualification for office; neither do they believe that because a man is a non-Catholic he is the better fitted for office. Neither a man's religion nor his money commend him to the public service. It is honesty, integrity, and a capacity for business, together with the intelligence necessary to sound legislation that make the best qualification for service in the city council.

The Mail ignores all that seems to be most essential, and it insists upon what is not essential, what is absurd and preposterous as a test of qualification. According to the Mail's dictum the wealthiest man in the city should be nominated for mayor, and the next in line for aldermen and councilmen. Such a rule exists in Russia, and to some extent in England, but the property qualification was long ago wiped out in this country. The Mail is the first paper that would suggest its restoration.

But the poor are to be represented as well as the rich, and the people are to be represented in the city council regardless of whether they are Catholics or Protestants, Jews or Gentiles, christians or atheists. The Mail's arguments only offer another proof of the dangerous tendencies of this election and they are noted here that they may be met and defeated at the polls. The election of Mr. Courtney and the rest of the ticket means a victory for representative government, for fair play, tolerance and loyalty to the constitution, but the election of the Millerites would mean a victory for narrowness, bigotry and proscription, all of which are un-American and in direct violation of the U. S. constitution.

This is not a contest between democrats and republicans; it is a contest between the former and the usurpers who captured the republican party under A. P. A. auspices and who antagonize liberal republicans as unfit to be trusted. The voters should bury such narrowness and bigotry in irrevocable defeat.

THE PROPOSED national arbitration bill if passed will afford great protection to the public in case of strikes. It will also entitle labor unions to legal recognition which capitalists and corporation officials in every part of the country have been steadily trying to deny them. In local strikes the mill agents have never willingly recognized the representatives of labor organizations. But the fact has been made clear by the report of the commission on the western strike that labor organizations must not be treated as outlaws. They have as much right to exist and carry out their legitimate aims as have organizations of employers. The chartering of all such organizations and the provision against strikes as well as for the arbitration of differences augurs well for the cessation of labor troubles in this country and for the prompt and equitable adjustment of all that occur.

THE DEMOCRATS of this city are ready to join hands with the liberal republicans in giving the city a good business administration. The old line republicans are liberal men who are not to be classed with those who would follow a policy of proscription. The people of this city do not want an administration that will cause social war in every avenue of business, that will disunite the people and cause them to oppose each other in everything. Such a state of affairs will be brought about by the election of the Millerites, but if the democrats win, their management of affairs will be without discrimination against any class. They will treat all classes fairly and will deal so generously with the A. P. A. as to shame the order out of existence.

A Liberal Education.

A wealthy old farmer, as close as the bark on a tree, had sent his only son to a country academy to educate him.

"You shouldn't have sent him there," remonstrated a friend.

"What's the matter with the place?" asked the old man testily.

"It's too little and poor. You ought to send him to one of the big colleges and give him a liberal education."

"Liberal! Liberal!" squeaked the farmer excitedly. "Why, man, ain't it liberal enough when I allow him $25 a month for his schooling and living expenses?"—Detroit Free Press

IT STOPS THE PROGRESS of Consumption. The makers of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery are certain of it. They've proved it for years past—and they're willing to sell it with the agreement that if it doesn't benefit or cure, in *every* case, they'll return the money.

Consumption is that scrofulous condition that comes from impure blood. The "Discovery" prevents it, if taken in time; cures it completely, if you haven't waited too long; gives relief and comfort, even in advanced cases.

Use it in severe, lingering Coughs, Asthma, Weak Lungs, and every Bronchial, Throat, and Lung Affection.

D. C. ROSENDALM, Esq., of *Dutch Grainger Co., Tenn.*, writes as follows: "I had been going down in strength and weight for months. I was not able to stir and I smothered very often. After taking 'Discovery' my cough was relieved, I could walk three miles without trouble, catching cold don't distress me now. As long as I live I'll praise 'G. M. D.'"

SCOTT & O'DAY,
Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers.
Steam, Gas and Water Piping.
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54 Appleton Street,
Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4

SPECULATION.
HAMMOND & CO.,
Stock and Bond Brokers
130 and 132 Pearl Street,
New York City, N. Y.
Stocks, Bonds and Grain bought, sold or carried on Margin.
P. S.—Send for explanatory circular on speculation, also weekly market letter. (Free.)

GOOD HEALTH DIRECTIONS.

THE VALUE OF SUGAR FOR THE WEAK.

When to Avoid Candy—Yawning as a Remedy—Art For Amateurs.

Sugar is one of the best of the fat producing foods, and for that reason it is bad for a person, young or old, in whom there is a tendency to accumulate too much fat. The converse of this is true. It is a valuable food for those, young or old, who are too thin. It is also valuable, because it is easily digested to those who are weak, who suffer from a lack of animal heat, and who need building up. Not too much of it, though, as Dr. Cyrus Edson explains in The Ladies' Home Journal, because there are elements needed in the body which sugar will not supply. Sugar is exceedingly satisfying to the appetite.

Dr. Edson says: I know a man who was an officer of cavalry during the civil war, and on one occasion during a raid he found an opportunity to fill his haversack and both saddlebags with brown sugar. The men of his command did the same. It was four days before they were able to get a supply of rations, and during that time they lived on the sugar and were perfectly contented with the diet. The story points to one rule which may safely be laid down for all: Candy should not be eaten immediately before meals by either child or adult because it will destroy the appetite for other food, and that other should be taken first because of the food element found in it, and which is not found in candy. In other words, the supply of sugar should be adjusted to that of other foods in a natural and common sense way proportion.

Yawning as a Remedy.

Yawning, though contrary to the canons of good society, is undoubtedly very beneficial to the individual. Muscles are brought into play during a good yawn which otherwise would never obtain any exercise at all, and its value as a sort of natural massage is considerable. The muscles which move the lower jaw and the breathing muscles of the chest are the first ones used during the process of gaping; then the tongue is rounded and arched, the palate tightly stretched and the uvula raised. The eyes generally close tightly toward the termination of the yawn, the ears are raised slightly and the nostrils dilated. The crack sometimes heard in the ear proves that the aural membranes are also stretched and exercised, something impossible by any process but a yawn. According to the New York Herald, it has recently been recommended by some doctors that sufferers from nasal catarrh should make a practice of yawning six or seven times a day, and good results will follow.

Unsuspected Sources of Disease.

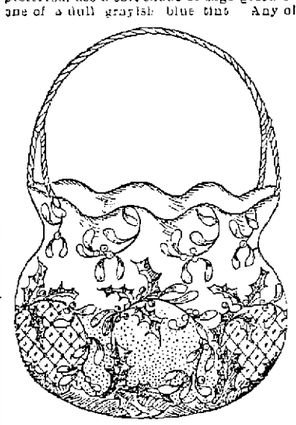
Recent investigations have brought out the fact that there are many severe cases of neuralgia caused by abnormal conditions of the nasal passages. In several instances there have been found enlargements of the bony structure or hard lumps of diseased tissue pressing against certain nerves and causing the most excruciating pain. Removal of these has resulted in complete cure, although there have been returns of the growths after the first operation. Persons who habitually suffer from pains in the head should have their conditions carefully diagnosed. Long continued suffering not infrequently brings about protracted and incurable mental and nervous disorders, says the New York Ledger.

HOLIDAY PAINTING.

The Holly and Mistletoe on China—A Daintily Decorated Candy Basket.

A decorated piece of china, the work of the giver's own hands, is a tasteful and prized gift from one friend to another. Pretty candy baskets seem especially appropriate for Christmas gifts when decorated with a design of holly and mistletoe and filled with dainty sugar plums. They are very ornamental and make charming receptacles for cut flowers. The white of the china may serve for a background, against which the sprays of the holly and mistletoe rest.

The Ladies' Home Journal, the source of the design here given, tells how to carry it out. The design can be painted in the natural colors. If a tinted background is preferred, use a soft shade of sage green or one of a dull grayish blue tint. Any of



CHINA CANDY BASKET.

the blues qualified with the grays or browns will give soft, pretty effects for this. The tinting may be laid on the basket in a uniform color or made light at the top and grow darker below. Carefully blend with a deer foot blender so that one shade will gradually fade into the other, as softness of finish is one of the greatest charms of china painting.

Another way to paint the basket is to carry out the design in monochrome, meaning one color only. Any color can be used for this style of painting. Old blue, carnation deep red brown, violet of iron, brown green, bleume and brown if are all favorite colors for monochrome painting. If the basket is only to have one firing, shade and outline the design with a darker tint of the color used. The lattice work containing stars and the stippled effect at the bottom of the basket are finished with gold.

Laugh and Live Long.

It has been aptly said that there is not the remotest corner of the inlet of the minute blood vessels of the human body that does not feel some wavelet from the convulsions occasioned by good hearty laughter. The life principle of the central man is shaken to its innermost depths, sending new tides of life and strength to the surface, thus materially tending to insure good health to the persons who indulge therein.

The blood moves more rapidly and conveys a different impression to all the organs of the body as it visits them on that particular mystic journey when the man is laughing from that conveyed at other times. For this reason every good, hearty laugh to which a person indulges tends to lengthen his life, conveying as it does new and distinct stimulus to the vital forces.

NO ILL FEELING.

Just Because He Was Obliged to Lick Sammy He Loved Him None the Less.

Eliab Messenger was a Carolina slave who was fervent in piety and blind in obedience to his master. He was tall, muscular, bacon colored and Chesterfieldian in politeness, the latter quality extending even to the "poor whites," whom he heartily despised.

The negro was pacific in disposition and a devout member of the Methodist church, but he was fond of quoting the Biblical injunction, "Servants, obey in all things your masters according to the flesh," and his faith was absolute that an order from this exalted source purged every action of iniquity.

Colonel Messenger, his owner, was one of the lordliest aristocrats of the eastern division, and he despised the courts of justice, which, he insisted, were only the arbitraments of the weak or cowardly.

"Gentlemen, sah," said he arrogantly, "can defend their own pahsons and properties under all circumstances."

Woe to the humblest inhabitants who came under the displeasure of the slaveholding autocrat, and Eliab was his chosen deputy of wrath against poor white as well as colored evildoers.

The colonel's sheepfold had been suffering from a nightly prowler, and suspicion settled, with dark clouds, upon Sammy Mansido, an "ornery" white man who lived down in the "patch," a stumpy clearing in the big woods a mile or so away. After the manner of his class, Sammy fished a little, hunted a little, loafed a great deal and was particularly endowed with the gift of drinking large quantities of poor whisky without being the worse for it.

Eliab, who had been playing the role of detective for his master, was finally given private and pointed instructions, the execution of which the colonel declared, with many oaths, must be immediate. Thus fortified and strengthened, and Eliab felt in his heart that there could be no higher law, the dutiful negro made his way direct to the hovel of the supposed derelict.

"Mawnin, Sammy," was Eliab's pleasant greeting as he came up with that worthy, emphasizing it with many bows and graceful warings of the left hand, while in his right he held his great straw hat. "Whor' de olo oomon 'n do chillun?" he added, with a quick look about him.

"Gawn a-blackburrin," drawled Sammy as he lazily arose from a three legged stool by the big fireplace.

"Trus' deyse free from ailin. Lots er sicknus proje'in deso days."

"They's middlin peart, 'Ab."

"I does hope you's 'nj'yin healf 'n peace er min, Sammy," added Eliab sympathetically and with a courtly bow, carefully copied after his master.

"I kin eat a squar' meal 'thout bein hongry," replied Mansido as he bit off a big "chaw" of homespun tobacco.

"Torkin uv eatin, Sammy, dat totes easy ter a leetle, teensy mahter. Marster done t'ink—min, Sammy, I says t'inks, bekaise you's feelin's—dat you neeks yer meals off'n his Soufdown lum's."

"Me! Me steal? Mebbe he don' know I'm a purfessor 'n jined Elder Grimes' meetin one day las' week."

"Yaas, he do, Sammy," assented Eliab chilly, "'n he done say you git do older one er de lam's notter 'tray yer. I wants ter be sparin uv yer feelin's, Sammy, but I'se gotter gin yer a fetched good lickin for it."

"What yer say? A nigger lick me? I won't stand no sich foolin. Why, 'Ab, keep erway. You's a 'xhorter."

"I hain't er sensin myself, 'n I don' want er hurt yer feelin's. De Bible tells me ter obey my marster, 'n I'm jis' gwinter mop up de flo' wiv yer, axin yer pahdon."

He was as good as his word, for he gave Sammy a dressing that he was not likely to forget as long as he lived. The sheep stealer offered somewhat of a vigorous opposition at the first, but he was as a child in the toils of big Eliab, who knocked him down as fast as he arose to his feet, and after Sammy had decided the floor was a safer place plied his fists against the head and body of the delinquent until he fairly bellowed for mercy, confessed his sins and penitently promised never to offend again.

Having discharged his duty, Eliab in the most courteous manner assisted the badly punished man to his feet, carefully brushed his clothes and then said, with unctuous grace:

"I trus' I didn't hurt yer, Sammy, 'n I'd be monst'ous feached ef dis leetle mahter 'ould neck any feelin atwix' us befo. Now, I'se p'inted yer failin out, Sammy. Yer jes' tote yersel' t'other way when yer hears a lam' go baa! Dat's so."

Then Eliab graciously shook hands with Sammy in token of amity and retraced his steps homeward.—Chicago Tribune.

SKATES.
THE BIGGEST STOCK EVER SHOWN IN LOWELL.
More than 7500 pairs in stock, embracing all the leading makes in every size.
2500 Pairs, 8 to 12 inch, for 25 Cents a Pair.
5000 Pairs from 50 Cents to $5.00 Per Pair.
Ladies' Skates.
We have every style and size in Barney & Berry, Peck & Snyder, and the new LONG REACH.
Bartlett & Dow.
No. 216 Central Street.

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Constable and Collecting Agency,
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BOOT'S OLD 64 CIGAR.
For Sale by all Dealers.
For a Good Smoke Try One.
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UNION TAILORS
The only shop in town using the Union Label.
Call and see our line of SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS at Rock Bottom Prices.
SHARROW & BAXANDALL
92 Gorham St.

A Thankful Mother's Letter to Mrs. Pinkham.

"Last winter I did not think my little ones would have a mother long. I suffered terribly with female troubles.

MRS. VAN BUREN.

"I could keep nothing on my stomach, and got so 'poor' my friends hardly knew me. I suffered with severe headaches, dizziness, faintness, backache, and 'the blues.'

"Thanks to *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound*, I am now as fat as ever, and have no female troubles.

"If you use my letter I hope it may be the means of saving some other poor mother's life as it did mine."—Mrs. Ella Van Buren, St. David, Fulton Co., Ill. At all druggists.

OIL HEATING STOVES
Modern Apparatus for making a house Comfortable.
ROBERTSON & CO.
Have these Stoves in all sizes and recommend them for economy and efficiency.
We have the best bargains in the market in Household Goods.
Give us a call if you have need of anything. We are the hustling
House-Furnishers,
100 CENTRAL STREET.

Stained and Varnished interiors will soon be a thing of the past.
The latest style is to use
B. & K.
CLEAR TONED INTERIOR PAINTS
The delicate party colors of which harmonize with the newest shades of wall papers.
They dry with flat finish and can be cleaned with soap and water.
SOLD ONLY AT
C. B. Coburn & Co.'s
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PETER J. BRADY,
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448 Gorham Street.
Choice, Teas, Coffees and Spices. Try our "BIG TWELVE," brand of flour, the best in the city.

JAMES MARREN,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
121 CENTRAL STREET.
Insurance placed in the most reliable companies.
All orders sent to P. O. Box 486 shall be promptly attended to.

Arthur M. Bertrand,
(Successor to F. W. Sargent,)
MERCHANT TAILOR.
FINE TAILORING A SPECIALTY.
24 Middle Street, Lowell, Mass.
Dress Suits to Let.

What would Lowell be without the spindle? The city is known the world over as "The Spindle City."
The Spindle Cigar
Is made by HENRY FLOOD: best smoke in town.

WANT COLUMN

☞ Advertisements inserted under this head for ONE CENT A WORD, first insertion; subsequent insertions HALF PRICE.

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TO LET.—A pleasant office in THE SUN building. Inquire at SUN office.

J. H. COSTELLO, Carpenter, room 9, Howe block.

TENEMENTS TO LET.—By George D. Kimball, room 6, Runels' block, Merrimack square.

FOR SALE.—In Centralville, cottage house of 7 rooms, near Bridge street. Price $1200, and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

SALESMEN, we send samples, allow liberal salary and expenses or commission to proper applicants. Staple seller, three stores out of five will order. Address with stamp Lock Box 420, New York City.

$900 AND EXPENSES PAID competent men first year, or large commission, selling by sample, staple goods to merchants. No peddling. Experience unnecessary. For sealed patculars send stamp. Household Specialty Co., 73 4th street, Cincinnati, O.

FOR SALE—Farm of 25 acres with stock, crops and tools, near village and depot, 7 miles from Lowell, nearly new building; cuts 12 tons of hay, 1½ acres wood land, 3 cows, 1 horse, 2 wagons, 175 fowls and all the farming tools that go with a farm. Price $2500; easy terms. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street, Lowell.

FOR SALE.—A bargain in a boarding house, 150 boarders, 30 rooms. This is a good chance if you want a boarding house. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

CHILDREN'S SHOES soled and heeled 29c at Cunningham's, Bridge street, Merrimack square, and Palmer street.

FOR SALE—cottage of 6 rooms and pantry near Salem street, sewer connections, good lot of land, price $1800. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

FOR SALE.—In Canaan, N. H., farms of all kinds and all prices, from 5 acres to 600 acres, and prices from $200 to $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street, Courier building.

FOR SALE.—New cottage of 7 rooms, well furnished, good lot of land in Ward 6. Price $1225; $100 down, balance in rent. Fish & Plummer, 135 Central street.

$75.00 PER MONTH easily earned without financial risk by reliable agents with team, at retailing our teas, coffees, standard extracts, baking powder, spices, etc., etc., packed in imported tea pots, ruby, crystal, enameled and engraved agate and glassware, etc., of extensive varieties and value. Address for illustrated circular, terms, etc., no wholesale business, N. E. Distributing Co., 78 Broad street, Boston.

FOR SALE.—In Belvidere, two-story two-tenement house, large lot of land. This place can be bought at a bargain; it is near Alder street. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—A fruit, confectionery, tobacco and cigar store on one of the principal streets in this city. Excellent location, doing a large business. Best of reasons for selling. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED—Rooms to let at 40 Bridge street.

FOR SALE.—In Ward 5, new cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land. Price $1200. $200 down, balance in rent. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE.—Small farm of 2 acres, good buildings and near Lowell. Price $800. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—A 10-acre farm only 2 miles from this city, near school, in an excellent neighborhood, 5 acres of heavy woodland timber, cut 2 tons hay. Good cottage of 8 rooms and pantry; house in best of repair; shed connected with all. Fine farm, a large bargain. A fine place and cheap at price, $2300. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 5 cents a hundred.

FOR SALE.—A small farm seven miles from Lowell, one-half mile from the depot, near the school, one acre of black berries, one quarter of an acre of strawberries, seventy-five apple trees, twenty pear trees, one and a half acres with three acres of planted. Rare bargain. For further particulars see C. W. Pinkham, 65 Merrimack street. Come quick or you will lose this chance.—200 acres of a farm, with a 20 room house, would make a fine summer boarding house. Cuts 50 tons of hay, plenty of fruit, one and a half miles from the depot, and ($1150) eleven hundred and fifty dollars will capture this piece. Inquire of C. W. Pinkham, 65 Merrimack street.

F. L. RICHARDSON,
Real Estate and Business Broker,
56 CENTRAL STREET.

LOOK! LOOK!
In Chelmsford Centre—The best arranged hen farm ever placed on the market, consists of 18 acres of fine land, new house of 7 rooms, bath, hot and cold water, and 3 hen houses measuring over 300 feet in length, wire yards and new houses, heated by hot water arrangements, good yards, and about a dozen different kinds of small fruit trees. Water from spring supplied by wind mill. This place cost over $6000 two years ago, as we can prove; and now $3600 will buy it. Before purchasing elsewhere call and investigate this bargain. F. L. Richardson, 56 Central St.
To Let—7-room house, near Moore street, $10. Also a nice house with modern arrangements for $12. Apply F. L. Richardson, 56 Central street.
For Sale—A dandy 7-room cottage, 10 rods from mills. Price $1100; terms to suit. Everything in fine shape. Apply F. L. Richardson, 56 Central street.
To Let—2 stores; 17-room boarding house. Apply F. L. Richardson, 56 Central street.

Be Sure and Have Your Engraving Done at
NUDD'S, Room 5, 64 Central St.
Visiting Cards for the Holidays gotten up in Artistic Boxes, and make an Elegant Present. All work guaranteed. Be sure your jeweler has his work done by NUDD.

Great Removal Sale.
We are about to remove to more commodious quarters and find it necessary to close out our present stock of Harnesses of every description. The greatly reduced prices will place our stock within reach of everybody in need of Harnesses. Have leased for a term of years the "Old Brubrook Stand," established in 1827.
J. C. DONOVAN,
57 Market street.

PICTURES AND FRAMES
One Third Less Than Usual Prices.
GEO. E. MAKER,
No. 2 John St., Marble Bank Building.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Monday evening, private class.
Tuesday evening, hall for rent.
Wednesday evening, advanced class and reception 7.30 to 11.
Wednesday afternoon, ladies class 3 to 5.
Thursday evening, advanced class (season tickets only) 8 to 10.30.
Friday evening, beginners class 7.45 to 10.
Friday afternoon, young people (advanced).
Saturday afternoon, children beginners 2 to 2.30.
Saturday afternoon, children advanced 3.30 to 5.
Saturday evening, intermediates 7.45 to 10.30.
Private lessons at any time not occupied by classes. Pupils received at any time. Office open from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m., every day.
Pianist, Mrs. Mary Darling; violinist, Emil Lavigueur; Mr. and Mr. Charles A. Lester, assistants; principal, D. C. Lester, G. M. D., 90 Prescott street. Take elevator.

Lowell Heating and Plumbing Co.
823-836 MIDDLESEX STREET.
Steam Heating, Hot Water Heating, Plumbing and Repairs.
Copper work of every description. First class work. Best material.

JAMES A. CAWLEY, Moore Street
COAL.
Telephone for Summer Prices. All orders promptly delivered. (Late of firm of Cawley Bros

Grand Clearance Sale.
MARK-DOWN PRICES.
Wishing to realize a large amount of Cash this week, we make a grand cut in anticipation of our regular Mark-Down Sale.
SPECIAL BARGAINS.
We received a large line of Boucle Cloth Jackets last Friday, which are well worth $13. While they last we are going to sell them at $8.50. Now is the time to buy, as the choicest is at your service. In another week the Styles will be scarce.
We have a fine line of Christmas Presents, which are sensible as well as serviceable. Choose from our Furs, Umbrellas, Mackintoshes, Corsets and Capes. Upstairs from Portieres, Carpet Sweepers, Laces, Rugs, etc.
Remember Mark-Down This Week at
CRITERION FOSTER & CO., Nos. 9-11 MIDDLESEX STREET

BROWN BROS., OPPOSITE MONUMENT SQUARE
Make this Week an Offering of Unusual Bargains in
Ladies' and Children's Underwear.

2 cases Ladies' Fleeced Jersey Vests and Pants, 25c each, cheap at 38c each.	87 doz Ladies' white all wool Vests and Pants, $1 each, down town price $1.25.
1 case Ladies' Fleeced Jersey Vests and Pants, 38c each, sold elsewhere at 50c each.	1 case Ladies' Natural Wool Vests and Pants, $1 each.
60 doz Ladies' heavy fleeced Jersey Vests and Pants, 50 each; a bargain at 62c each.	84 doz Children's Jersey ribbed fleeced Vests and Pants, 25c each, well worth 31c each.
90 doz Ladies' Merino Vests and Pants, 50c each, worth 69c each.	1 case Children's White Merino Vests and Pants all sizes, from 16c to 25c each.
2 cases Ladies' Scarlet Vests and Pants, 75c each, regular price $1 each.	1 case Children's heavy Grey fleeced Vests and Drawers, 38c each; sold all over the city at 50c each.
100 doz Ladies' Scarlet Vests and Pants extra quality, $1 each, former price $1.25 each.	A full line of Children's Scarlet Underwear at 50c on a dollar.
78 doz Ladies' white all-wool Vests and Pants, 75c each.	

Remember the Place Is
BROWN -:- BROS.,
Where You will Find the LOWEST OF LOW PRICES.

GREAT STOCK REDUCING SALE
OF
Hosiery and Underwear
This Week at the Bargain Store of Lowell.
YOUNG'S, NO. 111 CENTRAL ST.
Every available space in our store is crowded with tempting Bargains, especially in Underwear and Hosiery, as we want room for the display of our Christmas and New Year's Goods. We offer the following special inducements for this week only:

100 doz Ladies' fast black fleeced Cotton Hose, 10c pair, regular price 12½c pair.	The Largest, Best Selected and Cheapest Line of 25c Wool Hose in Lowell—Underwear for every body, Cheaper Than Ever—Low Tariff Prices Here.
140 doz Ladies' all wool Hose, in black, Oxford mixed or natural colors, only 15c pair, cheap at 20c.	29c Ladies' heavy fleeced Jersey Vests and Pants now 25c each. They have no equal.
1 case Ladies' black and natural all wool Seamless hose, for this sale 20c pair.	42c Ladies' extra quality Merino and heavy Jersey Vests and Pants 38c each. They have no equal.
3 cases Ladies' all wool and fleeced lined Hose, now 25c pair, sold elsewhere for 29c pair.	Ladies Scarlet all wool and Camel's Hair Vests and Pants, 75 cents each well worth $1.00.
A large assortment of Children's Cotton, All-wool and Cashmere Hose, from 5c to 29c pair.	Children's Merino Vests and Pants in white and natural colors from 10 to 35c each.
1 case Gents' all wool seamless Hose, worth 25c pair, now 15c pair.	Gent's Shirts and Drawers 25, 38, 46, 42 45, 49, 75, and 98c each.
1 case Gents' extra heavy all wool Hose, all colors, 20c pair, never sold less than 25c pair.	
Tam O'Shanters for 25c each, elsewhere 38c	

☞ We are headquarters for Germantown, Spanish, Saxony and Scotch Yarns at wholesale prices. No trouble to show our goods. Bring this ad. with you. Come everybody, come early and avoid the rush. YOUNG'S 111 Central Street.

TEETH
$5 TO $10 A SET.
To our patients who do not find it convenient to call during the day, please call at nominee, or Saturday afternoons as our office is not open evenings. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
NO CHARGE FOR EXTRACTING.
Every Set warranted to be the same Teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every Set warranted to fit. Gold Fillings and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth Filled with Gold by Electricity. No Pain. Teeth extracted Without Pain by our new method. 20 years experience. DR. J. H. KELLEY & SON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 24, 25, and 32 Runels' Building, Cor. Merrimack and Bridge Sts

AMERICAN HOLLAND SHADES - - - 30c
OPAQUE SHADES - - - - - - - - 50c
DADO SHADES - - - - - - - - - 50c
SCOTCH HOLLAND SHADES - - - - 75c
" " " $1.
All of the Above Ready to Hang.
A. L. Kittredge & Co., 208 CENTRAL ST.

Tried and Not Found Wanting.
"Please let me have a bottle of Ellingwood's Cough Balsam; bought a bottle last night for my wife and it did her so much good I want another for a friend." This is what a well known gentleman said at our store yesterday. With testimony like this every day during the winter, how can we help having faith and making strong claims for
ELLINGWOOD'S
COUGH BALSAM
There is no doubt about it. It is the best preparation ever placed on the market for coughs, colds and bronchial affections. Why will you cough when for 25c you can be cured?
Do you wear Lung Protectors? If you do, come in and look at our 50c. one.
ELLINGWOOD & CO.,
Merrimack Street, opp. Post Office.

DR. KELLEY, SURGEON DENTIST, 101 CENTRAL ST.

JOHN J. COSGROVE,
—DEALER IN—
HAY AND GRAIN
Best Quality at Lowest Prices.
No. 478 Merrimack Street.

OUR HOLIDAY GOODS.
We have a store full of these goods which are a pick of the big New York markets. The odds and ends, new conceits in various forms, and hundreds of articles, all made for gift-giving, can be seen at our store. A lot of Chinese dolls, the same that are in demand in New York, are sold for 25c. Come and look over our stock and make an early selection. No store in the city offers a bigger variety of articles for gifts than can be seen in our establishment.
French & Puffer.
245 Central Street.

JAMES MEEK,
HAY, GRAIN AND POULTRY FOOD.
Little Stone Mill foot of Anne St.
LOWEST PRICES. TELEPHONE 2-94

OLD PAPERS, just the thing to put under carpets, 5 cents a hundred at this office.

IT WAS A STARTLING REPORT.

Its Reverberations Arouse the Stupids and Crooks.

The Federal Commissioner's Report Knocks the Pins From Under Lawless Oppressors and Their Subsidized Mouthpieces—Control and Ownership.

"A clap of thunder out of a clear sky," "A blizzard in July," are samples of the expressions heard on every hand during the week following the publication of the federal commission's report on the great railroad strike. Labor unionists and their sympathizers were as much surprised at the report as were the conservative citizens who hold that labor organizations are conspiracies against good order. The men who composed the commission are not, nor has any of them ever been, identified with what is known as the labor movement, and it is but fair to state those in labor's ranks who keep close watch on every movement in which the cause of labor is especially concerned did not expect such an investigation and finding as have been made by the commission. Every well informed person who was not blinded by prejudice knew that the Railway Managers' association was responsible for the disturbances which followed the Pullman strike and that the American Railway union was grossly misrepresented in the daily press, but that a commission appointed by a president who had been the tool of the Managers' association should impartially take a stand on the side of the A. R. U. and against the managers was not deemed possible. The report of the commission was the greatest surprise of this year of surprises.

Many are the reasons assigned for the report's tenor. Some say it was constructed for political effect; that it is a Democratic document intended to offset the great Republican landslide of Nov. 6; that its purpose is, first, to persuade the workingmen of the country that the Democratic administration is friendly to labor and will fearlessly champion it in opposition to the injustices of monopoly, and, second, to force upon the incoming Republican congress the duty of dealing with the need for positive legislation on the subject of unlawful and unjust conspiracies for the destruction of the rights of American citizens. Others see in the report an announcement that the Democratic party is about to adopt what is already one of the most popular measures advocated by reformers, and one of the planks in the platform of the young political giant, the People's Party. You will understand that I refer to government ownership of the railways of the country. It is generally known that this proposal was favorably considered by some of the Republican leaders right after the election of 1892. It was then decided that the Republican party, which had recently met such tremendous defeat at the polls, would have to adopt some popular reform to once more secure the support of a majority of the voters of the country. But the Democratic administration and congress at once set about removing the necessity for such a move by their deposed opponents, and in less than a year the Republican leaders knew that they would not be put to the necessity of advocating anything for the public good; that their rival had settled it that the campaign of 1894 should be against the party in power instead of for something.

I prefer to believe that the federal commission was influenced solely by the discoveries made in the investigation in arriving at its conclusions. I held to the position all through the great strike that no honest man could know the facts without siding with the workingmen in the controversy. The commission gave weeks to the investigation, and both sides were fully heard. The corporations put forward some of their strongest men, and every trick known to the shrewd lawyer was resorted to for the purpose of influencing the commissioners. It is true that the American Railway union also put its best foot forward, but the report of the commission clearly shows that it was guided by the facts elicited and not by sentiment or humbuggery. Notwithstanding this unassailable truth, there are plutocratic newspapers in this country which absolutely refuse to recognize the proof that in their local and editorial columns during July and August they grossly misrepresented the A. R. U.; that they gave currency to the foulest kind of lies about Eugene Debs and his associates. The New York Sun says there is nothing in the report of the commissioners that was not known last summer. This is a clear admission that in its telegraph and editorial columns it has been willfully lying since the 1st of July, for its statements have been exactly the opposite of what the federal commissioners now tell us about the strike, but which The Sun says it knew all the time. The course of the New York Tribune has been on a par in infamy with that of The Sun. Yet there are supposedly intelligent and honest persons who take their opinions from such devilish liars.

It is true that the commissioners' report does not tell us much about the brutality of the Pullman company that we did not already know. The whole world knew while the railway strike was on that a system of tyranny and slavery, resulting in starvation, was and had been for a long time practiced at Pullman, but the "conservative public" could not see the slightest justification for the A. R. U. strike. Let us hope that every man who wants to be considered honest and fair by his neighbors will carefully read the report made by the federal commission. After this phase of the question has been thoroughly digested then let those who wanted the A. R. U. crushed as "a band of desperadoes" read what the commission has to say about the Managers' association and see if they do not find that the railroad barons were and are the breeders of lawlessness. Then take this sentence from the report: "There is no evidence before the commission that the officers of the American Railway union at any time participated in or advised intimidation, violence or destruction of property." The next thing in order will then be an apology to Debs for the mean and hateful things you have said about him.

While I will admit that I was surprised to find the report so emphatic in its declarations, I was not unprepared for the facts the commission discovered. I have known Debs too long and too well to believe that he would deceive me, and I had his account of the whole affair. There is excuse for those who did not enjoy that advantage, but who were compelled to rely upon the ordinary sources of information, but will they admit the wrong done, and, moreover, will they be as anxious to trim the claws of the tiger now that they have found him in the Managers' association instead of in the ranks of the employes? My candid opinion is that they will not. I am grievously disappointed that I must come to such a conclusion, but I made the acquaintance of Public Opinion, Esq., some years ago and have met the fellow quite frequently since. There will be a little burst of indignation over the disclosures made by the federal commission, but it will soon cool off, and the devilishness of the railway managers will be remembered only as being in some way connected with a disturbance of business interests, an interference with commerce. As brutal tyrants in their treatment of the men who toil they will soon be forgotten, and the next time the employees are goaded to a protest against injustice "public opinion" will cry out for soldiers to put down the lawlessness of workingmen.

What are we going to do about it? you ask. What's the use of talking about it? You don't want to do anything sensible and lasting. You had a chance on the 6th of November. How did you use it? You didn't think of it. You were too busy "turning down" the Wilson bill and Grover Cleveland. You are a chump. While the federal commission seems to pronounce against the immediate taking of the railroads by the government, it does so because it fears the people are not ready for such a move, and you can read between the lines that the gentlemen have concluded from their investigation that government ownership is the only sure and permanent remedy. If the common people had voted in their own interests on Nov. 6, and, as I firmly believe, recorded their own convictions, there would have been a pointer furnished to the commission which it would not have been slow to heed. But they didn't do it, and so you're not the only chump. The commission did all its members felt justified in doing when it recommended a permanent commission with powers to enforce decisions in arbitration or conciliation. There is a wide difference of opinion among thinkers and practical men on the subject of compulsory arbitration, and I am not going to discuss the question here.

But I will call attention to something I find in that part of the federal commission's report relating to a permanent commission. It is suggested that such a commission be formed in a manner similar to and be given powers similar to those conferred upon the interstate commerce commission. The interstate commerce commission is practically a failure. All attempts to control railways by commissions must fail because they do not rest upon sound principle. It is an absurdity to attempt to combine two such conflicting elements as private ownership and public control. The records of the courts and the chronicles of the daily press clearly show that it cannot be done, and if it could it would be wrong in principle and not in accord with the spirit of our institutions. Up to a certain point public enterprises which operate under franchises granted by the state may be regulated, but only at great cost and greater annoyance, and when that regulation necessitates the scrutiny by persons not directly and specially interested in the corporation of all its affairs, and makes the decision of a commission binding in every case, then private ownership is a farce. But in no other way can public control be practiced. Therefore I repeat that public control and private ownership cannot coexist. Either let the railroads own the country or the government own the railroads.

JOS. R. BUCHANAN.

Congratulated.

Jackson (meeting Dobson, with whom he was out all night)—Hello, old boy, got home all right?

Dobson—Yes, but my wife wouldn't speak to me.

Jackson—Lucky fellow! Mine did!—Mount Vernon Echoes.

Just as Good.

Traveler (to trainboy)—Got any funny books—Mark Twain or any of the humorists?

Train Boy—No, sir, but I've got a couple of London papers containing comments on the American elections.—Chicago Record.

Prevailing.

Nawvice—I don't quite understand football and couldn't follow the game very well. How can I distinguish the defeated team? I mean, what are their colors?

Freshmanne—Er—black and blue.—Tit-Bits.

GOVERNMENT OF INJUNCTION.

The Governor of Illinois Tells What He Learned of It Last Summer.

A century ago Thomas Jefferson, that farseeing statesman who believed the people were capable of self government, said that the federal judiciary of this country were the sappers and the miners that would steadily and stealthily undermine the foundations of the constitution; would gradually extend their own jurisdiction and absorb to themselves functions of government that did not belong to them. This has been steadily going on until we recently woke up and found that instead of having three departments of government—the executive, the legislative and the judicial—and those of the people's own choosing, there was all at once in full operation entirely new machinery, an entirely new form of government never before witnessed anywhere else upon earth, and that is government by injunctions, whereby a judge, not content with deciding disputes that are brought before him, not content with simply rendering decisions upon questions in litigation between man and man and coming within the jurisdiction of federal courts, at once converts himself into an administrator and undertakes to administer the affairs of the country, and, not content with the law as he finds it, as the legislative branch of the government has given it to him, he proceeds to legislate himself. He issues a ukase against an entire community without notice, practically prohibiting the doing of anything that he sees proper to prohibit, and in case of the disregard of this ukase or this injunction he takes it upon himself to send men to prison, although they may have violated no statute and transgressed no law. Where the law forbids a thing no injunction is necessary. The criminal court is the right tribunal to punish violation.

Injunctions were issued in the federal courts this year forbidding the doing of things which the legislative power had not forbidden, making other things punishable by imprisonment which the legislative power said should be punishable only by fine because they were trifling. Again, they deprived men of the right of trial by jury when the legislative power and the constitution said they were entitled to trial by jury.

During the last summer we had industrial disturbances which were ridiculously exaggerated in the newspapers. They were no greater than similar disturbances had been at Buffalo only about two years before, no greater than riots which occurred in Ohio and not as bloody as numerous riots which have occurred in the state of Pennsylvania. It is true some railroad cars were destroyed by mobs, but this happened in the outlying switching yards on the edge of the prairies at Chicago. The great city itself, far from being in danger, as was maliciously reported, had no knowledge of any trouble except what it got from the newspapers.

The local authorities for a time believed themselves able to control the situation, and when they found they could not they applied to the state for aid, and in a few hours after this application five regiments of state troops went on duty, and in 40 hours after the state troops were put on the ground all attempts at destruction of property ceased, and the rioting was practically over. The machinery created by law to deal with occasions of this kind was found to be ample and effective, and I want to say here that there is no government in the world more able to enforce the law and protect life and property than the government of Illinois. Its people are loyal and devoted, and half a million of men would go forward in a few days if necessary to protect our institutions. In this case all the men who had violated the law were promptly arrested and punished by the proper tribunals.

Hundreds of others who had violated no law were arrested merely upon the complaint of a corporation agent and were dragged, sometimes over 100 miles, away from their homes and their families, in charge of officers, and were thrown into prison like felons and languished there for doing what? For having been guilty of a contempt of court in failing to observe some requirement which that judge had made and which the law had not made. Yes, when they were brought to a hearing, it was found that scores and scores of them had to be discharged because they were not even found guilty of a contempt of court, and many of them found that when set at liberty they had not the means to take them home, all this growing out of the usurpation of the federal judiciary in attempting to perform functions that the constitution did not contemplate that they should perform.—Speech of John P. Altgeld.

General Booth's Scheme.

The real problem of the unemployed is not to provide work, but to make men competent and willing to work. This is what the Salvation Army professes to do at the Hadleigh farm colony, an outcome of the "Darkest England" scheme propounded in 1890. General Booth obtained more than $500,000 from the English people, and of this sum $125,000 has been spent on the purchase of a farm in Essex, on the north bank of the Thames and about six miles from the open sea, and on its proper equipment for the training of some 300 men to be drawn and constantly renewed from the London slums. The farm consists of some 2,800 acres, of which 1,000 acres at certain periods of the tide are under water, much of which is nevertheless useful for grazing purposes. A long creek or bayou of the Thames lies to the south of this estate. Fishing rights in it are let off for the sum of $700 per annum. Three small farms are also let off. The colony managers have the mixed satisfaction of knowing that their settlement has greatly raised the value of land in the neighborhood, as they find when they want to buy portions dividing their estate. The colony has four miles of frontage to good country roads and a water frontage of three miles to the Thames.—London Cor. New York Post.

WATSON BAKERY

Every evening at 5 o'clock Hot Tea Rolls and Cream Bread, also all kinds of Cake and Pastry. Only the best stock used in the manufacture of our goods. Parties supplied at short notice at

Nos. 24 to 30 CHARLES STREET.

Peter Watson, Prop.

Needs Shortening

So do all cooks; and the puzzle for every one of them has been how to avoid sodden pastry. The problem has now been solved by the NEW VEGETABLE SHORTENING

Cottolene

which makes light, crisp, wholesome and easily digested pastry. The most famous cooks in the country say so, and you will also after a fair trial. Make it now.

Sold in 3 and 6 lb. pails by all grocers. Be sure you get the genuine.

Made only by The N. K. Fairbank Company, CHICAGO. 224 State St., Boston. Portland, Me.

INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY

PRONOUNCED THE ABOVE

RESULTS in 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases, Failing Memory, Pimples, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., consequently pale cheeks, gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and quickly but surely restores Lost Manhood in old or young. Easily carried in vest pocket. Price $1.00 a package. Six for $5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't forget INDAPO, little tablet on having INDAPO. If your druggist has not got it, we will send it prepaid. Oriental Medical Co., Propr., Chicago, Ill., or our agents. SOLD by Ellingwood & Co., Cor. Central & Merrimack Sts., and Carleton & Hovey, 167 Merrimack Street, LOWELL, MASS., and leading druggists elsewhere.

SKATES AND SLEDS.

Callahan & Sanborn

RUNELS' BUILDING,

Merrimack Square, Cor. Bridge Sts.

Farrell & Conaton

248 DUTTON ST.,

Practical Plumbers AND Sanitary Engineers.

Also Steam, Gas and Water Fitters. We also carry a large line of Gas Fixtures at lowest price.

WHY, $4.00.

We are still overstocked on the "BEST MINNESOTA HAXALL" FLOUR, and shall continue to sell it a few days longer at old Prices.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

415 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL, MASS.

DISEASES ARISING FROM

ZYMOTIC

Influences are readily removed and perfect health restored by the liberal use of

Heffernan's Rock, Rye and Honey,

BY THE CASE OR BOTTLE.

The Golden Sheaf

55 Middle Street, Parker's Block, near Palmer St. Telephone 452-3. Open 6.30

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by John McManus to John J. Donovan and William J. Coughlin, dated the twenty-first day of December, A. D., 1891, and recorded with Middlesex North District Registry of Deeds, book 629, page 408, and by said John J. Donovan and William J. Coughlin assigned to the Lowell Trust company by deed of assignment dated December, A. D. 1891, and recorded in said registry, book 629, page 470, and for breach of the conditions contained in said mortgage deed, the Lowell Trust company will sell at public auction, on the premises, on Wednesday, the twenty-sixth day of December, A. D., 1894, at three o'clock in the afternoon all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed; being a certain piece of land with buildings thereon, situate in said Lowell on the westerly side of a lane or passageway, extending southerly from Pine street and bounded and described as follows: to wit:—Beginning at a stake at the northeasterly corner of the premises and at the southeasterly corner of land of John Sayers and at a point in the centre of said lane or passageway distant about two hundred and thirty-five feet from land of Robert Johnson, thence running southerly through the centre of said lane on land of one Hanafin and land of one Stevens two hundred feet more or less to a stake at other land of John Sayers; thence westerly on said last mentioned land two hundred and sixty feet to land now or formerly of one Gewlette; thence northerly on said last mentioned land bounded by a stone wall two hundred feet to a stake at the southwesterly corner of other land of said John Sayers and at the northwesterly corner of premises, thence easterly on last mentioned land about two hundred and eighty-five feet to the point of beginning, containing fifty-four thousand five hundred square feet more or less.

Terms made known at time of sale.

LOWELL TRUST COMPANY, Assignee of said Mortgage.

LOWELL, Dec. 3d, 1894.

LOWELL

Trunk Manufactory

An elephant cannot get along without his trunk, and you will find that you will have almost as much difficulty to get along without a trunk as the elephant—that is if you are roaming out, and like everything else the BEST is the CHEAPEST always, and the best in quality and lowest in price to be found is at

70-72 Middlesex St.

Old Wooden Building.

P. F. Devine, Prop.

N. B.—Repairing is a specialty with us. Work first-class, and low prices is our business motto. Old trunks taken as part payment for new ones.

NEVERUB,

The Perfect Cleanser. Makes water soft; not an acid. Will remove Grease, and Dirt without injuring the finest fabric. The agent will be at our store, Dec. 3 to 8, to explain its merits. All are invited.

THE BOSTON BRANCH GROCERY

Old No. 199 Middlesex St. New No. 455.

Opp. Northern Depot. Telephone 374-3, Brass Signs.

CALEB L. SMITH.....Proprietor

What?

The "VICTOR" Boiler is for Heating.

The "WELSBACH" Burner is for Lighting.

-THE-

H. R. Barker M'f'g Co.

OLD JACK FROST

Is a nightly visitor, and with each visit he gets bolder. The best way to keep him out is by putting on

DOUBLE WINDOWS.

Order Windows of

J. H. HOWARD,

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Cor. Market & Shattuck Sts.

NOTRE DAME ACADEMY,

LOWELL, MASS.

Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies

ESTABLISHED 1852 --- CHARTERED 1865.

This school continues the careful training and thorough instruction in every department for which it has hitherto been so favorably known. For particulars address: The Superior.

LOWELL AGENCY FOR

FRANK JONES' ALE.

-AND THE-

Celebrated Anheuser Busch Beer.

The Trade and Families Supplied at Lowest Prices.

Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to.

JOHN LENNON,

NO. 302 MARKET Street.

TELEPHONE—No. 38-2.

$100. FINE SQUARE PIANO. Four round corners, seven octaves, carved legs, in fine condition. $10 down and $6 a month, at

GARDNER'S

Music Store,

45 PRESCOTT ST., LOWELL, MASS.

WM. E. LIVINGSTON,

DEALER IN

Coal, Wood, Lime,

CEMENT, SAND, GRAVEL, HAIR, KAOLIN, PLASTER, BRICKS, FERTILIZERS,

Straw, Hay Grain, Flour

&c., &c.

NO. 15 THORNDIKE STREET,

Branch office, 49 Merrimack street,—Calderwood's cigar store.

G. W. Harrington & Bro.,

Manufacturers of the Finest Carbonated Soda Beverages in the City. The choicest line of

Lager and Stock Ales

In the city. Family Trade a Specialty. Order by Telephone 348-4.

CORNER WINTER AND DAVIS STS

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO.

Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding, Blank Books a Specialty

42 CHURCH STREET.

WM. F. COURTNEY, 13 and 14 Blanchard Block

Attorney at Law.

A. C. Pollard & Co.

BOOK DEPARTMENT.

The Magic City, a beautiful large book, with three hundred photographic views of the World's Fair. Our price $1.39; regular price $5.

The Brownie Books, containing four books, "The Brownies at Home—The Brownies their Book—Another Brownie Book—The Brownies Around the World" (new). Our price 98c; regular price $1.50

Handy Classics, beautifully bound in red and white, also lavendar and white. Our price for this lot 18c each.

Handy Classics, two volumes sets of standard works, in uniform binding, gilt top. Our price 75c set.

2000 Books of standard works, bound in silk cloth, garnet or blue, gilt top; would make a very handsome library edition. Our price 25c; regular price 50c.

Children's Books, in all styles, from 5c. to $3.47 each. We have rare bargains in this lot.

Booklets, we have a complete line of Booklets, from 3c to 89c each.

Calendars in all styles, price from 19c to $1.49 each.

Dickens' Complete Works, 15 volumes, cloth bound. Our price $4.50 set; regular price $7.50.

Scott's Waverly Novels, bound in garnet pebble cloth. Our price $5.00; regular price $10.

Thackeray's Works, complete in 10 volumes, cloth bound. Our price $4.50 set; regular price $10.

100 sets of 2 volumes, bound in handsome cloth binding. Our price per set 89c; regular price $1.50.

Devotional Books, in beautiful white and gold bindings, including "Small Helps for Today," "The Daily Rounds," "Text Hymn and Prayer Yesterday," "Today and Forever." Our price $1.15 each.

Frances Ridley Havergal's Devotional Books, 25c to 38c each; titles too numerous to mention.

Books of Poems, English and American Poets, 49c to $1.97 each.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.,

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

WOONSOCKET RUBBER BOOTS,

Best in the World.

$2.75!

Other - Kinds - in - Proportion.

If You Want the Best Rubbers and Want to Buy Them Right, Visit

O'Sullivan Bros.,

OPPOSITE - CITY - HALL.

"We are carrying everything our way" in the Furniture business. The people recognize the fact that it pays to make their purchases where they can get the very best goods for less money, than they would have to pay for inferior goods elsewhere hence our success. We are now showing some of the finest Chamber, Parlor and Dining Room Suites ever shown in Lowell. The prices are so low that our customers are surprised and delighted. We have the "Glenwood" Ranges and Parlor Stoves. The finest goods in the world always in stock. Carpets, Oilcloths and Rugs of all kinds, Fancy Chairs, and Tables, Ladies' Desks and Bookcases, Easy Chairs and Rockers, all good desirable presents for the holidays You can undoubtedly find something to suit you in our stock if you will look it over, and you are sure to be satisfied with the price.

Cookin Bros., NO. 66 PRESCOTT ST.

Cold Weather Goods.

STOVES FOR EVERYBODY.

Parlor Coal Stoves, Bedroom Stoves, both coal and wood, and the famous "Electric Oil Heaters," acknowledged to be the best oil heater made, having a water reservoir in burner, which is a great improvement, preventing an odor that would otherwise arise. For a Range we have the best Range for $20 ever shown in Lowell.

CALL AND SEE US.

J. J. CAYNOR & CO.,

New Number. 35 Prescott Street.

Political Economy - -

Is not in it with domestic economy. Start at the bottom, which is your feet.

WILLIAM WADE

Knocks out theory by practical illustrations in economy. Here are some:

200 Pairs MEN'S BUCKLE ARCTICS . . . 75c
200 Pairs LADIES' RUBBER BOOTS . . . $1.00
75 Pairs BOY'S RUBBER BOOTS . . . $1.25
200 Pairs MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S RUBBERS 20c
75 Pairs LADIES' STORM RUBBERS . . . 35c
200 Pairs MEN'S RUBBERS . . . 49c
300 Pairs LADIES' CLOVE GRAIN BUTTON BOOTS . . . 75c., worth $1.25
150 Pairs YOUTH'S AND BOY'S HEAVY LACE SHOES . . . 75c, worth $1.00
100 Pairs LADIES' HAND-MADE FELT SLIPPERS, our own make, . . . 35c

We will not further describe, but invite you to call at WM. WADE'S,

23 MERRIMACK STREET.

Two doors below the Post Office.

Lowell Opera House

Monday and Tuesday, DEC. 10 and 11.

Complete Scenic Production of the Romantic Tennessee Comedy,

Coon Hollow.

SEE The Wonderful Bursting Dam and Flood. The Famous Steamboat Race. The Working Cotton Press. The Thrilling Burglary Scene. The Jolly Plantation Frolic

Two Carloads of Scenery.

A Company of 30 People.

Prices, 81, 75, 50, 35, 25c. Seats on sale Friday at 10 o'clock.

Wednesday, Dec. 12th,

The Favorite Comedian,

GEO. W. WILSON,

For many years Boston's most popular actor, now making his farewell tour previous to succeeding Mr. Denman Thompson as Joshua Whitcomb in "The Old Homestead," presenting the great comic play,

THE - CUV'NOR.

The great laughing success of London, New York and Boston. Mr. Wilson in his wonderful creation of The Deaf Old Boat Builder, as played by him over five hundred times. "Yer 'and, Guv'nor; yer 'aud." An excellent company in support.

Prices 81, 75, 50, 35, 25c. Seats on sale Monday.

Music - Hall.

Thomas & Watson, Lessees and Managers.

Week Commencing Monday, Dec. 10.

The Charming Comedienne,

Pauline - Parker,

In the Beautiful Comedy Drama, Entitled

"Wild Rose"

And her own admirable company of players, including the favorite comedians,

Richard & Thomson.

Prices, 10, 20, 30c. Secure Seats now.

M. W. MILLER,

House and Fresco Painter and Paper Hanger, 55 WILLE STREET.

Wall Papers supplied at wholesale rates. Get my prices before going elsewhere.

NEW LUMBER YARD.

No. 255 HILDRETH STREET.

Best Quality. Lowest Prices. Cedar Posts a Specialty.

F. V. Allen & Co.,

Telephone 503-5.

DRS. CUFF & CONSTANTINEAU

Surgeon Dentists

Rooms 5, 6, 7 8, Bon Marche Build'g, 159 Merrimack Street.

MULLIN & WINSLOW,

Dealers in

COAL

At Summer Prices

1018 Gorham Street.

Telephone 21-6.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

OFFICE

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle.

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, Alex. G. Cummock, George S. Motley Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS,

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First-class Gas Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Do You Go To Lawrence?

If So, Call At

THE HOTEL BRUNSWICK,

Which now has the Finest Dining Rooms in the city. They have been recently renovated. The Cuisine is Unsurpassed

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street,

Photographers,

Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work Guaranteed.

FISHER H. PEARSON, Room 44 P. O. Block,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

SUN WEATHER BULLETIN.

ALMANAC FOR MONDAY, DEC. 10.

SUN RISES	7 01	MOON SETS	4 55 AM
SUN SETS	4 12	FULL SEA	8 45 AM
LENGTH OF DAY	9 00		9 50 PM

Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Local snows; northeast winds.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Local rain or snow, followed by fair; northeast winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

Yesterday was a very wintrish day.

The Letter Carriers' ball will be held in February.

There will be a church wedding in the near future.

Mary Emerson has been granted a widow's pension.

Slowly the drift of business is towards the new post office.

Special Officer Drury killed six worthless horses Saturday.

The new Tremont & Suffolk storehouse will be seven stories in height.

For 22 years the Moody street bridge project has been before the city council.

A bazaar in aid of the Sacred Heart church will be held the last week of this month.

Supt. Collins will be a candidate without opposition for re-election by the overseers of the poor.

The Grocers' association will investigate as to the cause of the failure of reporting the hawker ordinance.

A better water supply at the Elson cemetery will be asked of the water board by the trustees next spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Cumnock of New York spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Cumnock.

Mr. John O'Brien, alias Quinn, held in Boston for shooting a man, and who says he belongs in Lowell, is not known here to the police.

Moir Bros. & Co.'s Christmas department is an interesting place to spend a day in and get an idea of what to give for a present. See advertisement.

What to give for a Christmas present, the question so many are asking is answered by O'Donnell & Gilbride in a way that will interest all classes.

In making up your mind what to buy your children or friends for presents keep in mind that a set of drafting instruments, a box of artist's colors or an artist's outfit would make an acceptable present. These and many more can be found at A. L. Kittredge & Co.'s, 28 Central street.

Democrats vote early.

Day Nursery Gets $500.

Samuel A. Chase, treasurer of the Central Savings bank, as executor of the estate of the late Dwight L. Dimock, has notified the Day Nursery association of a bequest of $500 made by the will of Mr. Dimock.

Rehearsing a Drama

The Lowell Dramatic club held its first rehearsal for A Celebrated Case yesterday afternoon. This drama will be presented at the Opera house Jan. 17. The cast includes Messrs. M. J. Mahoney, T. J. Kennedy, D. S. O'Brien, T. H. Mulloon, Jas. McCarthy, Misses Sadie Mack, Marie Smaller, Mary Harrihan.

Vote the whole democratic ticket because by cutting a democrat you want defeated, you may defeat one you want to see elected.

Arrested for Alleged Theft.

Edward Partlow was arrested on Cambridge street last night by Detectives Laflamme and Allen for breaking and entering Brown's sweater manufactory on Plain street some time ago. Partlow was one of three burglars. The other two were sentenced. He fled to Fitchburg, stole a bicycle there, got four months in jail and has just returned to Lowell.

Polls open at 6 a. m. Vote before going to work.

QUESTION OF LICENSE.

Letter in Favor of a License Vote and Some Strong Reasons Given.

Messrs. Editors: So little has been said with reference to the license question during the present campaign, that there is a possibility that many voters may neglect to vote on that very important question at the election tomorrow. It is a matter of such importance to every citizen that it should not suffer from apathy or indifference. Lowell should vote yes on the license question for many reasons.

First, because such a vote is in the interest of temperance. Under the efficient supervision of the present commission and the police the sale of intoxicating liquor is carried on in such a way that whatever evil attends it is reduced to a minimum. The city's lamentable experience in 1890 is too recent to require any reminder of the sad results following a no vote. The falling off in the arrests for drunkenness of over 700 in the present year compared with 1893, indicates that the tendency of the law as now enforced is toward sobriety and a better state of morals in the community.

Second, because by the choice of a good commission the license question has been taken out of politics, and the unpleasant contest in the board of aldermen for licenses has been removed. The citizens of Lowell have confidence in the license commission, and are satisfied that the distribution of licenses will hereafter be governed wholly by fitness. They will not by a no vote refuse to allow the commission to administer the law.

Third, because a vote for license means a large and very important revenue for the city. It is foolish to say that this makes the city a partner in crime. The business is sanctioned by law and, conducted legally, is legitimate. Under an inoperative no vote, the business will go on just the same, but illegally, and the city will lose a very large sum, which tax payers are in no mood to dispense with at this time.

Fourth, because a vote for license means business and prosperity for the city as a whole. With the opening of cheap communication with Lawrence, if this city should refuse license, Lawrence will profit immensely, not simply in the sale of liquor but of general merchandise as well. This is a point which does not need to be argued to any merchant or owner of real estate. Whatever may be thought in regard to license, it is an established fact that where it exists and the law is obeyed as it is in Lowell today, business in all lines prospers, while on the other hand stagnation is the rule under no-license or the illegitimate sale.

These are only a few of the reasons which might be given in favor of a yes vote. Every citizen, therefore, who is sincerely in favor of the moral, well being and business prosperity of Lowell will vote yes next Tuesday on the license question.

TEMPERANCE.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 81 MERK'K ST.

If nervous, try Old Hundred cigar.

Wall paper at 18 Church street.

T. C. Lee, Fire Insurance, Donovan Bl'dg.

Musical Instruments at Downing's 182 Middlesex street.

Charles H. Kohlrausch, Jr., of North Billerica is recovering from his recent illness.

E. A. Wilson, coal dealer, is selling coal at lowest cash prices: call at 51 Merrimack street.

Patten & Co. have the finest potted and cut flowers in the city, Sheid's block, Central street.

At the Swedish Lutheran church last evening services were held in honor of the 300th anniversary of Gustave Adolphus.

Ladies on the lookout for mark down prices, will certainly find something to their benefit in the Criterion ad on page 2.

A true, life-like photo is something everybody admires. Marion makes that kind. Visit his studio in Barristers' hall and have a sitting made.

Miss Mamie Davis of Carolin's Court observed the thirteenth anniversary of her birth Saturday, and entertained a party of friends in honor of the occasion.

For useful Christmas presents call at Cambridge's, the well known stationer in the Merrimack house block. Their goods are new and novel and prices are low.

If you wish to be sent for to vote, leave notice at Democratic headquarters.

£ Xmas Remittance £.

For Christmas drafts payable in Ireland, England, Scotland and all over Europe. Call at Murphy's steamship agency, 18 Appleton street; English sovereigns bought and sold.

The Millerites have captured the republican party and would not have a liberal republican in any office. Who wants an A. P. A. ring in charge of the city government?

Ready For Christmas.

The great display of meats and vegetables at the Union market would tempt the appetite of almost anybody. This market has a reputation for having the finest quality of goods to be obtained in the city and their prices are always the lowest to be found. When you want to save money trade with the Union markket.

Here's a Personal Pointer.

There is no one in our opinion who will find fault with a saving of from 20 to 40 per cent. in purchasing dry goods. If you want such a chance as this go to Brown Bros.' store, corner of Merrimack and Dutton streets. They have a list of bargains which cannot fail to interest you, if only in goods needed every day.

Polls open at 6 a. m. Vote before going to work.

Attempt to Break the Strike.

It is said the Messrs. Faulkner whose employes are on strike will make an effort to break up the strike by offering to those who held any authority, their old wages if they will return to work. By this they expect to break the ranks and look for a rush to the mills on the part of the help. The leaders of the strikers appeal to the men to stand firm.

Harry Bartlett's Promotion.

Mr. Harry Bartlett, elder son of C. E. A. Bartlett of North Chelmsford, and who married Miss Alice Moulton of this city, has been appointed superintendent of the B. & M. motive power, coming here from the Pennsylvania road, where he has been assistant superintendent. His many Lowell friends will be pleased to hear of his good fortune.

Baptized In Prison.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Dec. 10.—Daniel H. Robertson, who is to hang next Friday for the murder of his wife, Mary, was yesterday baptized at the house of correction in this city. After being baptized Robertson received communion. He seems resigned to his fate, although in the past he has seemed to feel as if an injustice had been done him.

Mexico's Boundary Dispute.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The Mexican legation has received no news concerning the alleged conflicts between Mexican and Guatemalan troops, arising out of a boundary dispute. Pending discussion, no troops. Minister Romero says, have been sent to the disputed territory, which is almost entirely uninhabited.

Will Benefit Merchants.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—Necessary arrangements are to be provided for securing to merchants in the cities authorized to make up pouches for foreign points the advantage of forwarding foreign mail by the latest train that connects with the steamers at New York city. The arrangements will take effect Jan. 1.

American Beef and Pork.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—Ambassador Runyon has renewed his representations at the foreign office as to the discrimination against American canned pork. Freiherr von Marschall's reply was unfavorable. He held out no hope that the decrees against American canned goods, cattle and fresh meats would be recalled.

A Dangerous Spot.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Dec. 10.—A movement is on foot to secure a lifesaving station at the island of Nashawena, where many vessels have been wrecked of late years. It is a particularly dangerous place, the south side of the island being called "The Graveyard." If a vessel strikes there she is doomed.

One Confessed.

PORTSMOUTH, Tex., Dec. 10.—Sam Evans was arrested at Corsicana yesterday, and acknowledged that he was one of the men who robbed the Texas and Pacific train at Mary's Creek last Thursday night. Two other men whom Evans implicated were arrested.

Of Course!

ROME, Dec. 10.—Mayor Prince Ruspoli arrived here from New York yesterday. In an interview he passed several flattering comments upon the prodigious activity of Americans.

Doesn't Like Demonstrations.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—It is reported that the emperor has suggested a special measure to prevent the recurrence of socialist demonstrations in the reichstag.

Louis Alexander,

Importer and tailor, 65 Central street, is a first class practical cutter of long experience in fine New York houses. Is up with the times and guarantees satisfaction. Fall importations now ready.

Horses With Records.

Working horses as well as driving horses receive the strictest attention at Merrimack stable, 78 Merrimack street. Board $4 per week. Horses stabled for the winter.

Holiday Goods.

Before you buy your holiday goods call in and look over our big stock of dolls, toys, dinner and elegant glassware. Our prices are very low. Dickson Bros., 65 Merrimack street.

CONGRESSIONAL

Plans for Debate in Both Branches.

NEW TREATY WITH JAPAN IS RATIFIED.

No Lack of Concessions Made to Uncle Sam.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10. — The second week of the session in the house promises to witness a fierce struggle over the income tax in connection with the appropriation to be incorporated in the urgency deficiency bill to provide for the collection of the tax, which begins Jan. 1, 1895.

Mr. Sayers, chairman of the appropriation committee, intends to call up the bill tomorrow, after the railroad pooling bill is disposed of. Mr. Bartlett of New York is at the head of the opposition to the appropriation, and although the opposition is not considered strong enough to defeat the appropriation, it is expected that the debate will abound with acrimonious reference to the late election, and that much bad blood will be manifested.

The consideration of the income tax appropriation may consume several days. Today is District of Columbia day, and tomorrow the fate of the pooling bill will be decided, as Mr. Patterson of Tennessee, in charge of the measure, has given notice that at 3 o'clock he will demand the previous question. The general opinion is that the bill will not pass as reported, but will probably be carried when amended so as to give to the interstate commerce commission absolute control of the conditions of railroad pooling and final authority in the matter of revoking pooling orders.

As soon as the urgency deficiency bill, which will follow, is out of the way, it is the intention of the appropriation committee to bring forward the fortification appropriation bill. The Nicaragua canal bill will not be brought up this week. Thursday, according to notice already served, Mr. Brown, chairman of the elections committee, will call up the North Carolina contested election case of Williams vs. Settle.

The Week's Program In the Senate

will depend largely on the decision of the Democratic steering committee with reference to the order in which bills preferred by the Democratic caucus are to be taken up.

It is not supposed by any one that the proposed currency bill will be given first place, for the reason that no currency bill has yet been formulated. The friends of the other bills will unquestionably press their respective measures, and it is as yet impossible to say which of the bills mentioned will receive the preference.

While the committee is undecided, Senator Morgan will be improving his opportunity to press the claims of the Nicaragua bill. He gave notice of his intention to call the bill up today, and he opened the proceedings of the day, after the disposal of the morning business, with a speech devoted to an explanation of the merits of the bill. This speech will consume the greater part of the day. The speech made, the decision of the committee will probably be allowed to control as to whether the canal bill shall continue to receive attention or shall be displaced by one of the favored measures.

Our Treaty With Japan.

The full text of the new treaty between the United States and Japan is the main subject of comment in diplomatic and official circles. It was scanned with great interest yesterday, as it gave the first exact details of the instrument by which the United States formally recognizes Japan as a first-class power in the sisterhood of nations.

The treaty shows how fully the United States has accorded Japan the recognition she has now as an enlightened, modern nation. All previous treaties have been based on the theory that the relics of Eastern barbarism still remained with Japan. Accordingly she was not allowed to conduct her own courts, or to make her own tariff laws, but special treaty regulations were made to protect American litigants and American commerce in Japan on the presumption that the native laws would not afford adequate protection.

Running throughout the new treaty are the concessions recognizing her courts and laws as ample for Americans as well as natives. This is the chief feature of the treaty. The old consular courts, in which United States consuls tried cases at Japanese treaty ports, are abandoned. Instead of them, all cases, civil and criminal, in which an American is concerned, will be tried by the native courts.

The right of Japan to make her own tariff laws is also recognized. Heretofore the United States has been free to make such tariff laws as she saw fit affecting Japan, but the latter was forbidden by treaty from fixing duties above 5 per cent ad valorem.

The protocol of the new treaty recognizes the general statutory laws of Japan concerning the tariff, and articles 4 and 5 give her for the first time the "favored nation clause," by which she is guaranteed against any higher duties than those the United States imposes on other countries. The abolition of the foreign settlements and their absorption by the native cantons of Japan is another recognition of her advanced municipal organization.

Advantages to Americans.

On the other hand, the United States secures many substantial advantages. The missionaries, who make up such a very large class in Japan, are guaranteed freedom of worship and protection in that worship.

The main concession, however, is that of article 2, by which Japan is opened up to American commerce. Heretofore, Americans have been restricted to a few treaty ports of Japan. They could not reside or carry on business, or even travel in the interior.

Now, however, every corner of the country is opened to Americans. They can establish business and manufactories, lease lands, etc. It is the opening of the heart of Japan, hitherto inaccessible to American enterprise and commerce. In giving the Japanese a similar right to settle throughout the United States, care has been taken to provide that their coming must be subject to our alien labor and immigration laws.

The provision of the treaty that it must be ratified within six months makes it incumbent for the senate to act on it at the present session or the treaty will fail. There is every probability, however, that the senate will act promptly. Minister Kurino has forwarded a copy of the treaty to his government, where it will be considered and ratified by the privy council of Japan.

Preparing to Resist the Japs.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 10.—The new viceroy of Nankin is changing officials. He is strengthening the river entrances with mines and torpedoes, and has appointed a new admiral to command the Nan-Yang squadron. It is supposed that he expects the Japanese to make an attack on the place during the winter.

KING GUSTAVUS ADOLPHUS.

HIS NAME REVERED BY THE SWEDISH PEOPLE.

Services in Stockholm in Honor of the 300th Anniversary of His Birth Were Pompous and Elaborate.

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 10.—The 300th anniversary of the birth of Gustavus Adolphus, the great Swedish king, who died on the battlefield of Luetzen, Nov. 6, 1632, was celebrated here with a pomp and splendor which made it one of the greatest festivals ever held in this capital.

The celebration commenced Saturday morning, when the public school children gathered in their respective schools, and then march to the various state churches, each child carrying a small Swedish flag. Later in the day memorial festivals were held in all the high colleges, and in the evening there were three celebrations on an immense scale, arranged by the Swedish Patriotic society, in three of the largest banquet halls in Stockholm.

Speeches were made by men famous in the service of their country, and patriotic music was performed by the various bands of the crack regiments. In addition, memorial services were held in some of the churches.

Patriotic and religious hymns were rung on all the chimes in the city yesterday. The regimental bands also played similar music.

King Oscar Among the Worshippers.

In the Riddarholm church, the burial place of Gustavus Adolphus, Charles XII and other Swedish kings, where, usually, no divine services are held, services took place at 11 o'clock in the morning, and were attended by King Oscar, the royal princes, the representatives of the German emperor and other deputations from Germany, the diplomatic corps, the aldermen of Stockholm and numerous delegations.

After the religious ceremonies a number of magnificent wreaths were placed on the tomb of Gustavus Adolphus. A guard of honor that was drawn up around the church fired a salute, which was answered by the cannon of the Skeppsholmen battery.

A few hours later a memorial service was held in the German church. The sermon was preached in the German language, by Professor Fricke, president of the Gustavus Adolphus society of Germany. The king, the representatives of Emperor William and all the delegations from Germany attended.

At 4 p. m. a torchlight procession marched through the principal streets of this city, the torchbearers consisting of all the troops of the Stockholm garrison. While passing the Gustavus Adolphus monument, which was splendidly decorated with flags and banners and illuminated by thousands of electric lights, the standard bearers and all the troops saluted.

A Scene of Splendor.

All the buildings in the vicinity of the royal castle and Gustavus Adolphus square were illuminated. The scene was a magnificent one, the blue waters of Lake Mueler and the Baltic reflecting the innumerable illuminations.

The statue of Axel Oxenstierna, the great chancellor of Gustavus Adolphus, who conducted the 30 years' war after the king was dead, was most gorgeously illuminated. The cost of this work was borne by the Swedish nobility.

A few hours later another torchlight procession, made up of the various clubs and societies of the capital, marched through the streets to the royal castle, where a choir, consisting of 650 voices, sang patriotic airs.

Still later in the evening, King Oscar gave a banquet at the castle, to which about 100 persons were invited. Gala performances representing scenes from the life of Gustavus Adolphus were given both at the opera house and the theaters.

The many poor people were royally remembered by gifts of clothing and food. The day was celebrated in an appropriate manner throughout Sweden.

All Protestant Germany celebrated the 300th anniversary of the birth of Gustavus Adolphus, the King of Sweden, who, in 1630, took his army to Germany to help the Protestants in their struggle with the Catholic league.

Must Get Rid of Wines.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—A statue of M. Plancon, who first advocated the introduction into France of American vines to combat the phylloxera, was unveiled yesterday at Montpellier. M. Vigar, the minister of agriculture, made a speech, in which he guardedly intimated that it was possible there would be a relaxation of the present policy, with a view to finding a market abroad for the overstocked French wine growers.

A Tariff Straw.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—Frank H. Mason, consul general of the United States at Frankfort-on-the-Main, reports that the exports to America from his consular district for October and November showed an increase of 20 per cent over the value of the goods exported during the corresponding months of 1893.

Earthquakes and Floods.

ROME, Dec. 10. — A torrent of rain flooded the houses in Reggio, which recently sustained great damage by earthquakes, Saturday evening and early yesterday morning. There was a sharp shock which caused a panic.

Steamers Delayed by Storms.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—A violent southeast gale prevails along the Irish coast. Several steamers were compelled to seek refuge in Queenstown harbor. A number of small craft were swamped and wharves were damaged.

Krupp's Contribution.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—Herr Krupp has given 5000 marks for the construction of a Protestant church at Essen, where the Krupp gun works are situated. Essen is the center of a large Catholic population.

He Contributed $400,000.

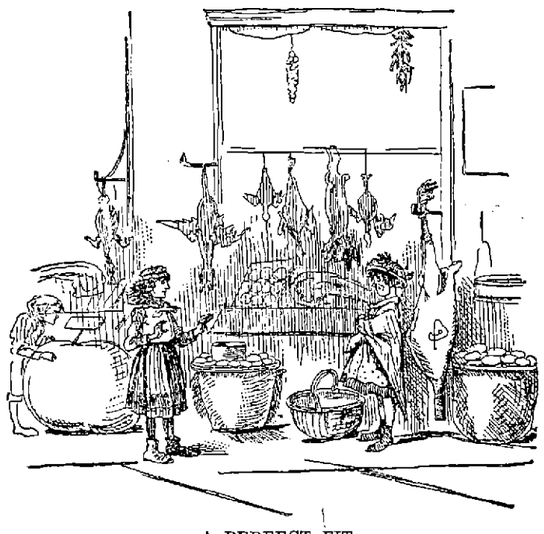
MARSEILLES, Dec. 10.—Stephen Zaphheropoulo is dead. He was the celebrated Greek grain merchant who sent the national defense government a gift of over $400,000 during the war of 1870.

A Lynching In Prospect.

RICHMOND, Ky., Dec. 10.—The assassination of David Dory, at his farm, near this city, is a leading topic for discussion. Two bloodhounds were taken to the place where the crime was committed. They trailed to the cabin of Abraham, Tom and Bill Taylor. This was fair evidence, the authorities believing the proper parties had been arrested. They were right in their belief, for Bill Taylor confessed. Taylor's confession is sufficient for Dory's friends, and they are here in large numbers to swing Taylor before daybreak.

Portland Wants Cash.

PORTLAND, Me., Dec. 10.—City Treasurer Libby has been empowered to find the standing of the Portland and Ogdensburg railroad stocks in metropolitan markets. The city took a large share of this stock at the time the road was built, and it now proposes to dispose of it to the highest bidders. The proceeds will be issued to pay the city bonds which come due in February.



A PERFECT FIT.

"Hey, Nellie, how big is de bird?"

"Cut off its neck an' legs, an' allow for wot it'd lose in de cookin', an it'd fit yer stummik like a glove."—Life.

RIOT IN A CHURCH.

Edifice Badly Damaged by a Mob Who Wanted to Get Hold of a Man Who Had Been Reformed.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10. — The Mission of Bethesda church, which is maintained by the Moody institute, was the scene of a riot yesterday afternoon. Bricks, stones and clubs crashed through the windows, doing considerable damage. One person was hurt.

The usual services were being conducted by Pastor Newell when they were interrupted by a roar of voices from a large crowd outside. "Bull" Goldstein was a listener to the pastor's exhortation, and his name was heard above the chorus of voices which greeted the worshippers.

A storm of jeers and shouts was followed by a shower of missles, which shattered the windows and put the congregation in an uproar.

Mr. Newell hastened outside and tried to quiet the mob, but was compelled to beat a retreat. A second volley of stones and bricks came through the windows, and one of the congregation, a young man, was struck on the side of the head by a piece of glass and seriously injured.

As the mob seemed determined to wreck the building in its effort to get Goldstein, who was formerly one of them, Mr. Newell sent word to the police, who dispersed the mob.

Sultan Is Worrying.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 10.—The sultan has not acquiesced in the mission of Consul Jowett, who was selected by President Cleveland to inquire into and report upon the Turkish outrages in Armenia. The sultan appears to fear the effect of an independent report to the Washington government. The porte is completely alive to the gravity of the situation, and seems to fear either a collective note from the powers or an agreement between Russia and Great Britain for a Russian occupation of Armenia. Altogether there is need of much diplomatic skill to extricate Turkey from the difficult situation in which she finds herself.

The Fenian Scare.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—The Morning, commenting upon the statement that detectives are guarding Messrs. Asquith, Harcourt and Morley, and the alleged revival of Fenianism, records the visit to England of a well-known Irish-American extremist under an alias, who, while he was in this city, visited three men who were active in the Fenian movement. He was shadowed by detectives throughout his sojourn here. The Scotland Yard authorities are fully alive to all revived Fenian movements and threats of Irish-American organs.

Afraid We Are Getting Ahead.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—The Temps, commenting on what it describes as America's new departure in its foreign policy, says that the feverish anxiety that America has displayed in the far East is doubtless explained by the fact that the Chinese-Japanese war directly affects numerous American interests, but what about the dispatch of a commissioner to Armenia? This is a small beginning, perhaps, but it is a grave indication fraught with the serious consequence that America may become the seventh European power.

Wholesale Indictments.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Dec. 10.—The grand jury here has found 52 indictments against various ex-county officials and members and ex-members of the board of supervisors. It is alleged that the defendants during a period of four years conspired together so successfully that the county has been robbed of nearly $200,000. The report of the jury was a surprise to every one, and has produced a sensation.

Cashier Has Skipped.

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 10.—A. Whipple, cashier of the Crawford county bank, has absconded, and the bank is closed. He has had several government contracts at Fort Robinson and Omaha. Payment on one check for $2500, and others made to him by the government of the United States depository at Omaha, have been stopped.

Fort au Prince's Big Fire.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—Steamer Prinz Wilhelm III brings the news of a big fire that broke out at Port au Prince on Nov. 30 in the poorer quarter of the city. More than 100 dwelling houses were destroyed. No lives were lost, however. The flames started in a dwelling, where lighted candles had been left on an altar.

Got In the Train's Way.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—While waiting at the Lyons depot of the Burlington road, a party of young people were struck by a train, one young lady being killed outright, her brother perhaps fatally injured and another brother narrowly escaping death.

Lost Her Propeller.

SAVANNAH, Dec. 10. — The steamship Julio, from Charleston for Barcelona, with cotton, was towed into Savannah by the steamship Hindustan, with her shaft broken. The Julio had drifted around at sea for five days, having lost her propeller.

Train Struck Carriage.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Dec. 10.—A train struck a carriage containing John Burrows and Miss A. Campbell. Both will probably die. The carriage was wrecked and the horse killed outright.

I LIKE MY WIFE TO Use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder because it improves her looks and is as fragrant as violets.

SILVER AND IMMIGRATION.

Will Occupy a Large Portion of the Time of the Federation Convention—Outline of the Probable Program.

DENVER, Dec. 10.—The convention of the American Federation of Labor opened at 10 o'clock today. It is probable that a resolution favoring the free coinage of silver will meet with very little opposition. On the question of immigration views will probably be in the shape of a resolution asking congress to limit all immigration to this country for a number of years.

The principal business to come before the delegates will be the adoption of a platform. As a basis for such a matter the following program, adopted by the trades assemblies of Great Britain, has been recommended for consideration:

"Compulsory education; direct legislation; a legal work day; sanitary construction of workshops, mines and home; liabilities of employer for injury to health of body and of life; the abolition of the sweating system; the municipal ownership of street cars and gas and electric plants for public use; the nationalization of telegraph; the principle of referendum in all legislation."

With the exception of the clause referring to the government ownership of railways, telegraphs and telephones, this platform will probably be favorably received and adopted without discussion. This clause, in itself, is considered by many workmen to make too much of socialism and is likely to cause no little opposition.

The auditing committee is inspecting the accounts of the Federation. From what they learned, they reported the finances in splendid condition.

Landed In an Asylum.

BANGOR, Me., Dec. 10.—Frank M. Beers of Bangor was taken to the insane asylum at Augusta Saturday. Beers is 28 years old. He went to New York last week and proclaimed himself as the leader of American society. He announced that it was the proper caper to appear at 7 a. m., wearing a bunch of lilies of the valley; at 8 a. m. with a bouquet of violets, while at 10 o'clock he blazed forth in a half bushel of carnations and a 50-cent cigar. He got a good start, but owing to lack of funds he was about to strike out on a new line when he was captured and brought back to Bangor.

DR. BRETON

The eminent Specialist, will be glad to see all his former patrons and any who desire his services at

44 Central Street

Office Hours—1 to 8 p. m. Sundays and Holiday by appointment only.

Christmas Goods

Pictures, Albums, Plush Goods, Games, Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Pocket-books, Bibles and Prayer Books and all the latest novelties.

CAMBRIDGE'S,

MERRIMACK HOUSE BL'K.

The Gov. Winthrop Ranges

Excell all others for Baking and their Heating Stoves are the greatest economizers on Fuel.

The celebrated Stoves may be seen at M. O'Flaherty's at 79-81 Market Street. He also does all kinds of Piping and Plumbing, and all kinds of Tinsmithing. Give us a call at

79 to 81 MARKET STREET

FALL MILLINERY.

Miss Sarah Cahill.

New Store, New Goods, New Ideas, and in fact the Latest in Millinery, at the beautiful new store at

113 CORHAM STREET,

Just above the new Post Office. The display of Novelties is quite remarkable.

You are cordially invited to call. Be sure and inquire for our prices.

MISS SARAH CAHILL, 113 Corham Street.

When in Need of Real Fine

MILLINERY

Call at the New Store of

ABBIE M. SMITH

Where the most complete assortment of Novelties and Exquisite Trimmings may be found. All New Goods.

175 Merrimack St., Welles' Block.

MRS. M. E. DUDLEY, Assistant.

Fine Mourning a Specialty.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Blew Out the Gas.

BOSTON, Dec. 10.—Two unknown men, who had engaged a room at the Hotel Eastern Saturday night, were yesterday found overcome by gas. One was dead and the other was unconscious. Both men were under the influence of liquor when they retired, and they blew out the gas.

For Bantam Honors.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—After Jimmy Barry has finished his fight in New Orleans next week, he will be challenged by Casper Leon to fight for the championship of the world, the men to weigh 105 pounds at 3 o'clock on the day of the fight.

Caught In Heavy Gales.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Dec. 10. — Two schooners have been driven ashore on Green Bay. They are fish laden and will become a total wreck. A bark was seen off Cape Race in a wrecked condition. It is supposed she is trying to make this port. She has probably been dismasted during some of the recent gales. Vessels arriving here report severe weather on the Atlantic.

New Newspaper For Berlin.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—A new journal, to be called The Berliner Correspondenz, will shortly appear. It will replace The North German Gazette as a government organ.

MOIR BROS. & CO.,

119, 121 and 123 MERRIMACK ST.

DECEMBER 10th, AND ONLY THIRTEEN MORE BUYING DAYS TO

C-H-R-I-S-T-M-A-S.

THE time is short for you to make your selection of Christmas Gifts. Our store is filled from top to bottom with suitable gifts for the Christmas season. Your opportunity to get "first choice" from our elegant and complete assortment of Novelties in Toy Dolls, Books, Games, Hankkerchiefs, Mufflers, Gloves, Jewelry, Silver and Aluminum Novelties, Pocket Books and Leather Goods, Celluloid and Satin Novelty Handkerchiefs and Glove Sachets, Christmas Cards, Christmas and New Year Cards and Booklets. In fact, our whole stock is teeming with the latest and newest Novelties at prices that cannot fail to please. Read our Specials for this week.

Handkerchiefs and Mufflers.

Our line embraces the latest novelties in embroidered and initial handkerchiefs.
Initial Handkerchiefs, 5, 10, 12½, 15, 25c.
Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 9, 12½, 19, 25, 49, 69c.
Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 5, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 19, 25, 39c.
Silk Mufflers in cream and black, always sold at $1, our price 59c.

Kid Gloves and Mittens.

Children's Wool Lined Kid Mittens and Gloves, at 49, 75, 98c. per pair.
Boys' Scotch Frilled Gloves, and Wool lined Kid Gloves, 49, 69c. per pair.
Men's Wool Lined Kid Gloves, at 49, 75, 98, $1.25, $1.48, $1.97 per pair.

Pocket-Books and Leather Goods.

Solid Leather Writing Tablets in black, brown and Bizard, with pen and ink, at 49, 75, 98, $1.25, $1.49 each; they are well worth one third more than we ask.
Leather Purses, millions of them to select from, at 5, 10, 15, 25, 49, 59, 75c.
Men's Leather Wallets, at 25, 49, 75, 98c.
Ladies' sterling silver trimmed Combination Card Case and Pocket Books, at 25, 49, 75, 98c., $1.25, $1.48, $1.97, $2.48 each. The grandest assortment outside of Boston that was ever shown.

Perfumeries and Toilet Articles.

Colgates' Perfumes, 13 odors, always 50c, 29c. ounce.
Louis Mangenots' Perfumes, the strongest French perfumes, all odors 25c. per ounce; drugstore price 50c.
Druggist Martin's Antiseptic Tooth Powder 15c. a bottle, 2 for 25c.
Large bottle best Sachet Powder for 10c.
Hoyt's Tooth Powder 12 1-2c. bottle.
The "Red Seal" vaseline, 5c. bottle.
729 cakes cream complexion "Buttermilk Soap" 5c. cake.
Swans-Down Face Powder, 10c. box.
Colgates' Cashmere Bouquet Soap, 19c. cake.
Large bottle pure extract Witch Hazel (Hamamelis) 15c. bottle.

Jewelry and Silver Novelties.

Silver Photo Frames, in thirty-two styles, at 25 and 49c. each.
Silver Perpetual Calendars, 39c.
Silver Pen Wipers, 25c.
Aluminum Salts and Peppers, 25c.
Silver Stamp Boxes, 15c.
Silver "Pool" Trays, Longfellow, Tennyson, Burns, Holmes, Lowell, etc., 25c. each.
Silver Mugs, Silver Tablets, Silver Toothpick Holders, Silver Pocket Combs, Silver Ash Trays, Silver Pin and Collar Button Boxes.
Silver Mirrors, etc., at lowest prices.
1000 Colonial Picture Frames, with hand painted decorations, worth 10c., your pick 5c. each.

O'Donnell & Gilbride.

WHAT CAN I GIVE FOR A CHRISTMAS PRESENT.

This query will be heard many times in the next ten days. Our answer is to visit our store and you will find gathered a vast variety of the products of art and manufacture among which can be seen many pretty things peculiarly fitted and most acceptable as Christmas presents.

Dress Patterns for Christmas.

On our Dress Goods counter will be found many things specially selected and offered in attractive form for Christmas gifts. Particular attention is called to our Novelty Dress Patterns which we are offering at $7.00 each.

Blankets and Linens for Christmas.

In these departments will be found useful Christmas presents. All the year round reminders of the donors, a remarkable bargain which we are offering is 75 pairs of fine Wool Blankets, 11-4 size, at $3.98 a pair.

Pretty Pieces of Furniture for Christmas.

The very atmosphere of our furniture department is charged with the inspiration of the great holidays in bewildering variety will be found. Ladies' Writing Desks, Book Cases, Fancy Chairs and Tables, Jardiniere Stands, Music and Parlor Cabinets, and thousands of articles which old and young must see to appreciate.

Best Stock of Books in Lowell to Select From.

Here in our book department are the world's best thoughts in every conceivable style of the book maker's art at the lowest prices ever quoted. Attention is particularly directed to our stock of Children's Books from 5c to 30 cents each.

Bric-a-Brac, China, Lamps

Are desirable Christmas gifts. Our great Basement Department is bristling with seasonable and appropriate gifts; it's no use trying to tell you of them. Come in and see for yourself.

Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs for Xmas Gifts.

We are offering for Holiday trades this year one of the largest, best selected and lowest priced stock of Handkerchiefs to be found in New England. We have but one admonition to offer, our patrons. Come early, both for your profit and convenience. The selection will be broader and better this week than next and the delay and annoyance incident to crowds will be less.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE.

Importers and Retailers of Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, Woodenware.

Merrimack Palmer and Middle Sts.

THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXV. NO. 8. LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1894. PRICE ONE CENT.

SECOND EDITION

☞THE SUN is the only paper in Lowell receiving The Associated Press, cable and telegraphic despatches. Most of the news items in this issue can be found in the other local papers tomorrow, if you are willing to wait till then.

Later News in Six o'clock Extra.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

At the Opera house Saturday the musical burlesque Prince Pro Tem was given two fine performances by the original company, and special scenery used at the Boston Museum. Orchestrally and vocally the piece was sung way up to expectations and of the cast each character received a most flattering reception. Fred Lennox as Tommy Tompkins and Josie Sadler as Wild Rosy were really the stars of the piece and their eccentricities were very clever. Miss Fanny Johnstone was as sweet as ever while Annie Lewis was greeted as warmly as when Kitty Starlight in the Dazzler.

"Coon Hollow." Tonight.

This is a new drama and the story is laid in a romantic glen in Tennessee. The story is based on fact and the author has worked in some true incidents to make a strong portrayal. In addition there are some sensational effects in scenery, including a historic steamboat race on the Mississippi and a cotton compress at work. Coon Hallow will be given tonight and tomorrow night.

The Guv'nor.

George Wilson is one of the best known New England comedians, and this fact is attested to by his engagement to succeed Denman Thompson in the Old Homestead. Wilson is a genius and has created among other roles that of Mr. Stoddart of Palmer, James Lewis of Daley's and William Herbert of Crane's company. His present comedy success, the Guv'nor, booked for Wednesday night is worth seeing.

Other Coming Events.

Stoddard will tell us about Switzerland, the beautiful Alps and the home of the referendum, on Thursday evening, and Sowing the Wind will follow on Friday and Saturday.

At Music Hall.

The Rice comedy company presenting Pauline Parker as the Wild Rose, is a border drama, will be this week's bill. The charming comedienne will be supported by an excellent company and the performances will be sure to please.

LOCAL NOTES.

Rev. James Walsh is visiting in this city today.

The Orchestral society will hold a recital next Sunday.

Albert Warren has resigned his position as clerk in Dr. Plunkett's office.

The engagement is announced of Mr. Samuel Jackson and Miss Matilda Bottomly.

Mr. Peter Connolly of 125 Jefferson street, is the happy father of a twelve pound boy.

Now is the time to buy stoves cheap at J. J. Gaynor & Co.'s, 35 Prescott street. Call and examine.

Jacob Rogers has presented to Capt. Gardner a fine ulster to take the place of the one stolen the other day.

The health report for last week shows 30 cases of scarlet fever and 9 of typhoid reported. The death roll numbered 32 for the week.

A requiem mass will be celebrated at St. Peter's church tomorrow forenoon for the repose of the soul of the late Margaret McKeon.

Fire caused $50 damaged in Hutchins & Wilson's grocery store in North Billerica, Friday morning. Rats and matches set the blaze.

The proceeds of the coming bazaar in No. Billerica is to be devoted to paying the debt upon the building of the Mathew Temperance Institute.

The acorn from which grew the tree at the corner of Seventh and Reed streets, was brought from Windsor castle by Mrs. Tucke, mother of Hon. E. M. Tucke.

On Saturday Mrs. C. H. Additon was the recipient of a costly souvenir from the employes of the Lowell Electric Light Co. The presentation address was made by Chief Engineer G. J. Cook.

Green is not selling out, but is selling watches, jewelry, silverware, clocks, pianos, organs and sewing machines less than selling out prices. Repairing watches and jewelry as well and cheaper than any house in Lowell. Green's, 88 Merrimack street.

The Younger Set Entertained.

Mrs. Darracott's hall in Runel's building was the scene of a pretty party Saturday evening. The second of a series of four subscription parties given by a number of young people was held. Mrs. Dr. Irish and Mrs. E. J. Noyes were the matrons and about forty young people were present. A. W. Thompson and E. B. Noyes managed the affair. During the evening light refreshments were served by the D. L. Page Co.

An Item of Interest.

It is not generally known that the Lakeview line was one of the first long electric lines to be installed, if not the longest in the country up to the date of its opening.

Democrats vote early.

CHRISTMAS.

Presents of money to England, Ireland and Scotland for Christmas at the Money Order Office, 324 Market Street corner of Worthen, payable at any bank in England, Ireland, and Scotland.

James F. O'Donnell,

Agent, Lowell, Mass.

Cor. of Worthen and Market Sts.

WANTED.—A partner with small capital to join me in a first-class paying business, now in operation. For interview address H. B. Smith, Lawrence, Mass.

DR. WALKER DENTIST Wyman's Exchange

MILLER BEATEN

His Supporters Resort to Desperate Methods.

Speak-easy Keepers Will Support Miller in Lieu of Protection.

The Liberal Republicans Are Opposed by the A. P. A. Ring as Unfit to be Trusted.

The Mail Tries to Prove Democratic Pledge Against Redistriction Worthless—Unauthorized Signatures to Millerite Circular—Efforts to Set French Against Irish—Other Matters.

The Mail this morning endeavors to spread alarm among republicans on the ground that the pledge given by the democratic candidates for mayor and aldermen means nothing and that if elected they will redistrict the city nevertheless, so that their defeat would afterwards be practically an impossibility. This is an insult to every man who signed that pledge from Mr. Courtney down.

It is against redistriction and means that if elected, the men whose names are signed to that pledge will vote against redistricting the city.

But there is no pledge given by the other side. They are chafing to get into office to effect a scheme of redistriction which would keep the Millerites, not the republicans, in office for years.

What is the difference between the Millerites and the republicans?

The difference is this: The republicans have lived here and conducted their party organization since the war; but a lot of immigrants who have been organized under various names such as the British Americans, Orangemen and other significant titles have all banded together in a secret oath bound society known as the A. P. A. the purpose of which is two fold. The first object is to secure public office by any means foul or fair, the second to persecute Catholics.

This was never a part of the republican policy and therefore it is that even democrats regret the capture and subordination of decent fair minded republicans by a lot of usurpers, office grabbers and fanatical disturbers. When the old time republicans who have fought and won dozens of campaigns went to the recent caucuses, they found the officers in charge a lot of unknowns. Such men as Hon. C. D. Palmer, L. T. Trull, Louis Kileski and dozens of others equally prominent could not recognize the checkers or counters. Kileski could not get elected as a delegate to the state convention, and at the subsequent caucus such men as McPhail who has yet to cast his first vote in a municipal contest, were chosen for the city committee.

A Ward Four re[pu]blican says he has attended every caucus for ten years past and could easily recognize the identity of the officers in charge until the last state and municipal caucuses when the "unknowns" were on deck. So it was in Wards Three, Two and One.

The liberal republicans are driven out and the A. P. A. have captured their organization together with the results of their years of labor and expenditure. These usurpers are an impecunious crowd because they have been around begging for money from the very men they ousted from control of the party.

Will anybody doubt that if the Miller ticket were elected none but Millerites would be appointed to office or employed in the departments? Would a liberal republican be nominated by Miller? We can only judge from the grab-all policy of the A. P. A. They would not have an official who would treat Catholics fairly.

Why have they opposed Greenhalge, Palmer, Kileski Trull, Hutchinson and men of that stamp?

Because these men have right views of politics of citizenship and are disposed to be fair towards all good citizens. The Millerites have no use for such men.

***

Do not cut your ticket; vote straight.

***

The eve of battle. Democrats get ready for the fray.

***

The liberal republicans are honorable men and brave compared to the Millerites.

***

We want peace, concord and harmony in every portion of the community not social war. Vote the democratic ticket. It stands for economy, liberality and progress.

***

The Milo club took its name from Miller, the old tables, beer kegs and jail birds were brought into requisition in the interest of the Miller ticket and under the immediate direction of William F. Hills candidate for alderman. That is the ticket which is proclaimed as respectable by the prohibitionists.

***

Tomorrow Mr. Courtney will receive a vote that will astonish him. He will be elected with a solid majority.

***

The aldermanic ticket is popular. Some men may be cut; but democrats should vote the whole ticket this year. Democrats will show their real strength for once in electing not only Courtney for mayor but also in rolling up pluralities for the aldermanic candidates.

***

The cheap political clubs are endeavoring to bleed candidates these days. Frank B. Dow kicked an alleged committee representing such a club out of his store.

***

A bet of $200 to $100 against Tinker's election is the chief money put up on the A. P. A. ticket. It is impossible to get any Miller money in the city. It must have been all paid out to beer clubs and jail birds to be used as repeaters. Democrats should be on the alert for such evidences of A. P. A. loyalty.

***

Will the French citizens swallow the A. P. A. bluff tomorrow. The Millerites have made promises to the French that will never be fulfilled and the latter are credulous enough to believe that the opposition of the darklanternites is directed only at Irish Catholics. They want to down the latter first. That done they could easily bamboozle the French.

***

A ward three liquor dealer is authority for the statement that a man in his business in that ward cannot say his soul is his own on account of the pressure brought to bear by the chief of police in the interest of Sparks. "We are obliged to say we'll vote for him rather than incur the enmity of a man who, if he sets about it, can find a case of some kind against almost every liquor dealer in the city. But Chief Davis will not follow the voters into the polling booth." That is the state of affairs in Ward Three and the situation in Ward Six is said to be similar.

***

The aldermanic nominees on the democratic ticket deserve the loyal support of every democrat and every republican. They are men of experience and business capacity. Dow, Johnson, Roach Gordon, Bagley, Peirce, Conway are all eminently respectable men and should be elected.

***

The councilmanic contest in Ward Five is important. George E. Leavitt, Fred Labarge, Edward J. Carroll and William J. Dunn are the nominees. They are four of the very brightest young men in the ward; they are good democrats, men of character and ability. By voting for them you will vote for the best interests of Ward Five and the city at large.

***

'Tis Courtney for mayor
I hear them declare,
And Joe Miller they say
Will remain selling hay
At the very same stand
Till the weal of our land
Or the little red school
Calls for A. P. A. rule;
When two suns give us light,
Or two moons rule the night
When young Liberty's dead
Or to Tyranny wed;
When we're weary of peace
And our woes we'd increase,
When we long to be riven in twain
Then we'll nominate Miller again.

***

Since the republican papers began the desperate job of getting up a race fight between the French and Irish voters, their contemptible ingenuity has been severely taxed for material. They have fallen foul of the street department and claim that democrats and Irish Catholics have driven off all the French Catholics from the pay rolls, and they cannot express their horror of such conduct. It is almost too bad to spoil this pretty story; but the fact remains that the street committee this past two years has been made up almost exclusively of American Protestants. These gentlemen ought to have done something, but they didn't. Indignation six days before election is somewhat late and comes with a bad grace, especially from the Mail that has been blackguarding the Catholics this many a day. The Citizen and Courier tell the yarn very clumsily.

Suppose the French voters ask questions of these papers that love them on election day and abuse them the rest of the year.

Editor Bayles of the Citizen is chairman of the republican board of health and his superintendent, Mr. Bates, is a republican. Will Mr. Bayles please tell us how many French voters he has working in his department? Will he take an affidavit that he has one? When he gets through doing that he can attend to the street department.

The republican press must have a very low estimate of the intelligence of our French citizens when it endeavors to convince them that the A. P. A. as represented by the Miller ticket is solicitous for the welfare and prosperity of every French voter and willing to exchange jobs for votes. They want the votes and will promise the jobs, but if elected they would oppose all Catholics alike.

***

The republicans yesterday issued a circular calling for support of the Miller ticket. It was signed by some prominent republicans and to flatter the French citizens a number of their names were among the signers but without their authority. P. A. Brousseau emphatically asserts that he did not give his name to such a circular, Sam Renaud says he knew nothing of it and is indignant to see his name signed to a circular recommending the Miller ticket. He sent word to W. F. Courtney that his signature was forged. Dr. Schiller it is understood knew nothing of the circular until he got a copy of it bearing his name.

Mzeal Jodoin denied that he had given anybody authority to sign his name to a republican circular. The circular represents the signers as large taxpayers headed by Fred Ayer but two thirds of the French republicans named pay only a poll tax.

Laporte who is recognized as the only French member of the A. P. A. in Lowell is out with Constantineau for Miller but they cannot control the French vote. They have represented to the Millerites that they could control the French vote and received promises of reward after election in case the Millerites should win. Both are in the contest for selfish motives.

***

It is stated on good authority than an East Merrimack street business man generally supposed to be a democrat is out for Miller. Protection for a speak easy is the expected reward.

***

There should be a thousand volunteer team to convey voters to the polls tomorrow. All who have teams to furnish should notify Chairman Pearson of the city committee or Henry F. Courtney at the Mansur block tonight at farthest.

***

A. G. Thompson has set out to defeat one of the democratic nominees for the council in Ward Six. He has a big contract on his hands but he is using every kind of bluff to win votes. It is stated that John E. Sullivan is the man marked out to be cut, but that is a reason why the voters should rally to his support. Vote solidly for Curtin, Riley, O'Day and Sullivan, and Thompson will not be "in it" when the votes are counted.

***

The democrats of Ward Three, the Gibraltar of democracy, have a duty to perform not only in giving loyal support to the democratic candidates for mayor and aldermen; but also in voting to a man for the councilmanic candidates, Joseph H. Gormley, James F. Miskella, Patrick F. Delehanty and Timothy J. Reynolds. They are all good men and democrats who can be trusted to stand by their party and for the interests of the city in the city council.

***

We nominate Rev. Hugh Montgomery to officiate at the funeral of the Millerites tomorrow night. He deserves the distinction.

***

Democrats of Lowell, a lot of speakeasies are to be in full blast tomorrow in the interest of the Millerites. You should see to it that the law is observed. Consider yourselves guardians of the law and compel the police to do their duty. Notify them of where liquor is being sold illegally and see if they will shirk their duty. The speak-easies of Ward Six are "fixed" for business tomorrow to aid in debauching the voters in the interest of the Millerite. The men who are seen entering these places tomorrow will be suspected of alliance with the A.P.A. Ward Three will also be favored in this regard, but the democrats will not be asleep.

***

The Lincoln club of Ward Three is solid for Courtney and the whole democratic ticket.

***

It is stated that a great effort will be made in certain parts of Ward Three to make the voters so drunk that they will be unable to go to the polls. This will be in the interest of Miller and the republican councilmanic ticket.

***

It is conceded even by republicans that Courtney will be elected by a sweeping majority. One staunch republican said he would not be surprised to see Courtney elected by 1200 majority. There never was such confidence of victory on the democratic side as in the present campaign.

***

Since the Milo club, under the management of Candidate Hills, was hauled into court and the methods of the Millerites thus exposed, one council of the A. P. A. has voted against supporting Hills. The others are for him. The order will pass around red and yellow cards bearing certain mysterious figures intelligible only to the members of the Mafia and indicating the candidates against whom the fiercest opposition is to be directed.

***

Under the excellent management of the license commission it is better by far for the city to have license than no license. Voters will, therefore, serve the best interest of the city by voting "Yes" on the license question tomorrow.

RABID AND VULGAR.

Was the Prevailing Opinion of Mr. Montgomery's Addresses at No-license Rallies.

Two "no-license" rallies were held within the past 48 hours, both called by Rev. Hugh Montgomery, and managed by him. Neither in Huntington hall Saturday night nor yesterday afternoon was there a big attendance.

The rallies were characterized by indecent, vulgar language by Mr. Montgomery in his attempt to picture the degradation into which a drunkard falls.

The arguments advanced by W. H. Ward, A. L. Russell and Rev. Dr. Court were of the same tenor as used previously and repeatedly at no-license rallies. Rev. Mr. Blaisdell of Lewiston, Me., also spoke.

There were fully 50 ladies in the hall yesterday, and the word pictures drawn by Mr. Montgomery must have disgusted them for it did a SUN reporter who is more accustomed to disagreeable sights and sounds.

It was a surprise also yesterday to have religion and an attack on the Catholic church interjected into a no-license rally and as a result Mr. Montgomery's address wound up in a big hiss on the part of the audience.

Of the many no-license rallies held in Lowell no previous one was marked by such deplorable incidents.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Coons defeated the Reuben Glues on the Highland club alleys, Saturday night, and defended their claim to the famous punch bowl presented by Abe Wheeler. The Coons were attired in minstrel show costumes, while their down-east cousins donned the overalls and jumper. The first string put the Glues 23 to the good, but they weakened on the next two and the Coons had a walk-over, 2325 to 2152.

After the game Abe Wheeler entertained the teams at his home, and the prizes were awarded as follows: To John W. Anderson for the highest three string total, a bottle of Mumm's extra dry; to the same Anderson as captain of the winners, a tin trumpet with which to rejoice over the victory; to A. H. Morton for the lowest three strings, a bottle of milk to grow strong on; to J. A. Pevey, who had the highest single string, a tin medal; to Herb. Webster, manager of the beaten team, five beets on a string; and to the handsomest bowler, Galer, a decorated pumpkin.

The Dorchester Centrals visited the Vesper club alleys Saturday evening and were beaten by a picked team of Vesper boys. Hood bowled 570 the highest score of the evening, and which is within 8 pins of the alley record. The score was 2457 to 2368.

In the league bowling review the Vespers lead the first division and Les Miserables are second. There is a falling off in pins compared with last season. In totals the Dorchester Central leads with Les Miserables second, Salems third and Vespers fourth. The Highlands are fifth in the second division.

On Wednesday the Vespers go to Salem and Les Miserables to the Norfolk house, Boston. The Highlands play Allston in Lowell, tomorrow night.

POLICE COURT.

Hadley, J.

Thirty-two drunks.

Twenty were released and the others fined.

William Rule, a dirty appearing person, was found guilty of being a vagrant. The court sent him to Bridgewater for six months.

"I have the rheumatism badly, your honor."

"Well, there are good physicians at the state farm. There are also excellent bathing facilities, and a good bath is good for some cases of rheumatism," replied the court.

George Geoffray, a stubborn child, was sent to the reformatory.

If you wish to be sent for to vote, leave notice at Democratic headquarters.

QUESTIONS ABOUT MOODY.

He Has an Uncle in This City and Visited Lowell 25 Years Ago.

The question has been freely asked if Mr. Moody ever visited Lowell before. He was here 25 years ago just about the time the Y. M. C. A. was being organized. To his first meeting he sent an invitation to Gen. Butler and Dr. J. C. Ayer and they responded. Mr. Frederick Holton of Pawtucket street, is an uncle to Mr. Moody.

Another query to be answered is that Mr. Bliss, a revivalist, was killed in a railroad horror and not Mr. Sankey who is still preaching, and who is on the staff of the Christian Herald.

DEATHS.

MILNES—Emma J., aged 27 years, wife of Frederick J. Milnes, died yesterday at her home, 78 Newhall street. Deceased was the daughter of Patrick and Catherine F. Fox, who together with her husband and three brothers, one of whom is Officer Frank Fox, and three sisters, survive her. The funeral services will be held at the Sacred Heart church.

CONANT—Charles F. Conant, who for many years was employed by the U. S. & C. Express company, and later the American Express company, was found dead in the St. Cloud hotel, Saturday afternoon. Heart disease was probably the cause of death. He was a son of A. E. Conant.

PAUL—Bernard Paul, infant child of Patrick and Mary Paul, died this morning at their home, 12 Winter street. The funeral took place this afternoon and burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

O'DOWD—Henry O'Dowd, infant child of John and Mary O'Dowd, died this morning at their home, 882 Adams street.

McManmon, florist, Prescott & Merr'k sts

Women to Study Sociology.

Rev. George Batchelor spoke to Middlesex Woman's club Saturday afternoon, an introduction to Sociology.

GREED FOR MONEY

Was Reason For the Ging Murder at Minneapolis.

BLIXT, YOUNG HAYWOOD'S TOOL MADE CONFESSION.

Bloody Crime Coolly Planned and Executed.

MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 10.—Claus A. Blixt, the janitor of the Ozark flat, has made a voluntary confession of the killing of Katherine Ging.

When Blixt decided that he wanted to unburden his mind of his share in the crime, he told the whole horrible story. Blixt fixed the time of his first conversation with Hayward in regard to the money making schemes which the young man had in mind as about two weeks ago. The first conference was in regard to either the holding up or the killing of a Chicago man, who had loaned Hayward $400, the object being to regain possession of some papers which the man might have as evidence of Hayward's indebtedness.

Blixt's ignorance prevented him from having an intelligent idea of what the transaction was to be, further than that there was to be a hold-up or a murder. Hayward went to Chicago himself, and upon returning broached to Blixt another crime, that of setting fire to a barn. He induced Blixt to commit this act, thus securing a penitentiary hold on the man.

Planning the Crime.

It was shortly after this that the scheme to murder Miss Ging was broached. Hayward told him that by killing Miss Ging he would regain possession of $7000 which he had given her, and in addition would make $10,000, as she had "willed" her life insurance to him. He offered Blixt one-fifth of the amount which he would make to commit the deed. Blixt still refused to have anything to do with the crime, and threatened to quit then and there, whereupon Hayward stated that he would do it himself.

Hayward's first plan, after he concluded to commit the crime himself, was outlined to Blixt. There was in the basement a "T" rail about 2½ feet in length, and Hayward directed the janitor to cut it in two, stating that he would take Miss Ging riding and no one would see him with her. After he had struck her over the head with the iron, which he would carry concealed under his coat, he intended to throw the body out of the buggy against a curbstone, start the horse on a gallop and tell the story of a runaway accident, calculating that the body would appear to have been thrown from the buggy when it collided with the curb.

On Saturday night, after a second ride, Hayward returned to the flats and told Blixt that the right opportunity had not occurred.

Blixt Yields to Temptation.

On Monday night Hayward again met Blixt. By threats and persuasions and promises of money Hayward induced him to be a party to the crime to the extent of aiding in the disposal of the body and making it easy for Hayward to commit the murder and return unobserved to the city, so that it would appear that by no possibility could he have been the guilty person.

Hayward directed Blixt to take a street car opposite the flats at 6:50 and proceed to Lake street, across the foot of the lake, a point where the Excelsior road bends around the lake, and there to await his coming.

Blixt followed out his instructions to the letter. He had been waiting about five minutes when he heard a shot and saw a carriage approach. As it drew up, he recognized Hayward as the driver. Hayward said to him: "It is all done." Jump in and drive slowly, and give me plenty of time to get back to town, and do not leave here until you are sure she is dead."

The Truth of It.

Blixt, at this point, told how he had implicitly obeyed instructions, carrying out all the plans just as Hayward had desired.

Blixt called the mayor and chief of police to his cell several hours after the previous confession had been made, and said that he fired the fatal shot himself. He said that Hayward had persuaded Miss Ging that "green goods" could be easily circulated through the medium of her business as a dressmaker. She, having always had an insane idea to get rich easily, fell in with the idea.

The night of the murder Hayward had told her that he had arranged for her to meet a green goods dealer on the outskirts of the city. They started off on the ride together. About 12 blocks from Ozark flats they met Blixt. Hayward induced her to let Blixt drive her to the place of meeting, with the assurance to her that he would himself follow immediately in another buggy and be present at the meeting.

Blixt then drove the woman out to the old Excelsior road and called her attention to a passing object. As she turned her head to look out of her side of the buggy he shot her. Hayward, instead of following Blixt, returned to the Ozark flats and afterward went to the theater. There seems to be no doubt as to the truth of the latest confession.

AN INSANE WOMAN.

Attempts to Set Fire to St. Andrew's Church at North Billerica.

A woman residing near St. Andrew's church, North Billerica, attempted to set fire to that edifice, yesterday afternoon, and Fr. Guillard O. M. I. telephoned to Lowell and the police were notified. Her name is withheld, as it is believed she was laboring under mental aberration. The Lowell police communicated with Constable Livingston in regard to the case. The discovery was made by the sexton and his wife as they were closing the church.

Warrant Will Be Issued.

It is stated on good authority that a warrant will be issued for the arrest of the woman who attempted to set fire to St. Andrew's church in North Billerica yesterday. The alleged incendiary is a widow named O'Brien. The fire kindled in one corner of the church was extinguished by Very Rev. Fr. Guillard with snow.

If you wish to be sent for to vote, leave notice at Democratic headquarters.

Look Out for Thieves.

It is reported that during the past week a snatch thief has made four attempts to steal pocketbooks from ladies on Bridge street near the bridge.

5 O'CLOCK

FROM LOWELL TO THE SEA.

INFORMAL OPENING OF THE ELECTRIC ROAD TO LAWRENCE.

An Event of More Than Ordinary Moment—It Will be of Great Benefit to Lowell.

The electric road to Lawrence is now open, the first cars pushed by a snow plough coming up from Lawrence and returning on Saturday afternoon. It carried the president and directors of the road.

The last link of steel between Lowell and the sea having been forged the importance of it can be readily seen. Beginning tomorrow regular trips of electric heated cars will be made on the hour and half hour and single trips cost 15 cents, or 25 cents less than on the steam railroad.

FUNERAL SERVICES.

GOODROW—The funeral of William J. Goodrow occurred yesterday afternoon from his home on Decatur avenue and was largely attended. The remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery where services were conducted by Rev. Fr. Gleason.

KERFOOT.—The funeral of Mary Kerfoot took place yesterday afternoon from her late home, 9 Wall street and was very well attended. Services for the dead was held at the Immaculate Conception church. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

The funeral services over the late Samuel C. Hunt of Framingham were held Saturday afternoon at All Saints church, Chelmsford, and among the large number present were friends and relatives from Charlestown and Framingham. A delegation of Post 185, G. A. R., was present. The post sent a large wreath and star with the post's name.

PERSONAL.

Miss Margaret E. Lockhart is ill of typhoid fever.

Mrs. Colby, wife of Rev. J. S. Colby, is seriously ill at her home in Marlboro, N. H.

Mr. John Wood Blodgett of Grand Rapids, Mich., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Cumnock of Belmont avenue.

Mr. Minot Osgood Simons, who has accepted the call to the Billerica Unitarian church, will marry Rev. M. J. Savage's second daughter, the 18th inst.

Mrs. Edward J. Noyes and Mrs. Watson A. Dickinson chaperoned a party of young girls attending Prince Pro Tem at the Opera house Saturday afternoon.

The Central Labor Union.

The storm interfered with the attendance at yesterday's meeting of the C. L. U. Vice President McMahon presided. The communication from Frank K. Foster asking that the suspender and narrow elastic web weavers be organized was referred to the organizing committee. Messrs. Meehan, Stamper and Thomas F. Garvey were appointed a committee to attend the meeting of the Faulkner's mills' strikers tomorrow and agitate the matter of securing the united action of all the labor unions to raise funds and fight the Faulkners.

The delegates of Textile 08 tendered the thanks of that body to the C. L. U. for its contribution of $100 to the strikers.

An invitation to attend the ball of Textile 70 was accepted.

A Harsh Criticism.

MR. EDITOR—In my opinion the speech of Rev. Hugh Montgomery at the rally yesterday, was the vilest, most indecent outpouring of language I have ever heard; moreover, I believe it was a disgrace to the public platform, a reflection upon the Protestant people of the city and an insult to the clergy. That a minister of the gospel should have a mind so polluted as to picture depravity so forcibly in the presence of women is beyond my comprehension.

A NO-LICENSE VOTER.

The People's Club.

Emma H. Kimball had charge of the entertainment given at the Woman's branch of the People's club Saturday evening. The program included piano solos by Emma Conture, readings by Margie Elvin, Harry Newell and Carrie Lachance, harmonica solo by Mr. Shaw, songs by Grace Maxfield and Mrs. E. A. Gelino, duets by Mrs. Roberts and Mr. Shaw, Mrs. Roberts and Mrs. Gelino.

A Deplorable Incident.

Agent Drury found Bridget Wade, a woman about 50 years old, helplessly drunk on Central street, her son, a ten year old lad, vainly endeavoring to take her home. The boy wept bitterly and begged the privilege of staying with her all night. It was not considered advisable and he was taken to his room on the Carpet corporation.

Maker's is the Place.

If you want to make a Christmas present which will be appreciated call at Maker's picture framing establishment, corner of John and Merrimack streets, Marble bank building.

She Has a Gold Watch.

Mrs. Octavia M. Messer of Bridge street is the proud possessor of a gold watch presented her in a voting contest Saturday. If it was a lady's watch she would feel better.

A New Altar Cloth.

At high mass at the Immaculate Conception church, yesterday, a new altar cloth of gold filigree was used for the first time.

Growth of Catholicity.

A concert and lecture were given at Hibernian hall last evening under the auspices of Division 1 A. O. H. The lecture was delivered by Representative Farley on the growth of Catholicity in New England. The program included solos by Miss Margaret McCaffery, Marie Smaller and others.

Discussed the Council Abolition.

The Young Men's Catholic Literary society met yesterday and about 80 members were present. The subject, "Resolved that the common council should be abolished," was discussed by J. Joseph Hennessy, Charles Cosgrove and John J. Mullaney. Several new members were admitted.

Broke Her Arm.

Miss Margaret McKinnon fell on the sidewalk on Middlesex street, yesterday and broke her right arm. She was taken to her sister's home, Mrs. John McKinley, 9 May street.

LATEST

THEY HAD BRIBES

Boodle Aldermen Reported to Have Confessed.

THOSE CASES WILL BE REOPENED SOON.

District Attorney Moody Admits the Story.

By Associated Press to THE SUN.

HAVERHILL, Dec. 10.—A great sensation is created here by the reported confession of Hadley H. Hoyt, one of the aldermen convicted of accepting bribes. District Attorney Moody when interviewed said that Mr. Hoyt had made a full confession on advice of his counsel, Mr. Burley of Lawrence.

When asked for a statement Mr. Moody said that the confession has been written out and the grand jury will be called for a special session and the cases reopened. More than this, he would not say except that Mr. Hoyt will testify for the government.

Democratic candidates and democratic papers are a unit against redistriction in case the democrats have control next year.

WHOLESALE POISONING.

Paris Green Thrown Into a Well to Kill Amesbury People.

By Associated Press to THE SUN.

AMESBURY, Dec. 10.—An attempted wholesale poisoning case was discovered today. Michael Smith who has testified against liquor dealers has been repeatedly threatened. He lives with Mr. and Mrs. Goodrich and their six children. Today it was found that fully four pounds of paris green had been thrown into a well used by the people. Fortunately no one had taken any of the water before the poison was found.

CIVIL SERVICE LIST.

Additions on the List For Carriers and Clerks at the Postoffice.

The papers of the civil service examination for clerks and carriers in the postoffice taken last August have just been returned and below are the names of those who got the required rank:

Clerks—Francis E. Appleton, 94.43; John J. Tancred, 89.23; Edward H. Welch, 85.73; John T. Burns, 84.35; Thomas A. Pendergast, 82.14; Francis H. Marren, 82.08; Arthur G. Phelan, 81.74; Edward B. Carr, 78.95; John T. Mullaney, 74.98; James Christie, 72.76.

Carriers—James H. Sullivan, 89.03; Waldo F. Miles 85.56; Thomas F. Meagher 82.40; Michael M. Doyle, 81.71; Walter V. Hickey, 79.38; Henry J. Boland, 78.43; George F. Noonan, 77.80; Wm. H. Toomey 77.18; Thomas H. Muldoon, 76.10; Herbert Cowdell, 75.10; George F. Adams, 71.68; Thomas M. Tierney, 71.04.

Democrats vote early.

Auction Sale.

A. E. O'Heir & Co., will sell on Wednesday, December 12th, at 1.30 p. m. the balance of E. H. Duprez's stock of furniture, stoves, etc., at 601 Merrimack street.

Women's Relief Corps Officers.

The Women's Relief corps of Post 120, G. A. R., has chosen these officers: President, Mrs. Mary E. Offutt; S. V. P., Mrs. Catherine P. Robbins; S. V. P., Mrs. Julitte Blood; treasurer, Mrs. Annie E. Tuttle; chaplain, Mrs. Sophia Gilman; conductor, Miss Viola A. Fifield; guard, Mrs. Carrie Mitchell; delegates to department convention to be held in Springfield, Mass, Mrs. Offutt, Mrs. H. R. Perry and Mrs. Tuttle.

Belliveau Fights Professionally.

Al Belliveau of Worcester, a clever 115 lb. man who won in a boxing contest here last May, knocked out Tim Carroll in a 10 round fight at South Newmarket, Saturday morning, for a $500 purse. He was seconded by Joe and Martin Flaherty of this city.

Vote the straight democratic ticket from top to bottom.

Crushed His Fingers.

Daniel McCaffrey, residing on Concord street and employed by the Locks & Canals company had his fingers crushed while at work in the Prescott canal yesterday. Dr. Leary dressed the wound.

Fr. Emery Comes to Lowell.

Rev. Fr. Emery, O.M.I., formerly of the Sacred Heart church and who was transferred to mission work at San Antonio, Texas, has been re-transferred to St. Joseph's church in this city.

A Young Jew Missing.

The police were informed Saturday night that Maurice Efours, 24 years old, of Jewish descent, had been missing from his home on Grand street for about a week.

For Thanksgiving.

112 piece dinner sets $5.97, $6.97 and $7.97 a set. Our stock pattern sets at $9.00 are beauties. The U. S. Tea Co., corner of Central and Prescott streets.

Postal Work Rushing.

Owing to the pressure of mail matter superinduced by flooding the city with campaign literature nearly the entire postal force was at work yesterday.

Sunday Evening Addresses.

The Reform club held its regular Sunday evening meeting last evening. There were addresses by President Bowers and Past Presidents Joy and Ring.

Concert at the Highland Club.

The Symphony orchestra gave a delightful concert at the Highland club last evening, assisted by Mr. Frederick R. Burton, baritone, of Boston.

We make buying clothes about the safest and easiest investment that's possible.

Our way—bring back what you don't like and get your money, puts in your hands all the advantages you can wish for.

The same with boys' clothes as with men's:—and this is the one store in town where you will find boys' clothes made on honor.

Suits, reefers, overcoats, ulsters, we take the boy in hand at three years of age, and clothe him properly till he's grown up:—it's hard then to get him to trade elsewhere.

PUTNAM & SON,

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS.

Central Street, Cor. Warren.

Boston and Maine Railroad.

Winter Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION

Commencing Sept. 30, 1894.

TRAINS LEAVE CENTRAL STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.50, 8.15, 9.30, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05 12.45, 2.30, 3.25, 4.10, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.20 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.35, 7.25 p. m.

For Lawrence, 8.30, 9.30, 10.50, a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.25, 4.10, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 (11.25 Wednesdays and Saturdays only) p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.20 a. m., 12.05, 5.35, 7.25 p. m.

For Haverhill, 8.30, 9.30 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.25, 4.10, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, (11.25 Wednesdays and Saturdays only) p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.20 a. m., 12.05, 5.35, 7.25 p. m.

For Salem and Lynn, 12.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Newburyport and Amesbury, 12.05, 2.30, 4.10, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter, and Dover, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.25, 4.10, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.35 p.m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.10 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls Sa-co and Portland 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.10, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.35 p.m.

For Augusta, Bath, Lewiston, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.35 p. m.

For Bangor; Belfast, Waterville, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m., 12.05, 5.10 p.m. SUNDAYS, 5.35 p. m.

For St. John N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal, and Quebec, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays): SUNDAY, 5.35 p. m.

For Eastport and St John's (per steamer), on Mondays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick and Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones at Rockland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p. m.

Southern Division.

On and After Sept. 30, 1894, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:—

For Boston—5 45, 6 30, ¶6 50, *7 45, *8 50, ¶9 00, *9 40, 11 00 a. m.; 1 40, ¶3.00, 4.30, ¶5 40, p. m. SUNDAYS, 8 45 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston—5 48, 6.34, ¶6 53, §7 01, §7 18, §7 27, *7 48, *8 57, 9 03, *9 50, 11 03, 12 00 a. m., 1 43, ¶3 03, 4 02, 4 33, *5 21, ¶5 43, *6 28, §7.52 p. m. SUNDAYS, *7 18, 7.27, 8 05, *9 16 a. m., §4 25, §6 03 p. m.

For Woburn, §7 01, 7 45, 11 00 a.m.; 1 40, 4 30, 8 40 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8 45 a. m., §4 25, 6 03 p. m.

*Express. §Northern Depot only. ¶Via Bedford.

For Lawrence — 6.30, 10.00, 2.10, 4.15, 5.50 p. m.

For Salem and Way Stations—§7.38 a. m.; 1.25, 5.50 p. m.

☞Time below is from Middlesex street station.

For Ayer Junction and Way Stations—7.15 a. m.; 12.05, 5.00 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.14 a. m.; 1.50, 3.43, 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene—9.14 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, Antrim, Bennington and Hillsboro', 2.00 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord 7.57 9.14 (Nashua only), 9.45, a.m.; 12.11, 1.50, 3.43, 5.42, 6.21, 8.13, 8.43 p.m. SUNDAYS 10.09 a.m. (to Nashua only), 3 a.m., 2.00, 6.00 8.13, 8.43 p. m.

For Penacook, Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.45 a. m.; 12.11, 5.42, §8.13 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—1.50 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.45 a.m.; §8.43, p.m.

For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.45 a. m.; 12.11, §8.13 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.45 a. m.; §8.43 p. m.

Quebec Express via White River Junction—8.13, p. m., daily except Sunday.

☞§Daily for Montreal.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT Gen. Ag't. Lowell.

Do you need any?
Shall you buy any?

SLEIGHS.

We have 100 of them in stock. They are all right, so are the prices.

FAY BROS. & HOSFORD.

Central Street.

MILLINERY.

Where shall I get my new hat? Why, at the

TEMPLE OF DESIGN,

Of course, where you are sure to get the newest and choicest Millinery at the lowest possible prices.

The Temple of Design.

14 and 16 Merr'ck Square, Runels' Block

$1 Buys the biggest load of mill kindling in the city; all cut and ready for the stove. Orders by postal promptly attended to. Edward Cogger & Co.', 165 Church st.

P. H. BEELON, 557 and 559 Gorham St. Boarding, Hack and Livery Stable.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays excepted.

Per Year $3.00 - - - Per Month. 25c.

City delivery and postage free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division. To Boston. / From Boston. — Western Division. To Boston. / From Boston.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
5 15	6 50	6 00	8 08	6 50	8 03	7 30	8 22
6 50	7 45	6 30	7 50	8 15	9 12	9 25	10 35
8 50	8 45	7 00	8 54	9 30	10 31	10 25	11 42
8 01	7 28	8 00	9 25	10 30	12 02	11 30	1 07
9 13	10 02	8 30	10 11	12 00	1 36	2 15	2 25
9 27	8 12	9 00	10 42	12 45	2 00	3 30	4 28
7 45	8 35	9 15	§10 25	2 30	3 33	3 40	5 55
8 50	9 40	10 00	11 15	3 25	4 27	4 50	6 42
§9 00	10 30	10 45	11 58	4 10	5 02	5 01	6 16
9 45	10 40	11 30	§12 08	5 10	6 11	6 01	7 13
11 00	12 05	1 00	§1 47	6 15	7 30	6 35	7 55
§12 00	12 45	2 00	2 54	7 00	8 03	9 10	10 19
1 40	2 20	3 00	3 46	9 30	10 43	b11 15	b12 12
3 50	4 25	3 30	4 48				
§4 02	4 45	4 15	§5 20				
4 30	5 20	5 00	6 44				
§5 21	6 15	5 25	6 02				
5 40	6 20	5 30	7 05				
§6 24	7 15	6 15	7 52				
§7 52	8 35	7 30	§8 10				
		8 00	§8 40				
		10 15	11 21				
		11 22	12 23				

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
§7 18	8 02	2 00	2 55				
§7 27	8 12	9 00	10 07				
8 45	§9 56	1 00	1 57				
§9 10	10 10	5 00	5 54				
§4 25	5 32	7 30	8 10				
§6 03	7 00	8 00	8 40				
		9 00	10 02				

§From Middlesex St. station only.

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Central street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway Street.

b. Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR MAYOR.

WILLIAM F. COURTNEY.

ALDERMEN.

At Large—FRANK B. DOW.
COOLIDGE R. JOHNSON,

Ward 1.—HENRY A. ROACH,
" 2 JOHN G. GORDON,
" 3 CHARLES N. BAGLEY,
" 4 EDWARD E. PEIRCE,
" 5 JAMES A. READY,
" 6 ANTHONY A. CONWAY.

NOTA BENE.

No religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States. U. S. Constitution. Art. VI. clause 3.

Government is instituted for the common good, for the protection, safety, prosperity and happiness of the people and not for the profit, honor or private interest of any one man, family or class of men. Const. Mass., Art. VII.

All religious sects and denominations demeaning themselves peaceably and as good citizens of the commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law. Constitution of Massachusetts. Art III.

TOMORROW IS election day.

A VOTE for license will be a vote for the city's best interests.

BOSTON WILL have Peabody for mayor, Lowell will have Courtney.

NO WONDER that the dry goods dealers would oppose the ascendancy of a class of men that wear only imported (A. P. A.) collars.

BE SURE and vote the whole ticket. To cut a democrat you don't want elected may defeat a democrat you do want elected. Do not vote for too many candidates or your ballot will be declared void. Vote the straight democratic ticket.

THE MAIL'S ERRATIC COURSE.

The Mail of Saturday breaks all records in the line of advancing irrelevant arguments in behalf of the Miller ticket. The Mail for a time had the distinction of being the A. P. A. organ, but it was superseded by an official publication by which the affections of the A. P. A. for the Mail have been surreptitiously alienated. Yet the Mail is as firm as ever in its devotion to the A. P. A. In accordance with the principles of the A. P. A. order that paper would set up a religious test of eligibility to office and it would make the A. P. A. the judges. Under such a rule about one-half the citizens of Lowell would be deprived of their rights; but a few very important provisions of the constitution will have first to be stricken out.

On Friday the Mail had some outrageous rot about the schools, and this was followed up on Saturday by an article showing the amount of taxes alleged to have been paid by the candidates on both sides.

In this list it overstates the amounts paid by republicans by saying they own the business in which they are engaged, as in the case of William L. Hills, who is credited with the tax of the Standard Bottling company. It also understates the amount paid by democratic candidates, as for example, in the case of Mr. Keefe, the candidate for overseer of the poor in Ward Five. He is credited with $2, whereas he pays over $120 in taxes on real and personal property.

The Mail's object in bringing up such a question seems to be to revert to the old feudal system of a property qualification for office. The democratic candidates are pronounced unqualified for office because they do not pay as much taxes as do the republicans. Judged by this test Mr. Miller would fall behind Mr. Courtney; but democrats do not regard a man's money as a qualification for office; neither do they believe that because a man is a non-Catholic he is the better fitted for office. Neither a man's religion nor his money commend him to the public service. It is honesty, integrity, and a capacity for business, together with the intelligence necessary to sound legislation that make the best qualification for service in the city council.

The Mail ignores all that seems to be most essential, and it insists upon what is not essential, what is absurd and preposterous as a test of qualification. According to the Mail's dictum the wealthiest man in the city should be nominated for mayor, and the next in line for aldermen and councilmen. Such a rule exists in Russia, and to some extent in England, but the property qualification was long ago wiped out in this country. The Mail is the first paper that would suggest its restoration.

But the poor are to be represented as well as the rich, and the people are to be represented in the city council regardless of whether they are Catholics or Protestants, Jews or Gentiles, christians or atheists. The Mail's arguments only offer another proof of the dangerous tendencies of this election and they are noted here that they may be met and defeated at the polls. The election of Mr. Courtney and the rest of the ticket means a victory for representative government, for fair play, tolerance and loyalty to the constitution, but the election of the Millerites would mean a victory for narrowness, bigotry and proscription, all of which are un-American and in direct violation of the U. S. constitution.

This is not a contest between democrats and republicans; it is a contest between the former and the usurpers who captured the republican party under A. P. A. auspices and who antagonize liberal republicans as unfit to be trusted. The voters should bury such narrowness and bigotry in irrevocable defeat.

THE PROPOSED national arbitration bill if passed will afford great protection to the public in case of strikes. It will also entitle labor unions to legal recognition which capitalists and corporation officials in every part of the country have been steadily trying to deny them. In local strikes the mill agents have never willingly recognized the representatives of labor organizations. But the fact has been made clear by the report of the commission on the western strike that labor organizations must not be treated as outlaws. They have as much right to exist and carry out their legitimate aims as have organizations of employers. The chartering of all such organizations and the provision against strikes as well as for the arbitration of differences augurs well for the cessation of labor troubles in this country and for the prompt and equitable adjustment of all that occur.

THE DEMOCRATS of this city are ready to join hands with the liberal republicans in giving the city a good business administration. The old line republicans are liberal men who are not to be classed with those who would follow a policy of proscription. The people of this city do not want an administration that will cause social war in every avenue of business, that will disunite the people and cause them to oppose each other in everything. Such a state of affairs will be, brought about by the election of the Millerites, but if the democrats win, their management of affairs will be without discrimination against any class. They will treat all classes fairly and will deal so generously with the A. P. A. as to shame the order out of existence.

A Liberal Education.

A wealthy old farmer, as close as the bark on a tree, had sent his only son to a country academy to educate him.

"You shouldn't have sent him there," remonstrated a friend.

"What's the matter with the place?" asked the old man testily.

"It's too little and poor. You ought to send him to one of the big colleges and give him a liberal education."

"Liberal! Liberal!" squeaked the farmer excitedly. "Why, man, ain't it liberal enough when I allow him $25 a month for his schooling and living expenses?"—Detroit Free Press

IT STOPS THE PROGRESS of Consumption. The makers of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery are certain of it. They've proved it for years past—and they're willing to sell it with the agreement that if it doesn't benefit or cure, in every case, they'll return the money.

Consumption is that scrofulous condition that comes from impure blood. The "Discovery" prevents it, if taken in time; cures it completely, if you haven't waited too long; gives relief and comfort, even in advanced cases.

Use it in severe, lingering Coughs, Asthma, Weak Lungs, and every Bronchial, Throat, and Lung Affection.

D. C. ROSENBALM, Esq., of *Dutch Gratiger Co., Tenn.*, writes as follows: "I had been going down in strength and weight for months. I was not able to stir and I smothered very often. After taking 'Discovery' my cough was relieved. I could walk three miles without trouble, catching cold don't distress me now. As long as I live I'll praise 'G. M. D.'"

SCOTT & O'DAY,
Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers,
Steam, Gas and Water Piping.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
54 Appleton Street,
Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4

SPECULATION.

HAMMOND & CO.,
Stock AND Bond Brokers
130 and 132 Pearl Street,
New York City, N. Y.

Stocks, Bonds and Grain bought, sold or carried on Margin.

P. S.—Send for explanatory circular on speculation, also weekly market letter. (FREE.)

GOOD HEALTH DIRECTIONS.

THE VALUE OF SUGAR FOR THE WEAK.

When to Avoid Candy—Yawning as a Remedy—Art For Amateurs.

Sugar is one of the best of the fat producing foods, and for that reason it is bad for a person, young or old, in whom there is a tendency to accumulate too much fat. The converse of this is true. It is a valuable food for those, young or old, who are too thin. It is also valuable, because it is easily digested, to those who are weak, who suffer from a lack of animal heat, and who need building up. Not too much of it, though, as Dr. Cyrus Edson explains in The Ladies' Home Journal, because there are elements needed in the body which sugar will not supply. Sugar is exceedingly satisfying to the appetite.

Dr. Edson says: I know a man who was an officer of cavalry during the civil war, and on one occasion during a raid he found an opportunity to fill his haversack and both saddlebags with brown sugar. The men of his command did the same. It was four days before they were able to get a supply of rations, and during that time they lived on the sugar and were perfectly contented with the diet. The story points to one rule which may safely be laid down for all: Candy should not be eaten immediately before meals by either child or adult because it will destroy the appetite for other food, and that other should be taken first because of the food element found in it, and which is not found in candy. In other words, the supply of sugar should be adjusted to that of other foods in a natural and common sense way proportion.

Yawning as a Remedy.

Yawning, though contrary to the canons of good society, is undoubtedly very beneficial to the individual. Muscles are brought into play during a good yawn which otherwise would never obtain any exercise at all, and its value as a sort of natural massage is considerable. The muscles which move the lower jaw and the breathing muscles of the chest are the first ones used during the process of gaping; then the tongue is rounded and arched, the palate tightly stretched and the uvula raised. The eyes generally close tightly toward the termination of the yawn, the ears are raised slightly and the nostrils dilated. The crack sometimes heard in the ear proves that the aural membranes are also stretched and exercised, something impossible by any process but a yawn. According to the New York Herald, it has recently been recommended by some doctors that sufferers from nasal catarrh should make a practice of yawning six or seven times a day, and good results will follow.

Unsuspected Sources of Disease.

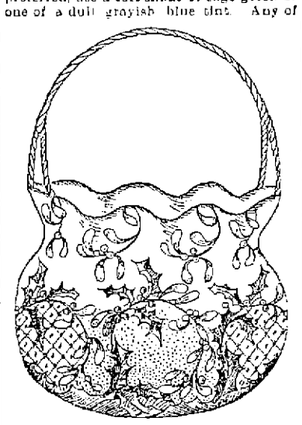
Recent investigations have brought out the fact that there are many severe cases of neuralgia caused by abnormal conditions of the nasal passages. In several instances there have been found enlargements of the bony structure or hard lumps of diseased tissue pressing against certain nerves and causing the most excruciating pain. Removal of these has resulted in complete cure, although there have been returns of the growths after the first operation. Persons who habitually suffer from pains in the head should have their conditions carefully diagnosed. Long continued suffering not infrequently brings about protracted and incurable mental and nervous disorders, says the New York Ledger.

HOLIDAY PAINTING.

The Holly and Mistletoe on China—A Daintily Decorated Candy Basket.

A decorated piece of china, the work of the giver's own hands, is a tasteful and prized gift from one friend to another. Pretty candy baskets seem especially appropriate for Christmas gifts when decorated with a design of holly and mistletoe and filled with dainty sugar plums. They are very ornamental and make charming receptacles for cut flowers. The white of the china may serve for a background, against which the sprays of the holly and mistletoe rest.

The Ladies' Home Journal, the source of the design here given, tells how to carry it out. The design can be painted in the natural colors. If a tinted background is preferred, use a soft shade of sage green or one of a dull grayish blue tint. Any of



CHINA CANDY BASKET.

the blues qualified with the grays or browns will give soft, pretty effects for this. The tinting may be laid on the basket in a uniform color or made light at the top and grow darker below. Carefully blend with a deer foot blender so that one shade will gradually fade into the other, as softness of finish is one of the greatest charms of china painting.

Another way to paint the basket is to carry out the design in monochrome, meaning one color only. Any color can be used for this style of painting. Old blue, carnation, deep red brown, violet of iron, brown green, bitume and brown if are all favorite colors for monochrome painting. If the basket is only to have one firing shade and outline the design with a darker tint of the color used. The lattice work containing stars and the stippled effect at the bottom of the basket are finished with gold.

Laugh and Live Long.

It has been aptly said that there is not the remotest corner of the inlet of the minute blood vessels of the human body that does not feel some wavelet from the convulsions occasioned by good hearty laughter. The life principle of the central man is shaken to its innermost depths, sending new tides of life and strength to the surface, thus materially tending to insure good health to the persons who indulge therein.

The blood moves more rapidly and conveys a different impression to all the organs of the body as it visits them on that particular mystic journey when the man is laughing from that conveyed at other times. For this reason every good, hearty laugh in which a person indulges tends to lengthen his life, converging as it does new and distinct stimulus to the vital forces.

NO ILL FEELING.

Just Because He Was Obliged to Lick Sammy He Loved Him None the Less.

Eliab Messenger, was a Carolina slave who was fervent in piety and blind in obedience to his master. He was tall, muscular, bacon colored and Chesterfieldian in politeness, the latter quality extending even to the "poor whites," whom he heartily despised.

The negro was pacific in disposition and a devout member of the Methodist church, but he was fond of quoting the Biblical injunction, "Servants, obey in all things your masters according to the flesh," and his faith was absolute that an order from this exalted source purged every action of iniquity.

Colonel Messenger, his owner, was one of the loyallest aristocrats of the eastern division, and he despised the courts of justice, which, he insisted, were only the arbitrament of the weak or cowardly.

"Gentlemen, sah," said he arrogantly, "can defend their own pahsons and properties under all circumstances."

Woe to the humblest inhabitants who came under the displeasure of the slaveholding autocrat, and Eliab was his chosen deputy of wrath against poor white as well as colored evildoers.

The colonel's sheepfold had been suffering from a nightly prowler, and suspicion settled, with dark clouds, upon Sammy Manside, an "ornery" white man who lived down in the "patch," a stumpy clearing in the big woods a mile or so away. After the manner of his class, Sammy fished a little, hunted a little, loafed a great deal and was particularly endowed with the gift of drinking large quantities of poor whisky without being the worse for it.

Eliab, who had been playing the role of detective for his master, was finally given private and pointed instructions, the execution of which the colonel declared, with many oaths, must be immediate. Thus fortified and strengthened, and Eliab felt in his heart that there could be no higher law, the dutiful negro made his way direct to the hovel of the supposed derelict.

"Mawnin, Sammy," was Eliab's pleasant greeting as he came up with that worthy, emphasizing it with many bows and graceful wavings of the left hand, while in his right he held his great straw hat. "Whor' do ole ooman 'n do chillun?" he added, with a quick look about him.

"Gwun a-blackburrin," drawled Sammy as he lazily arose from a three legged stool by the big fireplace.

"Trus' deyse free from ailin. Lots er sicknus projec'in dese days."

"They's middlin peart, 'Ab."

"I does hope you's 'nj'yin healf 'n peace er min, Sammy," added Eliab sympathetically and with a courtly bow, carefully copied after his master.

"I kin eat a squar' meal 'thout boin hongry," replied Manside as he bit off a big "chaw" of homespun tobacco.

"Torkin uv eatin, Sammy, dat totes easy ter a leetle, twenty mahter. Marster done t'ink—min, Sammy, I says t'inks, bekaise you's feelin's—dat you mecks yer meals off'n his Soufdown lam's."

"Me! Me steal? Mebbe he don' know I'm a purfessor 'n jined Elder Grimes' meetin one day las' week."

"Yaas, he do, Sammy," assented Eliab oilily, "'n he done say you gib de elder one er de lam's notter 'tray yer. I wants ter be sparin uv yer feelin's, Sammy, but I'ze gotter gin yer a leetle good lickin fer it."

"What yer say? A nigger lick me? I won't stand no sich foolin. Why, 'Ab, keep erway. You's a 'xhorter."

"I hain't er scusin myself, 'n I don' want er hurt yer feelin's. De Bible tells me ter obey my marster, 'n I'm jis' gwinter mop up de flo' wiv yer, axin yer pahdon."

He was as good as his word, for he gave Sammy a dressing that he was not likely to forget as long as he lived. The sheep stealer offered somewhat of a vigorous opposition at the first, but he was as a child in the toils of big Eliab, who knocked him down as fast as he arose to his feet, and after Sammy had decided the floor was a safer place plied his fists against the head and body of the delinquent until he fairly bellowed for mercy, confessed his sins and penitently promised never to offend again.

Having discharged his duty, Eliab in the most courteous manner assisted the badly punished man to his feet, carefully brushed his clothes and then said, with unctuous grace:

"I trus' I didn't hurt yer, Sammy, 'n I'd be monst'ous fetched of dis leetle mahter 'ould meck any feelin atwix' us bofe. Now, I'zo p'inted yer follin out, Sammy. Yer jes' tote yersel' t'other way when yer hears a lam' go baa! Dat's so."

Then Eliab graciously shook hands with Sammy in token of amity and retraced his steps homeward.—Chicago Tribune.

SKATES.

THE BIGGEST STOCK EVER SHOWN IN LOWELL.

More than 7500 pairs in stock, embracing all the leading makes in every size.

2500 Pairs, 8 to 12 inch, for 25 Cents a Pair.

5000 Pairs from 50 Cents to $5.00 Per Pair.

Ladies' Skates.

We have every style and size in Barney & Berry, Peck & Snyder, and the new LONG REACH.

Bartlett & Dow.
No. 216 Central Street.

PHILIP J. FARLEY,
Room 11 Barristers' Hall.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOHN A. McQUADE & CO.,
Room 12, Mansur Block, Central St.,
Constable and Collecting Agency,
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JOSEPH W. LEACH,
Room 12, Shedd's Block
Soloist and Teacher of Singing.

P. J. HOAR,
Merrimack, Cor. Palmer,
Attorney at Law.
O'Donnell & Gilbride's Block.

BOOT'S OLD 64 CIGAR,
For Sale by all Dealers.
For a Good Smoke Try One.
No. 9 Merrimack St. Henry Boot, Prop

UNION TAILORS
The only shop in town using the Union Label.
Call and see our line of SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS at Rock Bottom Prices.
SHARROW & BAXANDALL
92 - Gorham - St.

A Thankful Mother's Letter to Mrs. Pinkham.

"Last winter I did not think my little ones would have a mother long. I suffered terribly with female troubles.

MRS. VAN BUREN.

"I could keep nothing on my stomach, and got so 'poor' my friends hardly knew me. I suffered with severe headaches, dizziness, faintness, backache, and 'the blues.'

"Thanks to *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound*, I am now as fat as ever, and have no female troubles.

"If you use my letter I hope it may be the means of saving some other poor mother's life as it did mine."—Mrs. Ella Van Buren, St. David, Fulton Co., Ill. At all druggists.

OIL HEATING STOVES

Modern Apparatus for making a house Comfortable.

ROBERTSON & CO.

Have these Stoves in all sizes and recommend them for economy and efficiency.

We have the best bargains in the market in Household Goods.

Give us a call if you have need of anything. We are the hustling

House-Furnishers,
100 CENTRAL STREET.

Stained and Varnished interiors will soon be a thing of the past.

The latest style is to use

B. & K.
CLEAR TONED
INTERIOR PAINTS

The delicate party colors of which harmonize with the newest shades of wall papers.

They dry with flat finish and can be cleaned with soap and water.

SOLD ONLY AT

C. B. Coburn & Co.'s
63-71 Market Street.

PETER J. BRADY,
GROCER.
448 Gorham Street.
Choice, Teas, Coffees and Spices. Try our "BIG TWELVE," brand of flour, the best in the city.

JAMES MARREN,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
121 CENTRAL STREET.
Insurance placed in the most reliable companies.
All orders sent to P. O. Box 486 shall be promptly attended to.

Arthur M. Bertrand,
(Successor to F. W. Sargent,)
MERCHANT TAILOR.
FINE TAILORING A SPECIALTY.
24 Middle Street, Lowell, Mass.
Dress Suits to Let.

What would Lowell be without the spindle? The city is known the world over as "The Spindle City."
The Spindle Cigar
Is made by HENRY FLOOD; best smoke in town

WANT COLUMN

☞ Advertisements inserted under this head for ONE CENT A WORD, first insertion; subsequent insertions HALF PRICE.

TENEMENTS TO LET

TO LET—A pleasant office in THE SUN building. Inquire at SUN office.

J. H. COSTELLO, Carpenter, room 9, Howe block.

TENEMENTS TO LET.—By George D. Kimball, room 6, Runels' block, Merrimack square.

FOR SALE.—In Centralville, cottage house of 7 rooms, near Bridge street. Price $1200, and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

SALESMEN, we send samples, allow liberal salary and expenses or commission to proper applicants. Staple seller, three stores out of five will order. Address with stamp Lock Box 420, New York City.

$900 AND EXPENSES PAID competent men first year, or large commission, selling by sample, staple goods to merchants. No peddling. Experience unnecessary. For sealed particulars send stamp. Household Specialty Co., 73 4th street, Cincinnati, O.

FOR SALE—Farm of 26 acres with stock, crops and tools, near village and depot, 7 miles from Lowell, nearly new building; cuts 12 tons of hay, 1½ acres wood land, 3 cows, 1 horse, 1 wagon, 175 fowls and all the farming tools that go with a farm. Price $2600; easy terms. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street, Lowell.

FOR SALE.—A bargain in a boarding house, 160 boarders, 30 roomers. This is a good chance if you want a boarding house. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

CHILDREN'S SHOES soled and heeled 29c at Cunningham's, Bridge street, Merrimack square, and Palmer street.

FOR SALE—cottage of 6 rooms and pantry near Salem street, sewer connections, good lot of land, price $1800. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

FOR SALE.—In Canaan, N. H., farms of all kinds and all prices, from 5 acres to 500 acres, and prices from $200 to $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street, Courier building.

FOR SALE.—New cottage of 7 rooms, well furnished, good lot of land in Ward 5; Price $1225; $100 down, balance in rent. Fish & Plummer, 135 Central street.

$75.00 PER MONTH easily earned without financial risk by reliable agents with team, at retailing our teas, coffees, standard extracts, baking powder, spices, etc., etc., packed in imported tea pots, ruby, crystal, enameled and engraved agate and glassware, etc., of extensive varieties and value. Address for illustrated circular, terms, etc., Wholesale house, N. E. Distributing Co., 78 Broad street, Boston.

FOR SALE.—In Belvidere, two-story two-tenement house, large lot of land. This place can be bought at a bargain; it is near Alder street. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—A fruit, confectionery, tobacco and cigar store on one of the principal streets in this city. Excellent location, doing a large business. Best of reasons for selling. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED—Rooms to let at 40 Bridge street.

FOR SALE.—In Ward 5, new cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land. Price $1250. $50 down, balance in rent. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE.—Small farm of 8 acres, good buildings and near Lowell. Price $800. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—A 10-acre farm only 2 miles from this city, near school, in an excellent neighborhood, 5 acres of heavy woodland timber, cut 2 tons hay. Good cottage of 6 rooms and pantry; house in best of repair; shed connected with ell. Fine farm, a large bearer. A fine place and cheap at price, $2000. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 5 cents a hundred.

FOR SALE.—A small farm seven miles from Lowell, one-half mile from the depot, near the school, one acre of black berries, one quarter of an acre of strawberries, seventy-five apple trees, twenty pear trees, one and a half acres with three acres of planted. Rare bargain. For further particulars see C. W. Pinkham, 65 Merrimack street. Come quick or you will lose this chance.—200 acres of a farm, with a 20 room house; would make a fine summer boarding house. Cuts 50 tons of hay, plenty of fruit, one and a half miles from the depot, and ($1150) eleven hundred and fifty dollars will capture this place. Inquire of C. W. Pinkham, 65 Merrimack street.

F. L. RICHARDSON,
Real Estate and Business Broker,
56 CENTRAL STREET.

LOOK! LOOK!

In Chelmsford Centre—The best arranged hen farm ever placed on the market, consists of 18 acres of fine land, new house of 7 rooms, bath, hot and cold water, and 3 hen houses measuring over 300 feet in length, wire yards and new houses, fenced by hot water arrangements, good yards, and about a dozen different kinds of small fruit trees. Water from spring supplied by wind mill. This place cost over $6500 two years ago, as we can prove; and now $3500 will buy it. Before purchasing elsewhere call and investigate this bargain. F. L. Richardson, 56 Central St.

To Let—7-room house, near Moore street, $10. Also a nice house with modern arrangements for $12. Apply F. L. Richardson, 56 Central street.

For Sale—A dandy 7-room cottage, 10 rods from mills. Price $1100; terms to suit. Everything in fine shape. Apply F. L. Richardson, 56 Central street.

To Let—2 stores; 17-room boarding house. Apply F. L. Richardson, 56 Central street.

Be Sure and Have Your Engraving Done at
NUDD'S, Room 5, 64 Central St.
Visiting Cards for the Holidays gotten up in Artistic Boxes, and make an Elegant Present. All work guaranteed. Be sure your jeweler has his work done by NUDD.

Great Removal Sale.
We are about to remove to more commodious quarters and find it necessary to close out our present stock of Harnesses of every description. The greatly reduced prices will place our stock within reach of everybody in need of Harnesses. Have leased for a term of years the "Old Brubrock Stand," established in 1837.
J. C. DONOVAN,
57 Market street.

PICTURES AND FRAMES
One Third Less Than Usual Prices.
GEO. E. MAKER,
No. 2 John St., Marble Bank Building.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Monday evening, private class.
Tuesday evening, ball for rent.
Wednesday evening, advanced class and reception 7.30 to 11.
Wednesday afternoon, ladies class 3 to 5.
Thursday evening, advanced class (season tickets only) 8 to 10.30.
Friday evening, beginers class 7.45 to 10.
Friday afternoon, young people (advanced).
Saturday afternoon, children beginners 2 to 2.30.
Saturday afternoon, children advanced 3.30 to 5.
Saturday evening, intermediates 7.45 to 10.30.
Private lessons at any time not occupied by classes. Pupils received at any time. Office open from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m., every day.
Pianist, Mrs. Mary Darling; violinist, Emil Lavignuer; Mr. and Mr. Charles A. Lester, assistants; principal, D. C. Lester, G. M. D., 36 Prescott street. Take elevator.

Lowell Heating and Plumbing Co.
828-836 MIDDLESEX STREET.
Steam Heating, Hot Water Heating, Plumbing and Repairs.
Copper work of every description. First class work. Best material.

JAMES A. CAWLEY, Moore Street
COAL.
Telephone for Summer Prices. All orders promptly delivered. (Late of firm of Cawley Bros

Grand Clearance Sale.

MARK-DOWN PRICES.

Wishing to realize a large amount of Cash this week, we make a grand cut in anticipation of our regular Mark-Down Sale.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

We received a large line of Boucle Cloth Jackets last Friday, which are well worth $13. While they last we are going to sell them at $8.50. Now is the time to buy, as the choicest is at your service. In another week the Styles will be scarce.

We have a fine line of Christmas Presents, which are sensible as well as serviceable. Choose from our Furs, Umbrellas, Mackintoshes, Corsets and Capes. Upstairs from Portieres, Carpet Sweepers, Laces, Rugs, etc.

Remember Mark-Down This Week at

CRITERION FOSTER & CO., Nos. 9-11 MIDDLESEX STREET

BROWN BROS., OPPOSITE MONUMENT SQUARE
Make this Week an Offering of Unusual Bargains in
Ladies' and Children's Underwear.

2 cases Ladies' Fleeced Jersey Vests and Pants, 25c each, cheap at 33c each.
1 case Ladies' Fleeced Jersey Vests and Pants, 38c each, sold elsewhere at 50c each.
50 doz Ladies' heavy fleeced Jersey Vests and Pants, 50 each; a bargain at 65c each.
90 doz Ladies' Merino Vests and Pants, 50c each, worth 69c each.
2 cases Ladies' Scarlet Vests and Pants, 75c each, regular price $1 each.
190 doz Ladies' Scarlet Vests and Pants extra quality, $1 each, former price $1.25 each.
73 doz Ladies' white all-wool Vests and Pants, 75c each.
87 doz Ladies' white all wool Vests and Pants, $1 each, down town price $1.25.
1 case Ladies' Natural Wool Vests and Pants, $1 each.
84 doz Children's Jersey ribbed fleeced Vests and Pants, 25c each, well worth 35c each.
1 case Children's White Merino Vests and Pants all sizes, from 18c to 35c each.
1 case Children's heavy Grey fleeced Vests and Drawers, 38c each; sold all over the city at 50c each.
A full line of Children's Scarlet Underwear at 50c on a dollar.

Remember the Place Is
BROWN -:- BROS.,
Where You will Find the LOWEST OF LOW PRICES.

GREAT STOCK REDUCING SALE
OF
Hosiery and Underwear
This Week at the Bargain Store of Lowell.
YOUNG'S, NO. 111 CENTRAL ST.

Every available space in our store is crowded with tempting Bargains, especially in Underwear and Hosiery, as we want room for the display of our Christmas and New Year's Goods. We offer the following special inducements for this week only:

100 doz Ladies' fast black fleeced Cotton Hose, 10c pair, regular price 12½c pair.
340 doz Ladies' all wool Hose, in black, Oxford mixed or natural colors, only 15c pair, cheap at 20c.
1 case Ladies' black and natural all wool Seamless hose, for this sale 20c pair.
3 cases Ladies' all wool and fleeced lined Hose, now 25c pair, sold elsewhere for 39c pair.
A large assortment of Children's Cotton, All-wool and Cashmere Hose, from 5c to 25c pair.
1 case Gents' all wool seamless Hose, worth 25c pair, now 15c pair.
1 case Gents' extra heavy all wool Hose, all colors, 20c pair, never sold less than 25c pair.
Tam O'Shanters for 25c each, elsewhere 38c
The Largest, Best Selected and Cheapest Line of 25c Wool Hose in Lowell—Underwear for every body, Cheaper Than Ever—Low Tariff Prices Here.
20c Ladies' heavy fleeced Jersey Vests and Pants now 25c each. They have no equal.
42c Ladies' extra quality Merino and heavy Jersey Vests and Pants 38c each. They have no equal.
Ladies Scarlet all wool and Camel's Hair Vests and Pants, 75 cents each well worth $1.00.
Children's Merino Vests and Pants in white and natural colors from 10 to 35c each.
Gent's Shirts and Drawers 25, 38, 40, 42 45, 49, 75, and 98c each.

☞ We are headquarters for Germantown, Spanish, Saxony and Scotch Yarns at wholesale prices. No trouble to show our goods. Bring this ad. with you. Come everybody, come early and avoid the rush. YOUNG'S 111 Central Street.

TEETH
$5 TO $10 A SET.
To our patrons who do not find it convenient to call during the day, please call at noontimes, or Saturday afternoons as our office is not open evenings. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
NO CHARGE FOR EXTRACTING.
Every Set warranted to be the same Teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every Set warranted to fit. Gold Fillings and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth Filled with Gold by Electricity. No Pain. Teeth extracted Without Pain by our new method. 30 years experience. DRS. J. E. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 24, 25, and 32 Runels' Building, Cor. Merrimack and Bridge Sts

AMERICAN HOLLAND SHADES - - - 30c
OPAQUE SHADES - - - - - - - - 50c
DADO SHADES - - - - - - - - - 50c
SCOTCH HOLLAND SHADES - - - 75c
" " " $1.
All of the Above Ready to Hang.
A. L. Kittredge & Co., 208 CENTRAL ST.

Tried and Not Found Wanting.

"Please let me have a bottle of Ellingwood's Cough Balsam; bought a bottle last night for my wife and it did her so much good I want another for a friend." This is what a well known gentleman said at our store yesterday. With testimony like this every day during the winter, how can we help having faith and making strong claims for

ELLINGWOOD'S
COUGH BALSAM

There is no doubt about it. It is the best preparation ever placed on the market for coughs, colds and bronchial affections. Why will you cough when for 25c you can be cured?

Do you wear Lung Protectors? If you do, come in and look at our 50c. one.

ELLINGWOOD & CO.
Merrimack Street, opp. Post Office.

DR. KELLEY, SURGEON DENTIST, 161 CENTRAL ST. opposite the Washington House

JOHN J. COSGROVE,
—DEALER IN—
HAY AND GRAIN
Best Quality at Lowest Prices.
No. 478 Merrimack Street.

OUR HOLIDAY GOODS.

We have a store full of these goods which are a pick of the big New York markets. The odds and ends, new conceits in various forms, and hundreds of articles, all made for giftgiving, can be seen at our store. A lot of Chinese dolls, the same that are in demand in New York, are sold for 25c. Come and look over our stock and make an early selection. No store in the city offers a bigger variety of articles for gifts than can be seen in our establishment.

French & Puffer,
245 Central Street.

JAMES MEEK,
HAY, GRAIN AND POULTRY FOOD
Little Stone Mill foot of Anne St.
LOWEST PRICES. TELEPHONE 2-3

OLD PAPERS, just the thing to put under carpets, 5 cents a hundred at this office.

IT WAS A STARTLING REPORT.

Its Reverberations Arouse the Stupids and Crooks.

The Federal Commissioner's Report Knocks the Pins From Under Lawless Oppressors and Their Subsidized Mouthpieces—Control and Ownership.

"A clap of thunder out of a clear sky," "A blizzard in July," are samples of the expressions heard on every hand during the week following the publication of the federal commission's report on the great railroad strike. Labor unionists and their sympathizers were as much surprised at the report as were the conservative citizens who hold that labor organizations are conspiracies against good order. The men who composed the commission are not, nor has any of them ever been, identified with what is known as the labor movement, and it is but fair to state those in labor's ranks who keep close watch on every movement in which the cause of labor is especially concerned did not expect such an investigation and finding as have been made by the commission. Every well informed person who was not blinded by prejudice knew that the Railway Managers' association was responsible for the disturbances which followed the Pullman strike and that the American Railway union was grossly misrepresented in the daily press, but that a commission appointed by a president who had been the tool of the Managers' association should emphatically take a stand on the side of the A. R. U. and against the managers was not deemed possible. The report of the commission was the greatest surprise of this year of surprises.

Many are the reasons assigned for the report's tenor. Some say it was constructed for political effect; that it is a Democratic document intended to offset the great Republican landslide of Nov. 6; that its purpose is, first, to persuade the workingmen of the country that the Democratic administration is friendly to labor and will fearlessly champion it in opposition to the injustices of monopoly, and, second, to force upon the incoming Republican congress the duty of dealing with the need for positive legislation on the subject of unlawful and unjust conspiracies for the destruction of the rights of American citizens. Others see in the report an announcement that the Democratic party is about to adopt what is already one of the most popular measures advocated by reformers, and one of the planks in the platform of the young political giant, the People's Party. You will understand that I refer to government ownership of the railways of the country. It is generally known that this proposal was favorably considered by some of the Republican leaders right after the election of 1892. It was then decided that the Republican party, which had recently met such tremendous defeat at the polls, would have to adopt some popular reform to once more secure the support of a majority of the voters of the country. But the Democratic administration and congress at once set about removing the necessity for such a move by their deposed opponents, and in less than a year the Republican leaders knew that they would not be put to the necessity of advocating anything for the public good; that their rival had settled it that the campaign of 1894 should be against the party in power instead of for something.

I prefer to believe that the federal commission was influenced solely by the discoveries made in the investigation in arriving at its conclusions. I held to the position all through the great strike that no honest man could know the facts without siding with the workingmen in the controversy. The commission gave weeks to the investigation, and both sides were fully heard. The corporations put forward some of their strongest men, and every trick known to the shrewd lawyer was resorted to for the purpose of influencing the commissioners. It is true that the American Railway union also put its best foot forward, but the report of the commission clearly shows that it was guided by the facts elicited and not by sentiment or buncombe. Notwithstanding this unassailable truth, there are plutocratic newspapers in this country which absolutely refuse to recognize the proof that in their local and editorial columns during July and August they grossly misrepresented the A. R. U.; that they gave currency to the foulest kind of lies about Eugene Debs and his associates. The New York Sun says there is nothing in the report of the commissioners that was not known last summer. This is a clear admission that in its telegraph and editorial columns it has been willfully lying since the 1st of July, for its statements have been exactly the opposite of what the federal commissioners now tell us about the strike, but which The Sun says it knew all the time. The course of the New York Tribune has been on a par in infamy with that of The Sun. Yet there are supposedly intelligent and honest persons who take their opinions from such devilish liars.

It is true that the commissioners' report does not tell us much about the brutality of the Pullman company that we did not already know. The whole world knew while the railway strike was on that a system of tyranny and slavery, resulting in starvation, was and had been for a long time practiced at Pullman, but the "conservative public" could not see the slightest justification for the A. R. U. strike. Let us hope that every man who wants to be considered honest and fair by his neighbors will carefully read the report made by the federal commission. After this phase of the question has been thoroughly digested then let those who wanted the A. R. U. crushed as "a band of desperadoes" read what the commission has to say about the Managers' association and see if they do not find that the railroad barons were and are the breeders of lawlessness. Then take this sentence from the report: "There is no evidence before the commission that the officers of the American Railway union at any time participated in or advised intimidation, violence or destruction of property." The next thing in order will then be an apology to Debs for the mean and hateful things you have said about him.

While I will admit that I was surprised to find the report so emphatic in its declarations, I was not unprepared for the facts the commission discovered. I have known Debs too long and too well to believe that he would deceive me, and I had his account of the whole affair. There is excuse for those who did not enjoy that advantage, but who were compelled to rely upon the ordinary sources of information, but will they admit the wrong done, and, moreover, will they be as anxious to trim the claws of the tiger now that they have found him in the Managers' association instead of in the ranks of the employees? My candid opinion is that they will not. I am grievously disappointed that I must come to such a conclusion, but I made the acquaintance of Public Opinion, Esq., some years ago and have met the fellow quite frequently since. There will be a little burst of indignation over the disclosures made by the federal commission, but it will soon cool off, and the devilishness of the railway managers will be remembered only as being in some way connected with a disturbance of business interests, an interference with commerce. As brutal tyrants in their treatment of the men who toil they will soon be forgotten, and the next time the employees are goaded to a protest against injustice "public opinion" will cry out for soldiers to put down the lawlessness of workingmen.

What are we going to do about it? you ask. What's the use of talking about it? You don't want to do anything sensible and lasting. You had a chance on the 6th of November. How did you use it? You didn't think of it. You were too busy "turning down" the Wilson bill and Grover Cleveland. You are a chump. While the federal commission seems to pronounce against the immediate taking of the railroads by the government, it does so because it fears the people are not ready for such a move, and you can read between the lines that the gentlemen have concluded from their investigation that government ownership is the only sure and permanent remedy. If the common people had voted in their own interests on Nov. 6, and, as I firmly believe, recorded their own convictions, there would have been a pointer furnished to the commission which it would not have been slow to heed. But they didn't do it, and so you're not the only chump. The commission did all its members felt justified in doing when it recommended a permanent commission with powers to enforce decisions in arbitration or conciliation. There is a wide difference of opinion among thinkers and practical men on the subject of compulsory arbitration, and I am not going to discuss the question here.

But I will call attention to something I find in that part of the federal commission's report relating to a permanent commission. It is suggested that such a commission be formed in a manner similar to and be given powers similar to those conferred upon the interstate commerce commission. The interstate commerce commission is practically a failure. All attempts to control railways by commissions must fail because they do not rest upon sound principle. It is an absurdity to attempt to combine two such conflicting elements as private ownership and public control. The records of the courts and the chronicles of the daily press clearly show that it cannot be done, and if it could it would be wrong in principle and not in accord with the spirit of our institutions. Up to a certain point public enterprises which operate under franchises granted by the state may be regulated, but only at great cost and greater annoyance, and when that regulation necessitates the scrutiny by persons not directly and specially interested in the corporation of all its affairs, and makes the decision of a commission binding in every case, then private ownership is a farce. But in no other way can public control be practiced. Therefore I repeat that public control and private ownership cannot coexist. Either let the railroads own the country or the government own the railroads.

JOS. R. BUCHANAN.

Congratulated.

Jackson (meeting Dobson, with whom he was out all night)—Hello, old boy, got home all right?

Dobson—Yes, but my wife wouldn't speak to me.

Jackson—Lucky fellow! Mine did!—Mount Vernon Echoes.

Just as Good.

Traveler (to trainboy)—Got any funny books—Mark Twain or any of the humorists?

Train Boy—No, sir, but I've got a couple of London papers containing comments on the American elections.—Chicago Record.

Prevailing.

Nawvice—I don't quite understand football and couldn't follow the game very well. How can I distinguish the defeated team? I mean, what are their colors?

Freshmanne—Er—black and blue.—Tit-Bits.

GOVERNMENT OF INJUNCTION.

The Governor of Illinois Tells What He Learned of It Last Summer.

A century ago Thomas Jefferson, that farseeing statesman who believed the people were capable of self government, said that the federal judiciary of this country were the sappers and the miners that would steadily and stealthily undermine the foundations of the constitution; would gradually extend their own jurisdiction and absorb to themselves functions of government that did not belong to them. This has been steadily going on until we recently woke up and found that instead of having three departments of government—the executive, the legislative and the judicial—and those of the people's own choosing, there was all at once in full operation entirely new machinery, an entirely new form of government never before witnessed anywhere else upon earth, and that is government by injunctions, whereby a judge, not content with deciding disputes that are brought before him, not content with simply rendering decisions upon questions in litigation between man and man and coming within the jurisdiction of federal courts, at once converts himself into an administrator and undertakes to administer the affairs of the country, and, not content with the law as he finds it, as the legislative branch of the government has given it to him, he proceeds to legislate himself. He issues a ukase against an entire community without notice, practically prohibiting the doing of anything that he sees proper to prohibit, and in case of the disregard of this ukase or this injunction he takes it upon himself to send men to prison, although they may have violated no statute and transgressed no law. Where the law forbids a thing no injunction is necessary. The criminal court is the right tribunal to punish violation.

Injunctions were issued in the federal courts this year forbidding the doing of things which the legislative power had not forbidden, making other things punishable by imprisonment which the legislative power said should be punishable only by fine because they were trifling. Again, they deprived men of the right of trial by jury when the legislative power and the constitution said they were entitled to trial by jury.

During the last summer we had industrial disturbances which were ridiculously exaggerated in the newspapers. They were no greater than similar disturbances had been at Buffalo only about two years before, no greater than riots which occurred in Ohio and not as bloody as numerous riots which have occurred in the state of Pennsylvania. It is true some railroad cars were destroyed by mobs, but this happened in the outlying switching yards on the edge of the prairies at Chicago. The great city itself, far from being in danger, as was maliciously reported, had no knowledge of any trouble except what it got from the newspapers.

The local authorities for a time believed themselves able to control the situation, and when they found they could not they applied to the state for aid, and in a few hours after this application five regiments of state troops went on duty, and in 40 hours after the state troops were put on the ground all attempts at destruction of property ceased, and the rioting was practically over. The machinery created by law to deal with occasions of this kind was found to be ample and effective, and I want to say here that there is no government in the world more able to enforce the law and protect life and property than the government of Illinois. Its people are loyal and devoted, and half a million of men would go forward in a few days if necessary to protect our institutions. In this case all the men who had violated the law were promptly arrested and punished by the proper tribunals.

Hundreds of others who had violated no law were arrested merely upon the complaint of a corporation agent and were dragged, sometimes over 100 miles, away from their homes and their families, in charge of officers, and were thrown into prison like felons and languished there for doing what? For having been guilty of a contempt of court in failing to observe some requirement which that judge had made and which the law had not made. Yes, when they were brought to a hearing, it was found that scores and scores of them had to be discharged because they were not even found guilty of a contempt of court, and many of them found that when set at liberty they had not the means to take them home, all this growing out of the usurpation of the federal judiciary in attempting to perform functions that the constitution did not contemplate that they should perform.—Speech of John P. Altgeld.

General Booth's Scheme.

The real problem of the unemployed is not to provide work, but to make men competent and willing to work. This is what the Salvation Army professes to do at the Hadliegh farm colony, an outcome of the "Darkest England" scheme propounded in 1890. General Booth obtained more than $500,000 from the English people, and of this sum $425,000 has been spent on the purchase of a farm in Essex, on the north bank of the Thames and about six miles from the open sea, and on its proper equipment for the training of some 800 men to be drawn and constantly renewed from the London slums. The farm consists of some 2,800 acres, of which 1,000 acres at certain periods of the tide are under water, much of which is nevertheless useful for grazing purposes. A long creek or bayou of the Thames lies to the south of this estate. Fishing rights in it are let off for the sum of $700 per annum. Three small farms are also let off. The colony managers have the mixed satisfaction of knowing that their settlement has greatly raised the value of land in the neighborhood, as they find when they want to buy portions dividing their estate. The colony has four miles of frontage to good country roads and a water frontage of three miles to the Thames.—London Cor. New York Post.

WATSON BAKERY

Every evening at 5 o'clock Hot Tea Rolls and Cream Bread, also all kinds of Cake and Pastry. Only the best stock used in the manufacture of our goods. Parties supplied at short notice at

Nos. 24 to 30 CHARLES STREET.

Peter Watson, Prop.

FATALLY STABBED.

Italian and His Wife Said to Have Assaulted a Boarder, Who Then Proceeded to Carve His Assailants.

BOSTON, Dec. 10.—A stabbing affray among some Italians at the South End shortly before 7 o'clock last night will probably result fatally in the cases of Guiseppe Olivier and his wife Therese of 18 Genesee street, two of the participants. Their injuries were received from a knife in the hands of Antonio Constantino, a lodger at their house.

The quarrel started over a game of cards, in which a number of Italians were engaged at Olivier's house. Constantin accused Olivier of cheating, and Olivier finally ordered Constantino to leave the house. The latter picked up his belongings and started to go, but was met at the door by Olivier and his wife, who, Constantino says, assaulted him. The man was armed with a club, and the woman carried a heavy wagon spoke for a weapon.

Several boys who were on the street and saw the fight say that it was a general row until Constantino drew a knife and stabbed Olivier in the abdomen. Olivier fell, and his wife immediately rushed upon his assailant with her club. Constantino completed his work by stabbing her in the breast. Constantino was captured after a lively chase. Hospital physicians say Olivier and his wife will die from their wounds.

Chicago Flat Murder Mystery Cleared Up.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—The mystery surrounding the murder of Alfred Barnes, the janitor of the Hiawatha flats, has finally cleared up, and Edward Jordan, the assistant janitor of the flat building, is the confessed murderer. The police succeeded in getting from Annie Mahoney, the woman with whom Barnes had been at one time intimate, an admission that the crime had been committed by Jordan. She repeated her confession in the presence of Jordan, and he acknowledged that it was correct.

Holmes Secreted Bottle.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Dec. 10.—Chief of Police Dumas received a letter from detectives in Philadelphia, asking him to search the house occupied by Mrs. Pitzel, while she was here with H. H. Holmes, for a bottle of nitro-glycerine which Holmes had secreted. A bottle containing a half-pint of dark liquid was found beneath the false floor of a potato bin. It was buried in the outskirts of the city and the Philadelphia authorities notified.

Will Not Come to Trial.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Dec. 10.—It is announced that the now famous Gladys Hodgdon case has been settled, and that it will not come up for trial next Saturday. The settlement was arranged by the lawyers for the parties concerned after the session of the police court Saturday.

Ives Won the Match.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—The six nights' billiard tournament between Schaefer and Ives was won by Ives without difficulty, and for his trophy carried off the stakes of $200 a side, and the net receipts, about $1800 more. At no stage of the contest was Schaefer ahead.

No Change In Politics.

LEWISTON, Me., Dec. 10.—The controlling interest in the Lewiston Daily Sun has been purchased by George S. H. McDowell of Portland, who is treasurer and general manager of the new company. The policy of the paper will remain Democratic.

Vented Their Spite.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—The arrangements for the bicycle races yesterday at the Velodrome d'Hiver displeased the spectators, and they demolished the track and the grand stand.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Redbank Cotton mills, Lexington county, S. C., were burned.

The business portion of Mt. Stewart, P. E. I., was destroyed by fire.

There is a gratifying improvement in the receipts of the treasury.

Representative Patterson failed to get a vote on the anti-pooling bill.

Clever diamond swindlers and safe crackers were arrested in Montreal.

Senator Manderson is suggested as a Republican vice presidential candidate.

Swindling operations of bogus lumber companies were exposed in New York city.

Ambassador Pauncefote and his wife and daughter have returned to Washington.

Governor Flower of New York commuted the sentence of Murderer Henry Miles.

Secretary Carlisle is confident that a financial bill will pass the house before the recess.

The Democrats of Keene, N. H., have renominated H. B. Viall for mayor. He has served two terms.

John Supple fell into the hold of a steamer at Boston and fractured his skull, dying in a short time.

An alleged pool room was raided at Fall River, Mass. Three men were arrested and $1461 seized.

The Baptist society of Livermore Falls, Me., has extended a call to Rev. Francis H. Davis of Foxboro, Mass.

Ferdinand de Lesseps' body will be taken to Paris on the 13th., and his funeral will be on the 15th.

The Central Labor union of Brockton, Mass., decided to invite John Burns, M. P., to visit that city and speak.

Charles McLaughlin of Boston went home intoxicated, and died shortly afterward from the excessive use of alcohol.

The fishing schooner A. E. Gifford, Captain Arthur Diggins, of Gloucester, Mass., has put in at Portland, Me., leaking.

The expected outbreak at Franklin Falls, N. H., at the advent of Evangelist Rush, with an A. P. A. escort, failed to materialize.

At New Castle, Pa., the Shenango glass works sustained a loss of about $100,000 by fire. Three hundred men are idle as a result of the fire.

Political Economy - -

Is not in it with domestic economy. Start at the bottom, which is your feet.

WILLIAM WADE

Knocks out theory by practical illustrations in economy. Here are some:

200 Pairs MEN'S BUCKLE ARCTICS . 75c
200 Pairs LADIES' RUBBER BOOTS . . $1.00
75 Pairs BOY'S RUBBER BOOTS . . $1.25
200 Pairs MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S RUBBERS 20c
75 Pairs LADIES' STORM RUBBERS . . 35c
200 Pairs MEN'S RUBBERS . . . 49c
300 Pairs LADIES' CLOVE GRAIN BUTTON BOOTS . . . 75c., worth $1.25
150 Pairs YOUTH'S AND BOY'S HEAVY LACE SHOES . . . 75c, worth $1.00
100 Pairs LADIES' HAND-MADE FELT SLIPPERS, our own make, . . . 35c

We will not further describe, but invite you to call at WM. WADE'S,

23 MERRIMACK STREET.

☞ Two doors below the Post Office.

HOW TO KEEP A BATH ROOM.

Keep Disease Away From This Much Used Room.

In the first place, a sponge is by no means a fit article to use in taking a bath. It is the plumber's best friend, and those who value perfection in their plumbing have none of it.

The sponge, especially after it has been used a short time, is continually shedding little particles of itself. These lodge in the pipes, and in many cases attach themselves to little rough places on the inside.

A good huck towel, with a comfortably wide hem, securely stitched on the sewing machine so that no linty edges are exposed, is quite as agreeable to many people as a sponge. In all bathrooms there should be kept standing a suitable vessel with a quantity of disinfectant. This should be poured through all the pipes and allowed to remain long enough to do its work. Many persons object to potash, and those will find copperas or a strong solution of sal soda the next best means of keeping up to an improved sanitary standard. Hot water, judiciously used, is a good thing, but to have this perfectly safe the plumbing must be good, else the joints, by long continued heat, may become slightly softened. Much of the solder that is used melts at a very low temperature and cannot be trusted to hold a long continued stream of water that is at boiling point.

The bathroom should have an outside window and fresh air wherever it is possible to admit it. In summer a slatted or Venetian blind should be provided so that the window may remain open, except in case of storm. Few things are more disagreeable than a stuffy bathroom, one where the odors of sewer gas and soggy, decaying wood are evident. To avoid this there must be no leaks in the pipes or faucets, and the joints must be carefully looked after.

How to Stop the Creaking of Shoes.

Creaking shoes are an intolerable nuisance, yet with some shoes it is almost impossible to prevent it. For such pour a small quantity of linseed or sweet oil upon a flat surface, like a platter, and allow the soles of the shoes to stand in the oil overnight. In that way they will not only lose the squeak, but will become saturated with the oil, making them proof against dampness. Another cure may be effected by taking them to a cobbler and having one or two pegs driven into the center of the soles.

How to Move a House.

An American engineer tells how to move great brick edifices any distance without injury or danger, having once moved a hotel in Chicago after raising it 15 feet on new bricks. This moving did not even arrest business in the office of the hotel, as it only moved a foot an hour.

"In preparing a house for removal the earth is first all dug away from the foundation, and colossal balks of oak about a couple of feet thick are slipped underneath after some of the bricks have been removed, and then rollers are put underneath the timber. If the house is at all rocky, it is bound up with hoop iron, and sometimes I have to take out the brick interior walls and rig up lighter ones. Lath and plaster are all right. The bricks naturally strain a bit, and in consequence of this the doors and windows are left open, and all the heavy furniture is removed.

"The whole concern is hitched up to half a dozen sound wire cables and drawn along by a capstan over wooden planks well greased with soft soap to reduce the friction, and, as a rule, it moves about a foot an hour. The rollers, beams—everything is left under the domicile when it reaches its destination and is bricked in out of sight. I once shifted a house of mine more than 20 miles without taking it to pieces. It was a summer house, and I put it on a cart. But, seriously, 50 or 100 feet is the average."

How to Make Claret Punch.

Mix thoroughly claret and old whisky in the proportion of half a gallon of the former to a pint of the latter. Sweeten to taste by mixing the sugar with a little water before it comes in contact with the alcohol. Chop a fresh pineapple into small pieces and put juice and all into the punch. Set the mixture on the ice for at least three hours before using. Serve a portion of the pineapple with each glass.

How to Make Breaded Fish.

Take a half pint of dried bread crumbs, 1½ teaspoonfuls of salt, a sixth of a teaspoonful of pepper, an egg, 3 pounds of any kind of fish, fat for frying. Have the fish free from skin and bones and cut it into pieces. Season it with the salt and pepper. Beat the egg in a soup plate and dip the fish in it, one piece at a time, getting every part covered with the egg; then roll in the crumbs and lay on a plate. Have enough fat in the frying kettle to float the fish. When it becomes so hot that blue smoke rises from the center, put in the fish and cook for five minutes. Drain on brown paper and serve very hot. Tartar sauce is particularly good to serve with breaded fish.

William L. Wilson goes out of the house, and Steve Elkins dons the toga of a senator. West Virginia, too, is redeemed. The Goths are before the capitol.—St. Louis Republic.

Needs Shortening

So do all cooks; and the puzzle for every one of them has been how to avoid sodden pastry. The problem has now been solved by the NEW VEGETABLE SHORTENING

Cottolene

which makes light, crisp, wholesome and easily digested pastry. The most famous cooks in the country say so, and you will also after a fair trial. Make it now.

Sold in 3 and 5 lb. pails by all grocers.

Be sure you get the genuine.

Made only by The N. K. Fairbank Company, CHICAGO.

224 State St., Boston, Portland, Me.

INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS in 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases, Failing Memory, Parasis, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., causedby pastsinnes, gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and quickly but surely restores Lost Manhood in old or young. Easily carried in vest pocket. Price $1.00 a package. Six for $5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't fall an imitation, but insist on having INDAPO. If your druggist has not got it, we will send it prepaid. Oriental Medical Co., Props., Chicago, Ill., or our agents. SOLD by Ellingwood & Co., Cor. Central & Merrimack Sts., and Carleton & Hovey, 98 Merrimack Street, LOWELL, MASS., and leading druggists elsewhere.

SKATES AND SLEDS.

Callahan & Sanborn

RUNELS' BUILDING,

Merrimack Square, Cor. Bridge Sts.

Farrell & Conaton

248 DUTTON ST.,

Practical Plumbers AND Sanitary Engineers.

Also Steam, Gas and Water Fitters. We also carry a large line of Gas Fixtures at lowest price.

WHY, $4.00.

We are still overstocked on the "BEST MINNESOTA HAXALL" FLOUR, and shall continue to sell it a few days longer at old Prices.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

415 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL, MASS.

DISEASES ARISING FROM

ZYMOTIC

Influences are readily removed and perfect health restored by the liberal use of

Heffernan's Rock, Rye and Honey.

BY THE CASE OR BOTTLE.

The Golden Sheaf

55 Middle Street, Parker's Block, near Palmer St. Telephone 452-3. Open 6.30

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by John McManus to John J. Donovan and William J. Coughlin, dated the twenty-first day of December, A. D. 1891, and recorded with Middlesex North District Registry of Deeds, book 229, page 469, and by said John J. Donovan and William J. Coughlin assigned to the Lowell Trust company by deed of assignment dated December, A. D. 1891, and recorded in said registry, book 220, page 470, and for breach of the conditions contained in said mortgage deed, the Lowell Trust company will sell at public auction, on the premises, on Wednesday the twenty-sixth day of December, A. D., 1894, at three o'clock in the afternoon all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed; being a certain piece of land with buildings thereon, situate in said Lowell on the westerly side of a lane or passageway, extending southerly from Pine street and bounded and described as follows: to wit:—Beginning at a stake at the northeasterly corner of the premises and at the southeasterly corner of land of John Sayers and at a point in the centre of said lane or passageway distant about two hundred and thirty-five feet from land of Robert Johnson, thence running southerly through the centre of said lane on land of one Hanadu and land of one Stevens two hundred feet more or less to a stake at other land of John Sayers; thence westerly on said last mentioned land two hundred and sixty feet to land now or formerly of one Gaudette; thence northerly on said last mentioned land bounded by a stone wall two hundred feet to a stake at the southwesterly corner of other land of said John Sayers and at the northwesterly corner of premises, thence easterly on last mentioned land about two hundred and eighty-five feet to the point of beginning, containing fifty-four thousand five hundred square feet more or less.

Terms cash down at time of sale.

LOWELL TRUST COMPANY,
Assignee of said Mortgage.

LOWELL, Dec. 3d, 1894.

LOWELL

Trunk Manufactory

An elephant cannot get along without his trunk, and you will find that you will have almost as much difficulty to get along without a trunk as the elephant—that is if you are roaming out, and like everything else the BEST is the CHEAPEST always, and the best in quality and lowest in price to be found is at

70-72 Middlesex St.

Old Wooden Building.

P. F. Devine, Prop.

N. B.—Repairing is a specialty with us. Work first-class, and low prices is our business motto. Old trunks taken as part payment for new ones.

NEVERUB.

The Perfect Cleanser. Makes water soft; not an acid. Will remove Grease, and Dirt without injuring the finest fabric. The agent will be at our store, Dec. 3 to 8, to explain its merits. All are invited.

THE BOSTON BRANCH GROCERY

Old No. 199 Middlesex St. New No. 455.

Opp. Northern Depot. Telephone 374-3, Brass Signs.

CALEB L. SMITH.....Proprietor

What?

The "VICTOR" Boiler is for Heating.

The "WELSBACH" Burner is for Lighting.

-THE-

H. R. Barker M'f'g Co.

OLD JACK FROST

Is a nightly visitor, and with each visit he gets bolder. The best way to keep him out is by putting on

DOUBLE WINDOWS.

Order Windows of

J. H. HOWARD,

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Cor. Market & Shattuck Sts.

NOTRE DAME ACADEMY,

LOWELL, MASS.

Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies

ESTABLISHED 1852 --- CHARTERED 1865.

This school continues the careful training and thorough instruction in every department for which it has hitherto been so favorably known. For particulars address: The Superior.

LOWELL AGENCY FOR

FRANK JONES' ALE.

-AND THE-

Celebrated Anheuser Busch Beer.

The Trade and Families Supplied at Lowest Prices.

Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to.

JOHN LENNON,

NO. 302 MARKET Street.

TELEPHONE—No. 38-2.

$100. FINE SQUARE PIANO. Four round corners, seven octaves, carved legs, in fine condition. $10 down and $6 a month, at

GARDNER'S

Music Store,

45 PRESCOTT ST., LOWELL, MASS.

WM. E. LIVINGSTON,

DEALER IN

Coal, Wood, Lime,

CEMENT, SAND, GRAVEL, HAIR, KAOLIN, PLASTER, BRICKS, FERTILIZERS, Straw, Hay Grain, Flour &c., &c.

NO. 15 THORNDIKE STREET,

Branch office, 40 Merrimack street,—Calderwood's cigar store.

G. W. Harrington & Bro.,

Manufacturers of the Finest Carbonated Soda Beverages in the City. The choicest line of

Lager and Stock Ales

In the city. Family Trade a Specialty. Order by Telephone 548-4.

CORNER WINTER AND DAVIS STS

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO.

Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding, Blank Book Specialty

42 CHURCH STREET.

WM. F. COURTNEY,

13 and 15 Masonic Block

Attorney at Law.

Lowell Opera House

Monday and Tuesday, DEC. 10 and 11.

Complete Scenic Production of the Romantic Tennessee Comedy,

Coon Hollow.

SEE The Wonderful Bursting Dam and Flood. The Famous Steamboat Race. The Working Cotton Press. The Thrilling Bagtary Scene. The Jolly Plantation Frolic

Two Carloads of Scenery.

A Company of 30 People.

Prices, $1, 75, 50, 35, 25c. Seats on sale Friday at 10 o'clock.

Wednesday, Dec. 12th,

The Favorite Comedian,

GEO. W. WILSON,

For many years Boston's most popular actor, now making his farewell tour previous to succeeding Mr. Denman Thompson as Joshua Whitcomb in "The Old Homestead," presenting the great comic play,

THE - CUV'NOR.

The great laughing success of London, New York and Boston. Mr. Wilson in his wonderful creation of The Deaf Old Boat Builder, as played by him over five hundred times. "Yer 'and, Guv'nor; yer 'and." An excellent company in support.

Prices $1, 75, 50, 35, 25c. Seats on sale Monday.

Friday and Saturday Evenings, Dec. 14 and 15, and Saturday Matinee.

Specially Selected Company, under the Management of CHAS. FROHMAN, in

Sydney Grundy's Powerful "Sex Against Sex" Drama.

SOWING THE WIND.

Direct from its brilliant Boston run. "He who fails to see it does himself an unpardonable injury."—Boston Transcript.

Music - Hall.

Thomas & Watson, Lessees and Managers.

Week Commencing Monday, Dec. 10.

The Charming Comedienne,

Pauline - Parker,

In the Beautiful Comedy Drama, Entitled

"Wild Rose"

And her own admirable company of players, including the favorite comedians,

Richard & Thomson.

Prices, 10, 20, 30c. Secure Seats now.

M. W. MILLER,

House and Fresco Painter and Paper Hanger, 65 WILLIE STREET.

Wall Papers supplied at wholesale prices. Get my prices before going elsewhere.

NEW LUMBER YARD.

No. 255 HILDRETH STREET.

Best Quality. Lowest Prices. Cedar Posts a Specialty.

P. V. Allen & Co.,

Telephone 568-5.

DRS. CUFF & CONSTANTINEAU

Surgeon Dentists

Rooms 5, 6, 7 8, Bon Marche Build'g, 159 Merrimack Street.

MULLIN & WINSLOW,

Dealers in

COAL

At Summer Prices

1018 Gorham Street.

Telephone 21-6.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

OFFICE

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle.

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Spragne, Jacob Rogers, Alex. G. Cumback, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS,

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First-class Gas Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

JOHN W. McEVOY,

137 Central St., Opp. American House

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

A NICE OFFICE, suitable for doctor or dentist, to let in The SUN building. Rent very low.

SUN WEATHER BULLETIN.

ALMANAC FOR MONDAY, DEC. 10.

SUN RISES	7 01	MOON SETS	4 55 AM
SUN SETS	4 13	HIGH WATER	8 45 AM
LENGTH OF DAY	9 00	FULL SEA	9 30 PM

Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Local snows; northeast winds.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Local rain or snow, followed by fair; northeast winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

Yesterday was a very winterish day.

The Letter Carriers' ball will be held in February.

There will be a church wedding in the near future.

Mary Emerson has been granted a widow's pension.

Slowly the drift of business is towards the new post office.

Special Officer Drury killed six worthless horses Saturday.

The new Tremont & Suffolk storehouse will be seven stories in height.

For 22 years the Moody street bridge project has been before the city council.

A bazaar in aid of the Sacred Heart church will be held the last week of this month.

Supt. Collins will be a candidate without opposition for re-election by the overseers of the poor.

The Grocers' association will investigate as to the cause of the failure of reporting the hawker ordinance.

A better water supply at the Edson cemetery will be asked of the water board by the trustees next spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Cumnock of New York spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Cumnock.

Mr. John O'Brien, alias Quinn, held in Boston for shooting a man, and who says he belongs in Lowell, is not known here to the police.

Moir Bros. & Co.'s Christmas department is an interesting place to spend a day in and get an idea of what to give for a present. See advertisement.

What to give for a Christmas present, the question so many are asking is answered by O'Donnell & Gilbride in a way that will interest all classes.

In making up your mind what to buy your children or friends for presents keep in mind that a set of drafting instruments, a box of artist's colors or an artist's outfit would make an acceptable present. These and many more can be found at A. L. Kittredge & Co.'s, 23 Central street.

Democrats vote early.

Day Nursery Gets $500.

Samuel A. Chase, treasurer of the Central Savings bank, as executor of the estate of the late Dwight L. Dimock, has notified the Day Nursery association of a bequest of $500 made by the will of Mr. Dimock.

Rehearsing a Drama

The Lowell Dramatic club held its first rehearsal for A Celebrated Case yesterday afternoon. This drama will be presented at the Opera house Jan. 17. The cast includes Messrs. M. J. Mahoney, T. J. Kennedy, D. S. O'Brien, T. H. Muldoon, Jas. McCarthy, Misses Sadie Mack, Marie Smaller, Mary Harrihan.

Vote the whole democratic ticket because by cutting a democrat you want defeated, you may defeat one you want to see elected.

Arrested for Alleged Theft.

Edward Partlow was arrested on Cambridge street last night by Detectives Laflamme and Allen for breaking and entering Brown's sweater manufactory on Plain street some time ago. Partlow was one of three burglars. The other two were sentenced. He fled to Fitchburg, stole a bicycle there, got four months in jail and has just returned to Lowell.

Polls open at 6 a. m. Vote before going to work.

QUESTION OF LICENSE.

Letter in Favor of a License Vote and Some Strong Reasons Given.

Messrs. Editors: So little has been said with reference to the license question during the present campaign, that there is a possibility that many voters may neglect to vote on that very important question at the election tomorrow. It is a matter of such importance to every citizen that it should not suffer from apathy or indifference. Lowell should vote yes on the license question for many reasons.

First, because such a vote is in the interest of temperance. Under the efficient supervision of the present commission and the police the sale of intoxicating liquor is carried on in such a way that whatever evil attends it is reduced to a minimum. The city's lamentable experience in 1890 is too recent to require any reminder of the sad results following a no vote. The falling off in the arrests for drunkenness of over 700 in the present year compared with 1893, indicates that the tendency of the law as now enforced is toward sobriety and a better state of morals in the community.

Second, because by the choice of a good commission the license question has been taken out of politics, and the unpleasant contest in the board of aldermen for licenses has been removed. The citizens of Lowell have confidence in the license commission, and are satisfied that the distribution of licenses will hereafter be governed wholly by fitness. They will not by a no vote refuse to allow the commission to administer the law.

Third, because a vote for license means a large and very important revenue for the city. It is foolish to say that this makes the city a partner in crime. The business is sanctioned by law and, conducted legally, is legitimate. Under an inoperative no vote, the business will go on just the same, but illegally, and the city will lose a very large sum, which tax payers are in no mood to dispense with at this time.

Fourth, because a vote for license means business and prosperity for the city as a whole. With the opening of cheap communication with Lawrence, if this city should refuse license, Lawrence will profit immensely, not simply in the sale of liquor but of general merchandise as well. This is a point which does not need to be argued to any merchant or owner of real estate. Whatever may be thought in regard to license, it is an established fact that where it exists and the law is obeyed as it is in Lowell today, business in all lines prospers, while on the other hand stagnation is the rule under no-license or the illegitimate sale.

These are only a few of the reasons which might be given in favor of a yes vote. Every citizen, therefore, who is sincerely in favor of the moral, well being and business prosperity of Lowell will vote yes next Tuesday on the license question.

TEMPERANCE.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

If nervous, try Old Hundred cigar.

Wall paper at 18 Church street.

T. C. Lee, Fire Insurance, Donovan Bl'dg.

Musical instruments at Downing's 182 Middlesex street.

Charles H. Kohlrausch, Jr., of North Billerica is recovering from his recent illness.

E. A. Wilson, coal dealer, is selling coal at lowest cash prices; call at 51 Merrimack street.

Patten & Co. have the finest potted and cut flowers in the city, Shedd's block, Central street.

At the Swedish Lutheran church last evening services were held in honor of the 300th anniversary of Gustave Adolphus.

Ladies on the lookout for mark down prices, will certainly find something to their benefit in the Criterion ad on page 2.

A true, life-like photo is something everybody admires. Marion makes that kind. Visit his studio in Barristers' hall and have a sitting made.

Miss Mamie Davis of Carolin's Court observed the thirteenth anniversary of her birth Saturday, and entertained a party of friends in honor of the occasion.

For useful Christmas presents call at Cambridge's, the well known stationer in the Merrimack house block. Their goods are new and novel and prices are low.

If you wish to be sent for to vote, leave notice at Democratic headquarters.

£ Xmas Remittance £.

For Christmas drafts payable in Ireland, England, Scotland and all over Europe. Call at Murphy's steamship agency, 18 Appleton street; English sovereigns bought and sold.

The Millerites have captured the republican party and would not have a liberal republican in any office. Who wants an A. P. A. ring in charge of the city government?

Ready For Christmas.

The great display of meats and vegetables at the Union market would tempt the appetite of almost anybody. This market has a reputation for having the finest quality of goods to be obtained in the city and their prices are always the lowest, to be found. When you want to save money trade with the Union markket.

Here's a Personal Pointer.

There is no one in our opinion who will find fault with a saving of from 20 to 40 per cent. in purchasing dry goods. If you want such a chance as this go to Brown Bros.' store, corner of Merrimack and Dutton streets. They have a list of bargains which cannot fail to interest you, if only in goods needed every day.

Polls open at 6 a. m. Vote before going to work.

Attempt to Break the Strike.

It is said the Messrs. Faulkner whose employes are on strike will make an effort to break up the strike by offering to those who held any authority, their old wages if they will return to work. By this they expect to break the ranks and look for a rush to the mills on the part of the help. The leaders of the strikers appeal to the men to stand firm.

Harry Bartlett's Promotion.

Mr. Harry Bartlett, elder son of C. E. A. Bartlett of North Chelmsford, and who married Miss Alice Moulton of this city, has been appointed superintendent of the B. & M. motive power, coming here from the Pennsylvania road, where he has been assistant superintendent. His many Lowell friends will be pleased to hear of his good fortune.

Baptized In Prison.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Dec. 10.—Daniel H. Robertson, who is to hang next Friday for the murder of his wife, Mary, was yesterday baptized at the house of correction in this city. After being baptized Robertson received communion. He seems resigned to his fate, although in the past he has seemed to feel as if an injustice had been done him.

Mexico's Boundary Dispute.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The Mexican legation has received no news concerning the alleged conflicts between Mexican and Guatemalan troops, arising out of a boundary dispute. Pending discussion, no troops, Minister Romero says, have been sent to the disputed territory, which is almost entirely uninhabited.

Will Benefit Merchants.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—Necessary arrangements are to be provided for securing to merchants in the cities authorized to make up pouches for foreign points the advantage of forwarding foreign mail by the latest train that connects with the steamers at New York city. The arrangements will take effect Jan. 1.

American Beef and Pork.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—Ambassador Runyon has renewed his representations at the foreign office as to the discrimination against American canned pork. Freiherr von Marschall's reply was unfavorable. He held out no hope that the decrees against American canned goods, cattle and fresh meats would be recalled.

A Dangerous Spot.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Dec. 10.—A movement is on foot to secure a lifesaving station at the island of Nashawena, where many vessels have been wrecked of late years. It is a particularly dangerous place, the south side of the island being called "The Graveyard." If a vessel strikes there she is doomed.

One Confessed.

PORTSMOUTH, Tex., Dec. 10.—Sam Evans was arrested at Corsicana yesterday, and acknowledged that he was one of the men who robbed the Texas and Pacific train at Mary's Creek last Thursday night. Two other men whom Evans implicated were arrested.

Of Course!

ROME, Dec. 10.—Mayor Prince Ruspoli arrived here from New York yesterday. In an interview he passed several flattering comments upon the prodigious activity of Americans.

Doesn't Like Demonstrations.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—It is reported that the emperor has suggested a special measure to prevent the recurrence of socialist demonstrations in the reichstag.

Louis Alexander,

Importer and tailor, 65 Central street, is a first class practical cutter of long experience in fine New York houses. Is up with the times and guarantees satisfaction. Fall importations now ready.

Horses With Records.

Working horses as well as driving horses receive the strictest attention at Merrimack stable, 178 Merrimack street. Board $4 per week. Horses stabled for the winter.

Holiday Goods.

Before you buy your holiday goods call in and look over our big stock of dolls, toys, dinner and elegant glassware. Our prices are very low. Dickson Bros., 68 Merrimack street.

CONGRESSIONAL

Plans for Debate in Both Branches.

NEW TREATY WITH JAPAN IS RATIFIED.

No Lack of Concessions Made to Uncle Sam.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10. — The second week of the session in the house promises to witness a fierce struggle over the income tax in connection with the appropriation to be incorporated in the urgency deficiency bill to provide for the collection of the tax, which begins Jan. 1, 1895.

Mr. Sayers, chairman of the appropriation committee, intends to call up the bill tomorrow, after the railroad pooling bill is disposed of. Mr. Bartlett of New York is at the head of the opposition to the appropriation, and although the opposition is not considered strong enough to defeat the appropriation, it is expected that the debate will abound with acrimonious reference to the late election, and that much bad blood will be manifested.

The consideration of the income tax appropriation may consume several days. Today is District of Columbia day, and tomorrow the fate of the pooling bill will be decided, as Mr. Patterson of Tennessee, in charge of the measure, has given notice that at 3 o'clock he will demand the previous question. The general opinion is that the bill will not pass as reported, but will probably be carried when amended so as to give to the interstate commerce commission absolute control of the conditions of railroad pooling and final authority in the matter of revoking pooling orders.

As soon as the urgency deficiency bill, which will follow, is out of the way, it is the intention of the appropriation committee to bring forward the fortification appropriation bill. The Nicaragua canal bill will not be brought up this week. Thursday, according to notice already served, Mr. Brown, chairman of the elections committee, will call up the North Carolina contested election case of Williams vs. Settle.

The Week's Program In the Senate

will depend largely on the decision of the Democratic steering committee with reference to the order in which bills preferred by the Democratic caucus are to be taken up.

It is not supposed by any one that the proposed currency bill will be given first place, for the reason that no currency bill has yet been formulated. The friends of the other bills will unquestionably press their respective measures, and it is as yet impossible to say which of the bills mentioned will receive the preference.

While the committee is undecided, Senator Morgan will be improving his opportunity to press the claims of the Nicaragua bill. He gave notice of his intention to call the bill up today, and he opened the proceedings of the day, after the disposal of the morning business, with a speech devoted to an explanation of the merits of the bill. This speech will consume the greater part of the day. The speech made, the decision of the committee will probably be allowed to control as to whether the canal bill shall continue to receive attention or shall be displaced by one of the favored measures.

Our Treaty With Japan.

The full text of the new treaty between the United States and Japan is the main subject of comment in diplomatic and official circles. It was scanned with great interest yesterday, as it gave the first exact details of the instrument by which the United States formally recognizes Japan as a first-class power in the sisterhood of nations.

The treaty shows how fully the United States has accorded Japan the recognition she has now as an enlightened, modern nation. All previous treaties have been based on the theory that the relics of Eastern barbarism still remained with Japan. Accordingly she was not allowed to conduct her own courts, or to make her own tariff laws, but special treaty regulations were made to protect American litigants and American commerce in Japan on the presumption that the native laws would not afford adequate protection.

Running throughout the new treaty are the concessions recognizing her courts and laws as ample for Americans as well as natives. This is the chief feature of the treaty. The old consular courts, in which United States consuls tried cases at Japanese treaty ports, are abandoned. Instead of them, all cases, civil and criminal, in which an American is concerned, will be tried by the native courts.

The right of Japan to make her own tariff laws is also recognized. Heretofore the United States has been free to make such tariff laws as she saw fit affecting Japan, but the latter was forbidden by treaty from fixing duties above 5 per cent ad valorem.

The protocol of the new treaty recognizes the general statutory laws of Japan concerning the tariff, and articles 4 and 5 give her for the first time the "favored nation clause," by which she is guaranteed against any higher duties than those the United States imposes on other countries. The abolition of the foreign settlements and their absorption by the native cantons of Japan is another recognition of her advanced municipal organization.

Advantages to Americans.

On the other hand, the United States secures many substantial advantages. The missionaries, who make up such a very large class in Japan, are guaranteed freedom of worship and protection in that worship.

The main concession, however, is that of article 2, by which Japan is opened up to American commerce. Heretofore, Americans have been restricted to a few treaty ports of Japan. They could not reside or carry on business, or even travel in the interior.

Now, however, every corner of the country is opened to Americans. They can establish business and manufactures, lease lands, etc. It is the opening of the heart of Japan, hitherto inaccessible to American enterprise and commerce. In giving the Japanese a similar right to settle throughout the United States, care has been taken to provide that their coming must be subject to our alien labor and immigration laws.

The provision of the treaty that it must be ratified within six months makes it incumbent for the senate to act on it at the present session or the treaty will fail. There is every probability, however, that the senate will act promptly. Minister Kurino has forwarded a copy of the treaty to his government, where it will be considered and ratified by the privy council of Japan.

Preparing to Resist the Japs.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 10.—The new viceroy of Nankin is changing officials. He is strengthening the river entrances with mines and torpedoes, and has appointed a new admiral to command the Nan-Yang squadron. It is supposed that he expects the Japanese to make an attack on the place during the winter.

KING GUSTAVUS ADOLPHUS.

HIS NAME REVERED BY THE SWEDISH PEOPLE.

Services in Stockholm in Honor of the 300th Anniversary of His Birth Were Pompous and Elaborate.

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 10.—The 300th anniversary of the birth of Gustavus Adolphus, the great Swedish king, who died on the battlefield of Lustzen, Nov. 6, 1632, was celebrated here with a pomp and splendor which made it one of the greatest festivals ever held in this capital.

The celebration commenced Saturday morning, when the public school children gathered in their respective schools, and then march to the various state churches, each child carrying a small Swedish flag. Later in the day memorial festivals were held in all the high colleges, and in the evening there were three celebrations on an immense scale, arranged by the Swedish Patriotic society, in three of the largest banquet halls in Stockholm.

Speeches were made by men famous in the service of their country, and patriotic music was performed by the various bands of the crack regiments. In addition, memorial services were held in some of the churches.

Patriotic and religious hymns were rung on all the chimes in the city yesterday. The regimental bands also played similar music.

King Oscar Among the Worshippers.

In the Riddarholm church, the burial place of Gustavus Adolphus, Charles XII and other Swedish kings, where, usually, no divine services are held, services took place at 11 o'clock in the morning, and were attended by King Oscar, the royal princes, the representatives of the German emperor and other deputations from Germany, the diplomatic corps, the aldermen of Stockholm and numerous delegations.

After the religious ceremonies a number of magnificent wreaths were placed on the tomb of Gustavus Adolphus. A guard of honor that was drawn up around the church fired a salute, which was answered by the cannon of the Skeppsholmen battery.

A few hours later a memorial service was held in the German church. The sermon was preached in the German language, by Professor Fricke, president of the Gustavus Adolphus society of Germany. The king, the representatives of Emperor William and all the delegations from Germany attended.

At 4 p. m. a torchlight procession marched through the principal streets of this city, the torchbearers consisting of all the troops of the Stockholm garrison. While passing the Gustavus Adolphus monument, which was splendidly decorated with flags and banners and illuminated by thousands of electric lights, the standard bearers and all the troops saluted.

A Scene of Splendor.

All the buildings in the vicinity of the royal castle and Gustavus Adolphus square were illuminated. The scene was a magnificent one, the blue waters of Lake Maelar and the Baltic reflecting the innumerable illuminations.

The statue of Axel Oxenstierna, the great chancellor of Gustavus Adolphus, who conducted the 30 years' war after the king was dead, was most gorgeously illuminated. The cost of this work was borne by the Swedish nobility.

A few hours later another torchlight procession, made up of the various clubs and societies of the capital, marched through the streets to the royal castle, where a choir, consisting of 650 voices, sang patriotic airs.

Still later in the evening, King Oscar gave a banquet at the castle, to which about 100 persons were invited. Gala performances representing scenes from the life of Gustavus Adolphus were given both at the opera house and the theaters.

The many poor people were royally remembered by gifts of clothing and food. The day was celebrated in an appropriate manner throughout Sweden.

All Protestant Germany celebrated the 300th anniversary of the birth of Gustavus Adolphus, the King of Sweden, who, in 1630, took his army to Germany to help the Protestants in their struggle with the Catholic league.

Must Get Rid of Wines.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—A statue of M. Plancon, who first advocated the introduction into France of American vines to combat the phylloxera, was unveiled yesterday at Montpelier. M. Vigar, the minister of agriculture, made a speech, in which he guardedly intimated that it was possible there would be a relaxation of the present policy, with a view to finding a market abroad for the overstocked French wine growers.

A Tariff Straw.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—Frank H. Mason, consul general of the United States at Frankfort-on-the-Main, reports that the exports to America from his consular district for October and November showed an increase of 20 per cent over the value of the goods exported during the corresponding months of 1893.

Earthquakes and Floods.

ROME, Dec. 10. — A torrent of rain flooded the houses in Reggio, which recently sustained great damage by earthquakes, Saturday evening and early yesterday morning. There was a sharp shock which caused a panic.

Steamers Delayed by Storms.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—A violent southeast gale prevails along the Irish coast. Several steamers were compelled to seek refuge in Queenstown harbor. A number of small craft were swamped and wharves were damaged.

Krupp's Contribution.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—Herr Krupp has given 5000 marks for the construction of a Protestant church at Essen, where the Krupp gun works are situated. Essen is the center of a large Catholic population.

He Contributed $400,000.

MARSEILLES, Dec. 10.—Stephen Zaphheropoulo is dead. He was the celebrated Greek grain merchant who sent the national defense government a gift of over $400,000 during the war of 1870.

A Lynching In Prospect.

RICHMOND, Ky., Dec. 10.—The assassination of David Doty, at his farm, near this city, is a leading topic for discussion. Two bloodhounds were taken to the place where the crime was committed. They trailed to the cabin of Abraham, Tom and Bill Taylor. This was fair evidence, the authorities believing the proper parties had been arrested. They were right in their belief, for Bill Taylor confessed. Taylor's confession is sufficient for Doty's friends, and they are here in large numbers to swing Taylor before daybreak.

Portland Wants Cash.

PORTLAND, Me., Dec. 10.—City Treasurer Libby has been empowered to find the standing of the Portland and Ogdensburg railroad stocks in metropolitan markets. The city took a large share of this stock at the time the road was built, and it now proposes to dispose of it to the highest bidders. The proceeds will be issued to pay the city bonds which come due in February.

A PERFECT FIT.

"Hey, Nellie, how big is de bird?"

"Cut off its neck an' legs, an' allow for wot it'd lose in de cookin', an it'd fit yer stummik like a glove."—Life.

RIOT IN A CHURCH.

Edifice Badly Damaged by a Mob Who Wanted to Get Hold of a Man Who Had Been Reformed.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10. — The Mission of Bethesda church, which is maintained by the Moody institute, was the scene of a riot yesterday afternoon. Bricks, stones and clubs crashed through the windows, doing considerable damage. One person was hurt.

The usual services were being conducted by Pastor Newell when they were interrupted by a roar of voices from a large crowd outside. "Bull" Goldstein was a listener to the pastor's exhortation, and his name was heard above the chorus of voices which greeted the worshippers.

A storm of jeers and shouts was followed by a shower of missles, which shattered the windows and put the congregation in an uproar.

Mr. Nowell hastened outside and tried to quiet the mob, but was compelled to beat a retreat. A second volley of stones and bricks came through the windows, and one of the congregation, a young man, was struck on the side of the head by a piece of glass and seriously injured.

As the mob seemed determined to wreck the building in its effort to get Goldstein, who was formerly one of them, Mr. Newell sent word to the police, who dispersed the mob.

Sultan Is Worrying.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 10.—The sultan has not acquiesced in the mission of Consul Jewett, who was selected by President Cleveland to inquire into and report upon the Turkish outrages in Armenia. The sultan appears to fear the effect of an independent report to the Washington government. The porte is completely alive to the gravity of the situation, and seems to fear either a collective note from the powers or an agreement between Russia and Great Britain for a Russian occupation of Armenia. Altogether there is need of much diplomatic skill to extricate Turkey from the difficult situation in which she finds herself.

The Fenian Scare.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—The Morning, commenting upon the statement that detectives are guarding Messrs. Asquith, Harcourt and Morley, and the alleged revival of Fenianism, records the visit to England of a well-known Irish-American extremist under an alias, who, while he was in this city, visited three men who were active in the Fenian movement. He was shadowed by detectives throughout his sojourn here. The Scotland Yard authorities are fully alive to all revived Fenian movements and threats of Irish-American organs.

Afraid We Are Getting Ahead.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—The Temps, commenting on what is describes as America's new departure in its foreign policy, says that the feverish anxiety that America has displayed in the far East is doubtless explained by the fact that the Chinese-Japanese war directly affects numerous American interests, but what about the dispatch of a commissioner to Armenia? This is a small beginning, perhaps, but it is a grave indication fraught with the serious consequence that America may become the seventh European power.

Wholesale Indictments.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Dec. 10.—The grand jury here has found 52 indictments against various ex-county officials and members and ex-members of the board of supervisors. It is alleged that the defendants during a period of four years conspired together so successfully that the county has been robbed of nearly $200,000. The report of the jury was a surprise to every one, and has produced a sensation.

Cashier Has Skipped.

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 10.—A. Whipple, cashier of the Crawford county bank, has absconded, and the bank is closed. He has had several government contracts at Fort Robinson and Omaha. Payment on one check for $2500, and others made to him by the government of the United States depository at Omaha, have been stopped.

Port au Prince's Big Fire.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10. — Steamer Prinz Wilhelm III brings the news of a big fire that broke out at Port au Prince on Nov. 30 in the poorer quarter of the city. More than 100 dwelling houses were destroyed. No lives were lost, however. The flames started in a dwelling, where lighted candles had been left on an altar.

Got In the Train's Way.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—While waiting at the Lyons depot of the Burlington road, a party of young people were struck by a train, one young lady being killed outright, her brother perhaps fatally injured and another brother narrowly escaping death.

Lost Her Propeller.

SAVANNAH, Dec. 10. — The steamship Julio, from Charleston for Barcelona, with cotton, was towed into Savannah by the steamship Hindustan, with her shaft broken. The Julio had drifted around at sea for five days, having lost her propeller.

Train Struck Carriage.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Dec. 10.—A train struck a carriage containing John Burrows and Miss A. Campbell. Both will probably die. The carriage was wrecked and the horse killed outright.

I LIKE MY WIFE TO Use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder because it improves her looks and is as fragrant as violets.

SILVER AND IMMIGRATION.

Will Occupy a Large Portion of the Time of the Federation Convention—Outline of the Probable Program.

DENVER, Dec. 10.—The convention of the American Federation of Labor opened at 10 o'clock today. It is probable that a resolution favoring the free coinage of silver will meet with very little opposition. On the question of immigration views will probably be in the shape of a resolution asking congress to limit all immigration to this country for a number of years.

The principal business to come before the delegates will be the adoption of a platform. As a basis for such a matter the following program, adopted by the trades assemblies of Great Britain, has been recommended for consideration:

"Compulsory education; direct legislation; a legal work day; sanitary construction of workshops, mines and home; liabilities of employer for injury to health of body and of life; the abolition of the sweating system; the municipal ownership of street cars and gas and electric plants for public use; the nationalization of telegraph; the principle of referendum in all legislation."

With the exception of the clause referring to the government ownership of railways, telegraphs and telephones, this platform will probably be favorably received and adopted without discussion. This clause, in itself, is considered by many workmen to make too much of socialism and is likely to cause no little opposition.

The auditing committee is inspecting the accounts of the Federation. From what they learned, they reported the finances in splendid condition.

Landed In an Asylum.

BANGOR, Me., Dec. 10.—Frank M. Beers of Bangor was taken to the insane asylum at Augusta Saturday. Beers is 23 years old. He went to New York last week and proclaimed himself as the leader of American society. He announced that it was the proper caper to appear at 7 a. m., wearing a bunch of lilies of the valley; at 8 a. m. with a bouquet of violets, while at 10 o'clock he blazed forth in a half bushel of carnations and a 50-cent cigar. He got a good start, but owing to lack of funds he was about to strike out on a new line when he was captured and brought back to Bangor.

DR. BRETON

The eminent Specialist, will be glad to see all his former patrons and any who desire his services at

44 Central Street

Office Hours—1 to 8 p. m. Sundays and Holiday by appointment only.

Christmas Goods

Pictures, Albums, Plush Goods, Games, Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Pocket-books, Bibles and Prayer Books and all the latest novelties.

CAMBRIDGE'S,

MERRIMACK HOUSE BL'K.

The Gov. Winthrop Ranges

Excell all others for Baking and their Heating Stoves are the greatest economizers on Fuel. The celebrated Stoves may be seen at M. O'Flaherty's at 79-81 Market Street. He also does all kinds of Piping and Plumbing, and all kinds of Tinsmithing. Give us a call at

79 to 81 MARKET STREET

FALL MILLINERY.

Miss Sarah Cahill.

New Store, New Goods, New Ideas, and in fact the Latest in Millinery, at the beautiful new store at

113 CORHAM STREET.

Just above the new Post Office. The display of Novelties is quite remarkable. You are cordially invited to call. Be sure and inquire for our prices.

MISS SARAH CAHILL, 113 Gorham Street.

When in Need of Real Fine

MILLINERY

Call at the New Store of

ABBIE M. SMITH

Where the most complete assortment of Novelties and Exquisite Trimmings may be found. All New Goods.

175 Merrimack St., Welles' Block.

MRS. M. E. DUDLEY, Assistant.

Fine Mourning a Specialty.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Blew Out the Gas.

BOSTON, Dec. 10.—Two unknown men, who had engaged a room at the Hotel Eastern Saturday night, were yesterday found overcome by gas. One was dead and the other was unconscious. Both men were under the influence of liquor when they retired, and they blew out the gas.

For Bantam Honors.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—After Jimmy Barry has finished his fight in New Orleans next week, he will be challenged by Casper Leon to fight for the championship of the world, the men to weigh 105 pounds at 3 o'clock on the day of the fight.

Caught In Heavy Gales.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Dec. 10. — Two schooners have been driven ashore on Green Bay. They are fish laden and will become a total wreck. A bark was seen off Cape Race in a wrecked condition. It is supposed she is trying to make this port. She has probably been dismasted during some of the recent gales. Vessels arriving here report severe weather on the Atlantic.

New Newspaper For Berlin.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—A new journal, to be called The Berliner Correspondenz, will shortly appear. It will replace The North German Gazette as a government organ.

MOIR BROS. & CO.,

119, 121 and 123 MERRIMACK ST.

DECEMBER 10th, AND ONLY THIRTEEN MORE BUYING DAYS TO

C-H-R-I-S-T-M-A-S.

THE time is short for you to make your selection of Christmas Gifts. Our store is filled from top to bottom with suitable gifts for the Christmas season. Your opportunity to get "first choice" from our elegant and complete assortment of Novelties in Toy Dolls, Books, Games, Hankkerchiefs, Mufflers, Gloves, Jewelry, Silver and Aluminum Novelties, Pocket Books and Leather Goods, Celluloid Boxes of all kinds, Celluloid and Satin Novelty Handkerchiefs and Glove Sachets, Christmas Cards, Christmas and New Year Cards and Booklets. In fact, our whole stock is teeming with the latest and newest Novelties at prices that cannot fail to please. Read our Specials for this week:

Handkerchiefs and Mufflers.

Our line embraces the latest novelties in embroidered and initial handkerchiefs.
Initial Handkerchiefs, 5, 10, 12½, 15, 25c.
Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 9, 12½, 19, 25, 49, 69c.
Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 5, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 19, 25, 49c.
Silk Mufflers in cream and black, always sold at $1, our price 69c.

Kid Gloves and Mittens.

Children's Wool Lined Kid Mittens and Gloves, at 49, 75, 98c. per pair.
Boys' Scotch Frilled Gloves, and Wool lined Kid Gloves, 49, 69c, per pair.
Men's Wool Lined Kid Gloves, at 49, 75, 98, $1.25, $1.48, $1.97 per pair.

Pocket-Books and Leather Goods.

Solid Leather Writing Tablets in black, brown and lizard, with pen and ink, at 49, 75, 98, $1.25, $1.49 each; they are well worth one third more than we ask.
Leather Purses, millions of them to select from, at 5, 10, 15, 25, 49, 69, 75c.
Men's Leather Wallets, at 25, 49, 75, 98c., $1.25, $1.48, $1.97, $2.48 each. The grandest assortment outside of Boston that was ever shown.

Perfumeries and Toilet Articles.

Colgates' Perfumes, 13 odors, always 50c, 29c. ounce.
Louis Mangenets' Perfumes, the strongest French perfumes, all odors 25c. per ounce; Druggists price 43c.
Druggist Martin's Antiseptic Tooth Powder 15c. a bottle, 2 for 25c.
Large bottle best Sachet Powder for 10c.
Hood's Tooth Powder 12 1-2c. bottle.
The "Red Seal" vaseline, 5c. bottle.
729 cakes cream complexion "Buttermilk Soap" 5c. cake.
Swans-Down Face Powder, 10c. box.
Colgates' Cashmere Bouquet Soap, 10c. cake.
Large bottle pure extract Witch Hazel (Hamamelis) 15c. bottle.

Jewelry and Silver Novelties.

Silver Photo Frames, in thirty-two styles, at 25 and 49c. each.
Silver Perpetual Calendars, 39c.
Silver Pen Wipers, 25c.
Aluminum Salts and Peppers, 25c.
Silver Stamp Boxes, 15c.
Silver "Pool" Trays, Longfellow, Tennyson, Burns, Holmes, Lowell, etc., 25c. each.
Silver Mugs, Silver Tablets, Silver Toothpick Holders, Silver Pocket Combs, Silver Ash Trays, Silver Pin and Collar Button Boxes.
Silver Mirrors, etc., at lowest prices.
1000 Celluloid Picture Frames, with hand painted decorations, worth 10c., your pick 5c. each.

O'Donnell & Gilbride.

WHAT CAN I GIVE FOR A CHRISTMAS PRESENT.

This query will be heard many times in the next ten days. Our answer is to visit our store and you will find gathered a vast variety of the products of art and manufacture among which can be seen many pretty things peculiarly fitted and most acceptable as Christmas presents.

Dress Patterns for Christmas.

On our Dress Goods counter will be found many things specially selected and offered in attractive form for Christmas gifts. Particular attention is called to our Novelty Dress Patterns which we are offering at $7.00 each.

Blankets and Linens for Christmas.

In these departments will be found useful Christmas presents. All the year round reminders of the donors, a remarkable bargain which we are offering is 75 pairs of fine Wool Blankets, 11-4 size, at $3.98 a pair.

Pretty Pieces of Furniture for Christmas.

The very atmosphere of our furniture department is charged with the inspiration of the great holidays in bewildering variety will be found. Ladies' Writing Desks, Book Cases, Fancy Chairs and Tables, Jardiniere Stands, Music and Parlor Cabinets, and thousands of articles which old and young must see to appreciate.

Best Stock of Books in Lowell to Select From.

Here in our book department are the world's best thoughts in every conceivable style of the book maker's art at the lowest prices ever quoted. Attention is particularly directed to our stock of Children's Books from 5c to 30 cents each.

Bric-a-Brac, China, Lamps

Are desirable Christmas gifts. Our great Basement Department is bristling with seasonable and appropriate gifts; it's no use trying to tell you of them. Come in and see for yourself.

Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs for Xmas Gifts.

We are offering for Holiday trades this year one of the largest, best selected and lowest priced stock of Handkerchiefs to be found in New England. We have but one admonition to offer, our patrons. Come early, both for your profit and convenience. The selection will be broader and better this week than next and the delay and annoyance incident to crowds will be less.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE.

Importers and Retailers of Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, Woodenware.

Merrimack Palmer and Middle Sts.